

TİCARET VE SANAYİ A.Ş.

43rd ORDINARY GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING

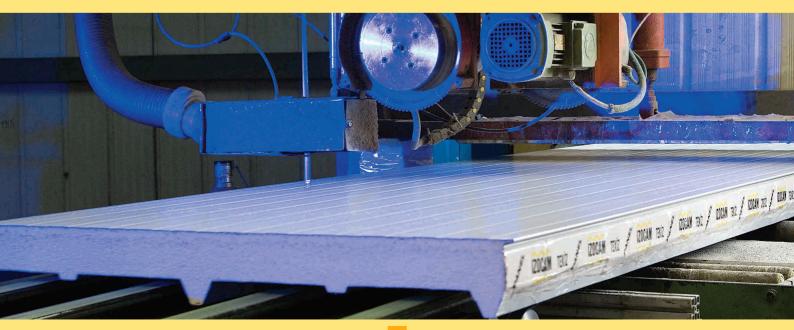
Registered Capital: 60.000.000.- YTL (Sixty million New Turkish Lira)

Issued Capital:
24.534.143,35 YTL
(Twentyfour million
five hundred thirtyfourthousand
one hundred fortythree
New Turkish Lira
thirtyfive New Turkish Kuruş)

The annual report of 43rd Ordinary General Assembly Meeting held on Thursday, 20th March 2008 at 11:00 hours in Dedeman Oteli, Esentepe - Istanbul.

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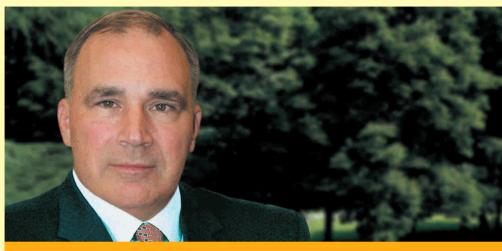
MEETING AGENDA

- 1. Opening and election of the Presidential Board.
- 2. Reading and discussing the Board of Directors Report, Auditor Report, and the Independent Audit Report of Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AS (KPMG) pertaining to the activities and accounts of the year 2007; approval, or approval upon amendment or disapproval of the proposal of the Board of Directors pertaining to Balance Sheet and Income Table of the year 2007,
- 3. Approval of the changes made to the Board of Directors memberships as per Article 315 of the Turkish Commercial Code.
- 4. Release of the members of the Board of Directors and auditors pertaining to their activities in the year 2007,
- 5. Distribution of the dividends of the year 2007 and approval, approval upon amendment or disapproval of the proposed date for distribution,
- 6. Informing the shareholders pertaining to dividend distribution policy of our Company in accordance with the Corporate Governance Principles



- 7. Re-election or changing and determination of the duty periods of the Board Members whose duty periods have expired, and determination of number of Board Members,
- 8. Re-election or changing of the auditors, whose duty periods have expired,
- 9. Determination of remuneration to be paid to the Chairman and Board members and auditors,
- 10. Informing the General Assembly pertaining to donations made to foundations and associations for social aid purposes in the year 2007,
- 11. Authorization of the Board members as per Articles 334 and 335 of the Turkish Commercial Code in order to enable them to perform activities that fall within the scope of the Company's business on their behalf or on behalf of third parties and to become shareholders to companies which perform such activities
- 12. Execution of the minutes of the General Assembly meeting by the Presidential Board and authorization thereof,
- 13. Wishes

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



KENT DOUGLAS JENSEN • Chairman of the Board



PATRICK MATHIEU • Vice Chairman of the Board



OLIVIER MICHEL LLUANSI • Member



ALAIN RENE DAVID • Member







Chairman of the Board Claude Alain Tardy resigned whereupon David Crespi was appointed to vacated Board membership on December 14, 2007.





Ahmet Sezer Engin and Umüt Ak were appointed for the March 26, 2007 – March 20, 2008 period.

INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL CONTROL ENTITY

2007 accounts were audited by Akis Bagimsiz Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müsavirlik AS (KPMG).

PRESENTED TO 43rd ORDINARY GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF IZOCAM TICARET VE SANAYI A.Ş. HELD ON 20th MARCH 2008

ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Our esteemed Shareholders.

You are all welcome to our Ordinary General assembly convened to review and conclude on the results of the activities performed by our Company in the year 2007. We thank you very much for your kind interest and greet you with all the respect.

In this 43rd Ordinary General Assembly meeting, we would like to inform you about our 2007 activities and present relevant financial statements to your examination and approval.

AMENDMENTS ON ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Articles of Association of the company remained unchanged in 2007.

CAPITAL

Authorized capital ceiling and issued capital of our Company are YTL 60 million and YTL 24.534.143,35, respectively. Issued capital of the Company remained unchanged in 2007.

At the Extraordinary General Assembly meeting held on October 8, 2007, Izocam Izolasyon Ticaret A.S. (Izocam Insulation Trade Inc.), who acquired our shares in 2006 from the Koc Group and has become our major shareholder, amended Articles 2, 3, 7, 28 and 30 of its Articles of Association. Such amendments have been registered on October 15, 2207 by the Istanbul Trade Registry Office and announced in the Turkish Trade Registry Journal no 6918 dated October 18, 2007.

According to the amendments in the Articles of Association, the trade name of our major shareholder has become Izocam Holding Incorporation.

In 2007, the value of our stocks, quoted at the Istanbul Stock Exchange, increased by 32,8% on average, compared to the previous year. In the same year, the ISE 100 index was increased by 23,8% on average.

Dividends paid in last three years are as follows:

35, 00 % over the paid-up capital in 2005

45, 00 % over the paid-up capital in 2006

183,42 % over the paid-up capital in 2007

OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY IN THE SECTOR

Our Company has been preserving the choice place it holds in the insulation industry sector since its very establishment and even improves the sector with new products added into its products portfolio.

Glasswool and stonewool which occupy an important place in its product portfolio and known as "mineral wool" are manufactured in various types, forms and compositions and widely used in industrial and agricultural facilities, power investments and housing sector as heat and noise insulation material.

Expanded and Extruded Polystyrene is another product group manufactured by the Company. These products are widely used particularly in wet and cold type insulation applications and as packaging material.

In our Tekiz Panel Production Plant in Istanbul Dudullu Organized Industrial Zone are being manufactured roof and facade panels (insulated and uninsulated) as well as sectioning walls and false ceiling products.

Elastomeric rubber manufactured in Eskişehir is used primarily in insulation of pipes, tanks, and similar cold installations.





INVESTMENTS

Pursuant to the Board of Directors' resolution, the expanding and modernisation investments in Tarsus Fiberglas and Gebze Rock Wool plants, commenced in 2006, were completed in March and April 2007, whereupon the production of commercial articles have initiated. With these investments, mineral wool production capacity increased totally by 92% and reached 115.000 ton/year, where the production was 55.000 ton/year for fibreglass and 60.000 ton/year for rock wool. The cost of said investments amounted to 22,8 million €, in compliance with the budget.

Various investments have been made within the year to increase the Capacity, productivity and quality of our existing plants.

You can find below the value of our tangible fixed assets by the year-end in comparison with the previous year's figures.

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

(Calculated in accordance with the communiqués of Capital Market Board)

YTL	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Cost		
Lands	715.231	715.231
Infrastructures and Superstructures	4.413.106	3.615.396
Buildings	30.764.217	28.845.966
Plants, Machinery and Equipment	165.043.196	135.115.998
Vehicles	-	72.932
Fixtures, Special Costs	7.435.021	8.635.974
Investments in Progress	2.326.205	17.738.186
Advances given	232.747	8.679.726
	210.929.723	203.419.409

TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

YTL	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Accumulated Depreciation		
Infrastructures and Superstructures	2.197.480	2.101.419
Buildings	16.572.737	15.613.047
Plants, Machinery and Equipment	109.318.365	108.209.901
Vehicles	-	72.932
Fixtures	6.651.172	7.962.685
	134.739.754	133.959.984
Net book value	76.189.969	69.459.425

SECURITIES ISSUED

There are no securities issued.

FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS

(Calculated in accordance with the communiqués of Capital Market Board)

There are no financial fixed assets.

CHANGES IN PRODUCTION

Production volumes and capacity utilization ratios by the products in 2007 as follows:

(In comparison with 2006 data)	Capacity Utiliz	ation Ratio(%)	Produ	uction
(In comparison with 2006 data)	2007	2006	2007	2006
Glasswool (Ton)	86	100	38.147	30.221
Stonewool (Ton)	74	96	38.646	28.640
Panel products (000 m2)	67	62	1.454	1.214
Extruded Polystyrene (m3)	91	97	274.576	292.012
Expanded Polystyrene (Ton)	30	29	973	942
Elastomeric Rubber (Ton)	100	94	1.266	1.132

In 2007, growth in the GNP was realised as 5,5%, while the construction industry, which we are acting in, grew by around 14% and affected the GNP's growth performance.

Market narrowing which prevailed after the general elections in the second half of 2007 and the mortgage crisis, emerged in the United States of America and affected other developed markets, has influenced Türkiye as well and resulted in negative effects on our industry.

In 2007, valuable YTL policy enhanced competitive edge for the imported goods, export activities did not yield any profit, leading to erosion of the working capital.

Compared to previous year, our sales in insulation market have been increased by 11% in domestic market and by 23% in international markets, in terms of quantity, resulting in total increase of 14%. Export earnings increased by 28% over the pervious year's figure and reached US\$ 40 million.

Sales results of our Company in 2007 are given below in comparison with the 2006 figures.

(Calculated in accord	NET SALES lance with the communiqués of Cap	ital Market Board)
	2007	2006
Local	216.407.431	195.218.954
Exported	52.230.916	47.697.714
Other	88.123	83.184
Total Gross Sales	268.726.470	242.999.852
Discounts and Returns	15.635.840	13.064.146
Net Sales	253.090.630	229.935.706

YIELD AND PRODUCTIVITY

Productivity of the Company has increased in glasswool, plastic and panel products and decreased in stonewool paralleled with the increase and decrease in capacity utilization ratios and labour hours used.

Output reduction in fibreglass and rock wool products resulted from low time yields during the commissioning terms of capacity and modernisation investments.

Yield coefficient data are provided in the table below:

	YIELD COEFFICIENT %	
	2007	2006
Glasswool	90	92
Stonewool	81	93
Panel	67	58
Extruded Polystyrene	85	85
Elastomeric Rubber	83	81

INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

The explanations on our balance sheet dated 31.12.2007 and notes to balance sheet items prepared by the external auditing firm in accordance with the Communiqués of Capital Market Board are presented in Annex 1 for your consideration. Furthermore, income statement of the Company issued for the year 2007 is presented in Annex 2 with notes for your review.

Funds accumulated in 2007 are allocated to investments, interest and principal amount payments of long-term investment loans, increased operating capital, tax and dividend payments and short-term securities purchasings (Table of Changes in Equity Capital is presented in Annex 3 and Cash Flow Statement in Annex 4).

MISCELLANEOUS

Our Company is the license of Saint Gobain ISOVER of France and has been manufacturing GLASSWOOL using the TEL process since 1967 and STONEWOOL using the SILLIAN process since 1993 under the license of Saint Gobain ISOVER G+H of Germany. Furthermore, FOAMBOARD production is performed using HYDROVAC process in our EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE plant under the OWENS CORNING (USA) license since 1995.

A license agreement is entered into with ARMACELL GmbH of Germany for production of ELASTOMERIC RUBBER in the year 2000.

Our Company is the member of European Insulation Material Manufacturers Association ("EURIMA") and European Extruded Polystyrene Insulation Sheet Manufacturers Association ("EXIBA")

The Tekiz plant is a member of European Sheet Coating Association ("ECCA") and Panama International Sandwich Panel Manufacturers Association.

Our production processes are controlled permanently in the laboratories established within our production plants. Results obtained from production tests are evaluated for continuous improvement of relevant processes.

Our products are produced at our premises, equipped with the Certificates for Quality management System, Environmental Management System and Occupational Health & Safety Management System in compliance with ISO 9001:2000, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 standards.

In 2002, our Gebze and Tarsus Premises were transformed into integrated structure for the purpose of ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 standards. Rubber Foam Plant and Polyethylene Plant, located in Eskişehir, are holders of ISO 9001 and OHSAS 18001 Certificates. At the audit carried out in 2007 by Bureau Veritas, Eskisehir Polyethylene Plant, as well, has been included into the scope of ISO 9001 and OHSAS 18001. In 2005, Tekiz Plant was audited by Bureau Veritas, and consequently it was granted ISO 9001:2000 Quality Management Certificate and thus included in our quality management system.

As result of audits to be carried out during 2008 by Bureau Veritas, Eskişehir Rubber Foam and Polyethylene Plants will be included in ISO 14001 and Tekiz Plant in ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001.

The Company was granted on 11 April 2003 the European Conformity ("CE") Certificates which the insulation material manufactured in the European Community bear as of May 2003 for glasswool and stonewool products for free circulation in the member states. In 2007, EPS products were certificated and the branding right has been vested.

The Company has obtained certification for the new products developed with 60 minutes flame retarding properties used in curtain and deck construction by the Ship Industry namely Marine Firebatt 140 and Floating Floor which are launched in the ship insulation market.

Our Company is not obliged to acquire its own shares as per relevant provisions of Article 329 of Turkish Commercial Code. Our Company has donated YTL 3.509,96 to various foundations and similar social institution in 2007.

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES

Arif Nuri Bulut, The General Manager of the Company has started his career in İzocam in 1981, worked in several managerial positions, become the Assistant General Manager (Technical) in the 1996-2002 period and appointed as the General Manager on 01.04.2002

Hasan Basri Eröktem, the Assistant General Manager (Financial-Administrative) of the Company has started his career in İzocam in 1977, worked in several managerial positions and appointed as the Assistant General Manager in 1993.

Fatih Öktem, the Assistant General Manager (Marketing) of the Company has started his career in İzocam in 1986, worked in several managerial positions and appointed as the Assistant General Manager in 1997.

Names and titles of the Company's managers are listed below.

NAME - SURNAME	TITLE
ADİE MUDİ DULUT	OFNEDAL MANAGED
ARIF NURI BULUT	GENERAL MANAGER
HASAN BASRİ ERÖKTEM	ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, FINANCIAL-ADMINISTRATIVE
FATİH ÖKTEM	ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, MARKETING
DORUK ÖZCAN	CORPORATE ACCOUNTING MANAGER
ÖNER TORUN	BUDGET AND FINANCING MANAGER
NEJDET AVCI	DATA SYSTEM MANAGER
NABİ AKPINAROĞLU	PRODUCTION PLANNING AND LOGISTICS MANAGER
KUBİLAY ÖZKAN	ENGINEERING MANAGER
KEMAL GANİ BAYRAKTAR	TECHNICAL MARKETING MANAGER
VUSLAT GÖKÇE	HUMAN RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS MANAGER
AHMET DEMİRTAŞ	EXPORT MANAGER
SERDAR SALBAŞ	1st REGION SALES MANAGER
BÜLENT YILDIZ	2nd REGION SALES MANAGER
MUSTAFA RÜŞTÜ UZ	3rd REGION SALES MANAGER
NİHAT KÖŞGER	4th REGION SALES MANAGER

GEBZE STONEWOOL, STYROPHORE AND FOAMBOARD PRODUCTION PLANT

ÖMER MEHMET ARUN **OPERATION MANAGER (STONEWOOL)** MEHMET BEZZAZOĞLU **OPERATION MANAGER (PLASTICS)** ALİ RIZA ÖZKAN STONEWOOL PRODUCTION MANAGER

GÖKHAN SERİN QUALITY ASSURANCE MANAGER

EŞREF BİNGÖL **R&D MANAGER**

TARSUS GLASWOOL PRODUCTION PLANT

KORAY MAHMUT TEMUÇİN **OPERATION MANAGER**

TIMUR ARAS ACCOUNTING AND ADMIN, AFFAIRS MANAGER

TFFİK YII DIZ PRODUCTION MANAGER

RAMAZAN TOK MAINTENANCE AND AUXILIARY FACILITIES MANAGER

SÜKRÜ SAKARYA PRODUCTION TEAM CHIEF

ÜMRANIYE TEKIZ PANEL PRODUCTION PLANT

BÜLENT TOPÇU OPERATION MANAGER

HAKAN İMREN HUMAN RESOURCES AND ADMINISTRATION RELATIONS TEAM CHIEF

İBRAHİM ERYILMAZ ACCOUNTING TEAM LEADER

ESKİŞEHİR RUBBER AND POLYETYLENE PRODUCTION PLANT

ENGIN AK PRODUCTION MANAGER

Severance pay liability payable as of 31.12.2007 and calculated in accordance with the Capital Market Board Communiqués amounts YTL 141.380,- which is included in long-term debts item of the balance sheet.

Our Company effects generally accepted salary supplements to its employees and personnel. No union member personnel is employed.

There is no indemnity or tax fines arisen from tortuous acts in 2007.

Our Company suffers no material dispute with any third person, either legal or private.

PROFIT DISTRIBUTION PROPOSAL AND CONCLUSION

As set out in the financial statements and notes to financial statements, issued as of December 31, 2007 pursuant the Capital Market Board's Communiqué under Serial: XI number 25, net profit of our Company has been declared as YTL 51.691.160,- in our income statement. Out of this total, YTL 44.200.000,- in cash, over the capital amounting to YTL 24.534.143,35 paid to the shareholders as per the Turkish Commercial Code, Capital Market Board and our Articles of Association, will be distributed as dividend, YTL 4.297.329,28 allocated as 2. legal reserves, and additionally YTL 3.193.830,72 will be transferred to extraordinary reserves,

Therefore to pay a gross=net cash dividend of YTL 1.80157 per each share certificate with YTL 1,00 par value to the full taxpayer entity and to narrow taxpayer entity partners which gain profit shares through a workplace or a resident representative in Turkey which correspond to 180,15% and to pay a gross cash dividend of YTL 1.80157 and a net cash dividend of YTL 1.5313 to other shareholders per each share certificate with YTL 1,00 par value which corresponds to gross 180,15% and net 153,13% and to have the distribution process commenced on 25th March 2008.

I would like to greet you all on behalf of the Board of Directors with the hope to attain successful results in the years to come as has been the case up to date and to thank all our employees and executives for their valuable efforts in achieving our corporate targets.

The Chairman

Mumm

KENT DOUGLAS JENSEN



IZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYI A.Ş. AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

Results of the audits conducted by us in connection with the 2007 accounting year of the company are presented below to your consideration.

- 1. 2007 has become a successful year for the Company which performed its activities in accordance with the Capital Market Act and relevant legislation.
- 2. It has been seen that all the books and records set forth in Turkish Commercial Code and relevant legislation are kept and certifying documents are maintained properly and in full compliance with the said Act.
- 3. In our opinion, the financial statements issued in accordance with the Tax Procedures Law as well as those issued as of 31.12.2007 in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles published by the Capital Market Board reflect the actual financial situation of the Company on the said date and results of its activities performed in the same period correctly and truly.
- 4. It has been seen that decision on the Company's management are entered into the resolution book duly kept.

As a result, we present the report issued by the Board of Directors and the financial statements prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Capital Market Board as well as the Board's proposal on distribution of the profit to your consideration and approval.

Istanbul, 28th February 2008

Best Regards

Istanbul, 28th February 2008

ÜMÜT AK

AHMET SEZER ENGIN

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Şirketi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of İzocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Şirketi ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2007, and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting standards of Capital Market Board of Turkey. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards promulgated by Capital Market Board of Turkey. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The corresponding figures presented are based on financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2006, which were audited by another auditor whose report dated 22 February 2007, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2007, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting standards of Capital Market Board of Turkey (please refer to Note 2).

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in Note 2.1, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey and IFRS.

İstanbul, 28 February 2008

Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ

Ruşen Fikret Selamet, Partner İstanbul, Türkiye



ARİF NURİ BULUT General Manager

FATİH ÖKTEM Assistant General Manager, Marketing

HASAN BASRİ ERÖKTEM Assistant General Manager, Financial - Administrative IZOCAM TICARET VE SANAYI ANONIM ŞİRKETİ
CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND NOTES AT 31 DECEMBER 2007

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2007

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

ASSETS	Note	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Current Assets		119,971,097	134,649,804
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	34,578,198	55,752,338
Marketable Securities (net)	5		
Accounts Receivable (net)	7	63,755,545	52,631,019
Finance Lease Receivables (net)	8		
Due from Related Parties (net)	9	117,274	516,351
Other Receivables (net)	10	12,310	13,194
Biological Assets (net)	11		
Inventory (net)	12	21,161,107	23,070,256
Due from Customers for Contract Work	(net) 13		
Deferred Tax Assets	14		
Other Current Assets	15	346,663	2,666,646
Non-Current Assets		76,249,141	69,581,936
Accounts Receivable (net)	7	2,804	2,804
Finance Lease Receivables (net)	8		
Due from Related Parties (net)	9		
Other Receivables (net)	10		
Investments (net)	16		
Goodwill/Badwill	17		
Investment Property (net)	18		-
Property, Plant and Equipment (net)	19	76,189,969	69,459,426
Intangible Assets (net)	20	56,368	119,706
Deferred Tax Assets	14		
Other Non-Current Assets	15		
Total Assets		196,220,238	204,231,740

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2007

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

Note	31	December 2007	31 December 2006
LIABILITIES			
Short-Term Liabilities		24,045,278	23,634,626
Bank Borrowings (net)	6		
Short-Term Portion of Long-Term Bank Borrowings (net)	6	3,005,078	
Finance Lease Payables (net)	8		
Other Financial Liabilities (net)	10	1,509,133	1,333,564
Accounts Payable (net)	7	15,303,655	18,787,522
Due to Related Parties (net)	9	478,606	380,971
Advances Received	21		
Due to Customers for Contract Work (net)	13		
Reserve For Liabilities	23	3,742,114	2,675,524
Deferred Tax Liabilities	14		
Other Liabilities (net)	15	6,692	457,045
Long-Term Liabilities		6,392,922	21,506,236
Bank Borrowings (net)	6		15,330,095
Finance Lease Payables(net)	8		
Other Financial Liabilities (net)	10		
Accounts Payable (net)	7		
Due to Related Parties (net)	9		
Advances Received	21		
Reserve For Liabilities	23	3,795,931	3,683,944
Deferred Tax Liabilities	14	2,596,991	2,492,197
Other Liabilities (net)	15		
MINORITY INTEREST	24		
EQUITY		165,782,038	159,090,878

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2007

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

	Note	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Paid-in Capital	25	24,534,143	24,534,143
Treasury Stock			
Capital Reserves	26	48,226,041	48,226,041
Share Premium		1,092	1,092
Share Certificates Cancellation Income			
Revaluation Reserve			
Fair Value Reserve			
Inflation Adjustments on Equity Items		48,224,949	48,224,949
Profit Reserves	26, 27	41,120,698	25,133,995
Legal Reserves		12,329,123	6,404,304
Status Reserves			
Extraordinary Reserves		28,791,529	18,729,645
Special Reserves		46	46
Gain on sales of investments and propert to be transferred to share capital	у		
Translation Reserve			
Net Profit for the Period		51,691,160	60,986,703
Retained Earnings/Accumulated Losses	28	209,996	209,996
Total Equity and Liabilities		196,220,238	204,231,740

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

OPERATING INCOME	Note	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Net Sales	36	253,090,630	229,935,706
Cost of Sales	36	(157,272,781)	(152,569,473)
Service Income	36		
Other Operating Income (net)	36		
GROSS PROFIT		95,817,849	77,366,233
Operating Expenses	37	(31,660,135)	(33,621,091)
NET OPERATING INCOME		64,157,714	43,745,142
Income from Other Operations	38	1,417,421	24,881,561
Loss from Other Operations (-)	38	(5,306,004)	(2,466,399)
Finance Income/Costs	39	4,656,774	2,857,478
OPERATING PROFIT		64,925,905	69,017,782
Monetary Gain/Loss	40		
MINORITY INTEREST	24		
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		64,925,905	69,017,782
Taxation Charge	41	(13,234,745)	(8,031,079)
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		51,691,160	60,986,703
EARNINGS PER SHARE New Kuruş ("Y	′kr") 42	0.02107	0.02486

Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

	Paid-in Premium Capital Share	remium Share Ad	Inflation Adjustments on Euity Items	Fair Value Reserve	Legal Reserves	Extraordinary Special Reserves Reserves	Special Reserves	Net Profit for the Period	Retained Earnings	Total Equity
Balances as of 1 January 2006	24,534,143 1,092	1,092	48,224,949 19,371,709	19,371,709	4,311,006	11,580,808	46	20,282,500	209,996	209,996 128,516,249
Change in fair values, net	1	ł	1	(19,371,709)	1	1	1	1	1	(19,371,709)
Transfer to reserves	:	1	1	:	2,093,298	18,189,202	1	(20,282,500)	1	1
Dividend paid	1	•	i	1	1	(11,040,365)	1	1	1	(11,040,365)
Net profit for the period	:	1	1	:	:	!	1	60,986,703	1	60,986,703
Balances as of 31 December 2006	24,534,143	1,092	48,224,949	:	6,404,304	18,729,645	46	60,986,703	209,996	209,996 159,090,878
Transfer to reserves	1	•	1	1	5,924,819	22,074,567	1	(27,999,386)	1	1
Dividend paid	1	ł	ł	:	1	(12,012,683)	1	(32,987,317)	1	(45,000,000)
Net profit for the period	1	:	1	:	:	:	1	51,691,161	1	51,691,160
Balances as of 31 December 2007	24,534,143	1,092	48,224,949	:	12,329,123	28,791,529	46	51,691,161	209,996	209,996 165,782,038

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2007**

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

	Note	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before tax		64,925,905	69,017,782
Adjustments:			
Gain on sale of financial asset	38		(23,024,165)
Depreciation and amortization	19, 20	11,179,385	8,631,616
Increase in provision for employee severance indemnity	23	193,684	1,292,205
Decrease in provision for vacation pay		253,367	(212,505)
Interest income		(7,540,987)	(5,507,668)
Interest expense	39	647,691	2,187,656
Impairment losses on tangible assets	38	2,953,015	
(Gain)/loss on sale of tangible assets, net	38	80,895	(640,337)
Allowance for /(reversal of) doubtful receivables	7,38	(34,609)	216,702
Other provision expense		(243,086)	183,451
Net cash before changes in assets and liabilities		72,415,260	52,144,737
Increase in accounts receivable	7	(11,503,506)	(15,912,590)
Decrease in due from related parties	9	399,077	7,238,768
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables	10	884	(2,217,776)
Decrease/(increase) in inventory	12	1,909,149	(6,898,879)
Increase in other current assets	15	2,319,983	(520,677)
Increase in accounts payable	7	(3,509,413)	3,199,956
Increase/(decrease) in due to related parties	9	97,635	(1,622,266)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2007**

(Amounts expressed in YTL unless otherwise stated.)

	Note	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Decrease in other liabilities	10, 15, 23	(496,092)	(976,454)
Taxes paid		(11,842,052)	(9,512,937)
Interest paid		(690,682)	
Employee severance indemnity paid	23	(335,064)	(1,657,281)
Cash flows provided by operating activities		48,765,179	23,264,601
Investing activities			
Additions to tangible and intangible assets	19	(20,990,905)	(23,351,201)
Proceeds from sale of tangible and intangible asse	ets 19	106,215	
Proceeds from sale of financial assets			40,133,965
Cash flow used in investing activities		(20,884,690)	16,782,763
Financing activities			
Increase in bank borrowings and other financial lia	bilities	(12,034,751)	7,416,750
Dividend paid	9,27	(44,974,454)	(11,040,365)
Interest received, net		8,156,855	3,168,485
Cash flows used in financing activities		(48,852,350)	(455,130)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivale	nts	(20,971,861)	39,592,234
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the	period 4	55,499,042	15,906,808
Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the perio	d 4	34,527,181	55,499,042

Takip eden notlar mali tabloların tamamlayıcı parçasını oluştururlar.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

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1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Sirketi ("Izocam" or the "Company") was established in 1965 and operates in production and sales of organic and inorganic insulation equipments (glass wool and stone wool, mineral wool and expanded and extruded polystyrenes, elastomeric rubber, polyethylene, insulated and noninsulated roof and front panels, partition and mezzanine).

Koç Holding Anonim Şirketi ("Koç Holding"), Semahat S. Arsel, Suna Kıraç, Rahmi M. Koç, Mustafa V.Koç, M. Ömer Koç, Y.Ali Koç, Temel Ticaret ve Yatırım Anonim Şirketi ("Temel Ticaret"), Koç Yapı Malzemeleri Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Koç Yapı"), Rahmi M. Koç ve Mahdumları Maden, İnşaat, Turizm, Ulaştırma, Yatırım ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("RMK Maden") (referred to "Sellers" herein and after) and Saint Gobain Isover and Alamana Industries Co. S.A.K. ("Buyers") signed a share purchase agreement ("Share Purchase Agreement") on 5 September 2006, in order to transfer of 61.1935% of the shares of İzocam owned by Sellers to the Buyers.

According to the Share Purchase Agreement, 1,314,020,534 shares representing 53.5588% of the Izocam paid-in capital has been transferred and alienated to İzocam İzolasyon Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("İzocam İzolasyon") which is established by the Buyers, on the closing date of 29 November 2006.

According to the usufruct agreement signed on 29 November 2006, usufruct right has been set for the 187,309,862 shares representing 7.6347% of Izocam paid-in capital belonging to Koç Yapı ve Temel Ticaret. These shares have been transferred to İzocam İzolasyon on 10 July 2007.

On 13 December 2006, İzocam İzolasyon applied to the Capital Market Board of Turkey ("CMB") for a call option to takeover 9,520,839.39 units of the Company shares, each with a nominal value of YTL 1 amounting to total nominal value of YTL 9,520,839.39, which represents 38.8065% of İzocam's paid-in capital. The call process ended on 19 February 2007 and by the shares collected through the call, the share of İzocam İzolasyon in İzocam increased to 86.30%. By shares collected from 19 February to 31 December 2007, shares of İzocam İzolasyon in İzocam have reached to 95.07%. İzocam İzolasyon shares representing 95.07% of the paid in capital of İzocam comprised as follows: 1,501,330,396 shares representing 61.1939% of İzocam paid in capital which are not publicly traded and 831,117,304 shares representing 33.8799% of İzocam paid in capital which are publicly traded of Istanbul Stock Exchange ("ISE").

The Company conducts some of its operations with the related party namely Saint Gobain Group of companies. The Company has several related parties as their customers and suppliers (Note 9). The Company is registered at CMB and its shares are listed in ISE since 15 April 1981. As of 31 December 2007, 38.81% of the shares of Izocam are publicly traded at ISE.

The average number of employees of the Company is 447 in which 195 is comprised of white collar employees and 252 is comprised of blue collar employees.

The address of the registered office of the Company is as follows: Organize Sanayi Bölgesi 3. Cadde No.4 Yukarıdudullu 34775 Ümraniye İSTANBUL

The address of the head office of the Company is as follows: Dilovası Mevkii 41499 Gebze/Kocaeli

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Accounting Policies

2.1.1 Statement of compliance

Izocam maintains its book of accounts and prepares its statutory financial statements in YTL in accordance with the Turkish Uniform Chart of Accounts, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Code.

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with accounting and reporting principles published by CMB, namely "CMB Accounting Standards". The CMB published a comprehensive set of accounting principles in Communiqué No: XI-25 "The Accounting Standards in the Capital Markets". In the aforementioned communiqué, and in Communique' No: XI-27 "Changes to be made to the Communique in respect of Accounting Standards in the Capital Markets" it has been stated that applying the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and International Accounting Standards Committee ("IASC") is accepted as an alternative to conform with the aforementioned CMB Accounting Standards. The Company prepares its financial statements and notes to the financial statements by applying the aforementioned alternative standards.

The Board of Directors of the Company approved the financial statements prepared in accordance with the alternative method on 28 February 2008.

2.1.2 Basis of presentation

With the decision taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB has announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Accounting Standards. Accordingly, the Company did not apply IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by IASB in its financial statements for the accounting periods starting from 1 January 2005. These financial statements and the related notes have been presented in accordance with the financial statements and disclosures as formats required by the CMB with its announcement dated 10 December 2004. The equity items including paid-in capital, share premium, legal reserves and extraordinary reserves are presented at the balance sheet in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code and the effects of inflation over those equity items as of 31 December 2004 are reflected in inflation adjustments on equity item's account as a separate line under equity. The financial statements are prepared in YTL based on the historical cost basis except for the financial assets and liabilities which are expressed with their fair values.

The difference between the accounting principles promulgated by the Capital Market Board of Turkey, accounting principles generally accepted in countries in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed and have influence on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

2.1.3 Functional and reporting currency

Financial statements are presented in YTL, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in YTL unless otherwise stated. All other currencies other than YTL are stated full unless otherwise stated.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

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2.1.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with CMB Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

2.2 Adjustment of Financial Statement During Hyperinflationary Period

As discussed in Note 2.1 Accounting Policies, the Company has ceased applying inflation accounting starting from 1 January 2005 in accordance with the resolution of CMB.

2.3 Comparative Information

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements. The Company's financial statements have been presented comparatively in order to identify the tendency of the Company's financial position, performance and its cash flows.

Certain comparative amounts if necessary have been reclassified to conform with the current year presentation and material ones are disclosed. As at 31 December 2006, prepaid taxes presented and disclosed under other current assets amounting to YTL 7,215,189 have been offset with corporate taxes provision presented and disclosed under short term expense accruals. For the year ended 31 December 2006, interest income from credit sales amounting to YTL 4,170,383, currency exchange gain amounting to YTL 3,417,717 YTL, interest income on time deposits amounting to YTL 3,370,604 presented and disclosed under income from other operations and currency exchange loss amounting to YTL 4,990,128 presented and disclosed under loss from other operations and guarantee expenses amounting to YTL 423,319 presented and disclosed under Selling and Marketing expenses have been reclassified under financial income/costs. For the year ended 31 December 2006, write-off the bad debt receivables amounting to YTL 1,398,774 presented in the cash flow statements has been reclassified under increase in accounts receivable.

2.4 Offsetting

The Company's financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Significant accounting policies applied during the preparation of the financial statements are summarized as follows.

3.1 Revenue

Revenue from the sales of goods and services is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates. Revenue is recognized on an accrual basis when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable.

When the sales arrangement effectively constitutes a financing cost, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognized as interest income on accrual basis (Note 36)

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3.2 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventories includes expenditures incurred in acquiring the inventories, production or conversion costs and all other costs incurred in bringing them to existing location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses (Note 12). The cost of inventories is based on the moving monthly average basis.

3.3 Property, plant and equipment

3.3.1 Tangible assets

The costs of tangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are restated for the effects of inflation current at 31 December 2004 less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The costs of tangible assets purchased after 31 December 2004 are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (Note 19).

3.3.2 Subsequent costs

The cost of replacing part of an item of property, plant and equipment together with the repair and maintenance costs can be capitalized. Subsequent cost can be capitalized if it is probable that the future economic benefits will flow to the Company. All other expense items are recognized in the income statement on an accrual basis.

3.3.3 Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the property, plant and equipment from the date of acquisition or assembly. Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The expected useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and land improvements	5-50 years
Machinery and equipment	4-25 years
Motor vehicles	4 years
Furniture and fixtures	4-10 years

Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life.

3.3.4 Derecognition

Gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment are included in the relevant income and expense accounts, and the cost and accumulated depreciation of property, plant and equipment has been written off from the relevant accounts as appropriate.

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3.4 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are comprised of acquired software rights. The costs of intangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are restated for the effects of inflation current at 31 December 2004 less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. The costs of intangible assets purchased after 31 December 2004 are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. The carrying amount of an intangible asset is reduced to its recoverable amount if there is impairment (Note 20).

3.4.1 Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis in the income statement over their estimated useful lives for a period between four and six years from the date of acquisition.

3.5 Impairment of Assets

3.5.1 Financial Assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of that asset.

The Company establishes an impairment loss for accounts receivable if there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount of the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the receivable amount, being the present value of all cash flows, including amount recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted based on the original effective interest rate of the originated receivables at inception.

Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. The reversal is recognized in profit or loss.

3.5.2 Non-Financial Assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets (Note 3.20) are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its fair value in use and its value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specified to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit").

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount through value in use or sale of that asset. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

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3.5.3 Reversal of Impairment

In respect of receivables, impairment losses are reversed if there is a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of that receivable and such kind of subsequent increase can be associated with the subsequent events after the impairment loss has been recognized. In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss with respect to other assets is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (for tangibles net of depreciation); if no impairment loss had been recognized.

3.6 Borrowing Costs

Bank borrowings are recognized initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. In subsequent periods, bank borrowings are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The difference between the proceeds net of transaction costs and the amortized cost is recognized in the income statement as finance costs over the period of the bank borrowings. Finance costs arising from bank borrowings, except for the capitalized costs are recognized in the income statement as they are incurred (Note 39). Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are included in the cost of that asset. If the necessary operations have been completed in order to make the assets ready for use or sale, the capitalization of finance costs is ceased.

3.7 Financial Instruments

3.7.1 Non-derivative financial instruments

The Company's financial assets comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, due from related parties and other receivables, accounts payable, due to related parties and financial liabilities. Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition non-derivative financial instruments are measured as described below:

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of time and demand deposits, cheques at collection and highly liquid investments with maturity periods of less than three-months and having no conversion risk exposure other than the impact of foreign currency changes. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost in the balance sheet (Note 4).

Held-to-maturity investments

If the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold debt securities to maturity, then they are classified as held-to-maturity.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The financial instruments with short-term profit making in order to fund the liquidity requirements or take into consideration of changes in interest rates are classified as financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss.

Held to maturity investments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest methods less any impairment losses. Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

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Available for sale financial assets

Financial instruments that are not held for trading purposes or held to maturity are classified as available-for-sale financial assets. Available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets if the management has no intention to hold those instruments within twelve months after the reporting date or the management will not use those instruments in order to increase working capital of the Company by ways of sale of those instruments otherwise are classified as current assets. The Company management appropriately classified financial instruments at the acquisition date and regularly reviews the classification of its financial instruments. The gain or losses arising from the changes in the fair value of the available-for-sale financial assets, till the sale of those assets, except for the impairment losses and foreign currency gains/losses recognized in the income statement are accounted for under equity without associating with the financial result of the period. During the sale of those assets, gains and losses previously accounted for under equity is transferred to income statement. The interest computed with amortized cost over those financial assets accounted for on the balance sheet are accounted for in the income statement.

Available for sale financial assets

Others

Other non-derivative financial instruments are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

If the discounted cash flow techniques are used to determine the fair value of the financial instruments, expected cash flows depend on the Company management's best estimates while the discount rate used in the discounted cash flows depends on the current market rates of the similar instruments with the same payments terms and conditions in the market as of the balance sheet date. In the pricing model techniques, the market information current at the balance sheet date are used as a measurement criteria.

3.7.2 Derivative financial instruments

Economic hedges

Hedge accounting is not applied to derivative instruments that economically hedge monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies. Changes in the fair value of such derivatives are recognized in profit or loss as part of foreign currency gains and losses.

3.8 Foreign Currency

Transactions in foreign currencies have been translated to YTL at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into YTL at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates. Foreign exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to YTL with the exchange rates at the dates on which their fair values are determined.

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3.9 Earning per Share

Earnings per share disclosed in the income statement are determined by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the related period concerned (Note 42). In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings and inflation adjustments on equity items. Such kind of bonus shares are taken into consideration in the computation of earnings per share as issued share certificates. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issues without a corresponding change in resources, by giving them retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and each earlier year.

3.10 Subsequent Events

Subsequent events represent the events that occur against or on behalf of the Company between the balance sheet date and the date when balance sheet was authorized for the issue. As of the balance sheet date, if the evidence with respect to the such events or such events have occurred after the balance sheet date and such events require to restate the financial statements, accordingly the Company restates the financial statements appropriately. If such events do not require to restate the financial statements, such events have been disclosed in the related notes.

3.11 Provisions, Commitments and Contingencies

A provision is recognized in the accompanying financial statements if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are reviewed to determine if there is a possibility that the outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Except for the economic benefit outflow possibility is remote such contingent liabilities is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements (Note 31). If the inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. If the inflow of the economic benefit is more than likely to occur, such asset and income statement effect has been recognized in the financial statements at the relevant period that income change effect occurs (Note 31).

3.12 Changes in Accounting Policies, Estimates and Errors

The Company applies the accounting policies consistently to the transactions with the same nature, other events and situations. Material changes in accounting policies or material errors (if any) are corrected, retrospectively; restating the prior period financial statements. Effect of changes in accounting estimates affecting current period (if any) is recognized in the current period; effect of changes in accounting estimates affecting current and future periods is recognized in the current and also in future periods.

3.13 Leases

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Finance lease payments are presented at amortized cost of the minimum lease payments.

Assets leased under agreements that do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards associated with ownership to the Company, other than the legal title, are classified as operating leases. Lease payments are recognized in the income statement with straight line method through the term of the lease.

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3.14 Related Parties

For the purpose of these financial statements and the notes, shareholders, key management personnel and board members, in each case together with their families and companies controlled by/or affiliated with them, associated companies are considered and referred to as related parties (Note 9). Transactions with related parties are priced predominantly on an arms-length basis.

3.15 Segment Reporting

Since the Company is operating in Turkey and has operations only in isolation products, segment reporting has not been presented.

3.16 Construction Contracts

None

3.17 Discontinued Operations

None

3.18 Government Grants

Government grants including the non-cash government grants are recognized in the financial statements when there is a reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Company will comply with the conditions associated with the grants.

Government grants are presented on the financial statements even when they comprise a cash or deduction of liabilities to the government.

3.19 Investment Property

None.

3.20 Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax.

Current tax liability includes the tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date (Note 41).

Deferred tax are recognized using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates based on the laws that have enacted by the reporting date. Temporary differences mainly arise from the timing differences of income and expenses accounted for reporting purposes and taxation purposes and capitalization and depreciation method differences over tangible and intangible assets.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized in the financial statements from the enacted or substantially enacted tax rates to the extent that the temporary differences in the subsequent periods will be reversed. Deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities related to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts, the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset accordingly (Note 14).

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3.21 Employee Benefits

According to the enacted laws, the Company is laible to pay lump sum payments to its employees in case of retirement or the termination of the employment contract of the employees except for the rules stated in the labor laws. Such payments are computed according to the severance indemnity ceiling valid as of the balance sheet date. Employee severance indemnity recognized as the present value of the estimated total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Company.

3.22 Defined Benefit Plans

None.

3.23 Agricultural Operations

None.

3.24 Cash Flow Statement

In the cash flow statement, cash flows are classified as operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities represent the Company's cash flows generated from operating activities. The Company presents the cash flows from operating activities by using the indirect method such as adjusting the accruals for cash inflows and outlows from grossprofit/loss, other non-cash transactions, prior and future transactions or deferrals.

Cash flows from investing activities represent the cash flows used in/provided from investing activities (capital expenditures).

Cash flows from financing activities represents the funds used in and repayment of the funds during the period.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cheques in collection, bank deposits and other cash and cash equivalents less interest income accruals.

3.25 Expenses

Expenses are accounted on accrual basis. Operating expenses are recognized as they incur.

3.26 Financial Expense

Financial expenses are comprised of interest expense for borrowings. All financial costs in income and expense tables are stated with using effective interest rate method.

3.27 Paid-in Capital and Dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as paid-in capital (Note 25). Dividends on ordinary shares are recognized in equity in the period in which they are declared.

3.28 Determination of fair values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

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3.28.1 Trade receivables and payables

Accounts receivable that are originated by the Company by way of providing goods directly to a debtor are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount unless the effect of imputed interest is significant. The Company provided reserve for all receivables which are under legal follow-up. Exchange rate difference resulted from foreign currency denominated bad and doubtful receivables is included in the bad debt provision and same amount of foreign exchange difference is also accounted as foreign exchange gain. The fair value of the trade receivables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest. Trade payables are stated at cost net of interest on credit purchases. Trade payables, net of deferred finance cost are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method by taking into consideration the future cash flows of the original invoices recognized in the financial statements.

3.28.2 Non-derivative financial liabilities

Fair value is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.

3.28.3 Others

Other financial instruments assessed as they reflect their fair value because of their short term nature.

3.29 Financial Risk Management

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk
- · market risk
- liquidity risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

3.29.1 Credit Risk

The ownership of the financial assets brings the risk of not meeting the obligations of the agreement of the counter party. These risks are controlled by credit evaluations and restricting the maximum exposure to a counter party. Credit risk is diversified since there is many counterparties in the customer database.

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3.29.2 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is subject to the risk of interest rate fluctuations to the extent that interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities mature or reprice at different times or in differing amounts. The Company manages this risk by means of balancing the interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities as natural precautions. The Company places those interest earning assets at short-term investments.

Currency Risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk due to its import transactions and borrowings in foreign currency. These transactions are held in USD and Euro.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk due to effects of changes in the interest rates to the assets and liabilities.

3.29.3 Liquidity Risk

The ability to fund the existing and prospective debt requirements is managed by obtaining adequate funding lines from high quality lenders.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

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4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of 31 December, cash and cash equivalents comprised of the following:

	2007	2006
Banks		
Time deposits	33,231,038	54,785,845
Demand deposit	932,447	965,707
Cheques in collection	412,638	
Other cash and cash equivalents	2,075	786
	34,578,198	<i>55,752,338</i>

As of 31 December, demand deposits comprised of the following currencies:

	2007	2006
YTL	377,219	564,544
American Dolar ("USD")	311,897	235,424
Euro	243,331	165,739
	932,447	965,707

As of 31 December, time deposits comprised of the following currencies:

	2007	2006
YTL	19,489,792	46,717,835
USD	11,091,422	4,363,184
Euro	2,649,824	3,704,826
	33,231,038	54,785,845

As of 31 December 2007, time deposits were in YTL, USD and Euro and their weighted average interest rates are 16.5%, 5.50% ve 3.9% respectively (31 December 2006: time deposits were in YTL, USD and Euro with weighted average interest rate of 21%, 5%, and 3%, respectively). As of 31 December 2007, time deposits were short-term, maturing less than one month.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, bank deposits and short-term investments that are easily convertible to cash with high liquidity and with a maturity of up to three months.

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Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows as of 31 December are as follows:

	2007	2006
Banks		
Time deposits	33,231,038	54,785,845
Demand deposit	932,447	965,707
Cheques in collection	412,638	
Other cash and cash equivalents	2,075	786
Less: Interest accruals	(51,017)	(253,296)
	34,527,181	<i>55,499,042</i>

5 - MARKETABLE SECURITIES

None (31 December 2006: None).

6 - BANK BORROWINGS

As of 31 December, the details of bank borrowings are as follows:

Short-term bank borrowings	Interes 2007	t rate % 2006	Origina 2007	l currency 2006	2007	YTL 2006
Short-term portion of long term borrowings-Euro	Euribor+1.25	-	1,757,150	-	3,005,078	-
Total short-term bank borrowin	gs		1,757,150	-	3,005,078	-
Long-term bank borrowings						
Long-term bank borrowings-Euro		4.98-5.05	-	8,278,744	-	15,330,095
Total long-term bank borrowing	JS		-	-	-	15.330.095

The Company repaid this borrowing to related bank in January 2008.

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7 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

Short-Term Accounts Receivables (net)	2007	2006
Trade receivable	31,251,120	26,496,177
Note receivable	23,628,050	18,562,500
Cheques receivable	8,876,375	7,545,409
Bad and doubtful receivables	711,342	783,384
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful receivables	(711,342)	(756,451)
	63,755,545	52,631,019

As of 31 December, the movement of allowance for bad and doubtful receivables is as follows;

	2007	2006
Balances at 1 January	756,451	1,938,523
Provision for the year (Note 38)	34,640	216,702
Reversals (Note 38)	(69,249)	
Write offs	(10,500)	(1,398,774)
	711,342	756,451
Long-Term Accounts Receivable (net)	2007	2006
Deposits and guarantees given	2.804	2.804
	2.804	2.804
7.3 Short-Term Accounts Payable	2007	2006
Trade payable	15,286,545	18,770,252
Deposits and guarantees received	10,081	17,270
Other	7,029	
	15,303,655	18,787,522

8 - FINANCE LEASE RECIVABLE AND PAYABLE

None (31 December 2006: None).

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9 - RELATED PARTIES

As of 31 December, due from related parties comprised the following:

9.1 Due From Related Parties Short-Term	2007	2006
Saint-Gobain Isover Romania SRL ("Isover")	91,291	145,939
JSC Saint Gobain Construktion Pr ("JSC")	19,247	
Saint-Gobain Isover	6,736	
Üçsel İnşaat ve Malzeme Mühendislik Makina Ticaret Ltd Şti		370,412
	117,274	516,351

As of 31 December, due to related parties comprised the following:

9.2 Due To Related Parties Short-Term	2007	2006
Grunzweig Hartman AG ("Grunzweig")	185,307	
Saint-Gobain Weber Markem Yapı Kimyasalları Ticaret AŞ ("Weber Markem")	131,550	256,754
Isover	118,614	104,339
Other	43,135	19,878
	478,606	380,971

For the years ended 31 December, sales to related parties comprised the following:

9.3 Sales to Related Parties	2007	2006
Isover	1,557,038	
JSC	1,479,620	
Arçelik Anonim Şirketi		14,516,477
Beko Elektronik Anonim Şirketi		6,975,541
Koçtaş Yapı Marketleri Anonim Şirketi		439,646
Ark İnşaat Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi		1,657,813
Other		792,234
	3,036,658	24,381,711

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9 - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

For the years ended 31 December, purchases from related parties comprised the following:

9.4 Purchases from Related Parties	2007	2006
Weber Markem	1,271,599	
Saint Gobain Isover France	934,780	
Grunzweig	510,898	
Koç Statoil Gaz Toptan Satış Anonim Şirketi (a)		3,134,565
Entek Elektrik Üretimi Otoprodüktör Grubu AŞ (a)		2,861,446
Akpa Dayanıklı Tüketim LPG Akaryakıt Ürünleri Pazarlama Anonim Şirketi (a)		1,475,633
Beko Ticaret Anonim Şirketi (a)		1,699,724
Ram Sigorta ve Aracılık Hizmetleri AŞ (a)		809,204
Setur Servis Turistik Anonim Şirketi (a)		718,668
Palmira Turizm Ticaret Anonim Şirketi (a)		698,739
Aygaz Anonim Şirketi (a)		572,405
Otokoç Anonim Şirketi (a)		437,333
Opet Petrolcülük Anonim Şirketi (a)		409,402
Koç Net Haberleşme Teknolojileri ve İletişim Hizmetleri AŞ (a)		177,629
Koç Sistem Bilgi ve İletişim Hizmetleri AŞ (a)		90,703
Ford Otomotiv Sanayi AŞ (a)		110,165
Other (a)		570,910
	2,717,277	13,766,526

⁽a) Above disclosed purchases from Koç Group Companies are not represented comparatively for the twelve-month period ended 31 December 2007. After the finalisation of share purchase agreement as of 29 November 2006, Koç Group Companies are excluded from the scope of the related party.

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9 - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

As of 31 December, other transactions with related parties comprised the following:

9.5 Other Transactions with Related Parties	2007	2006
İzocam İzolasyon	27,519,394	
Merkezi Kayıt Kuruluşu ("MKK")	17,434,230	
Other	20,830	
	44,974,454	

Renumeration to Top Management

Remuneration paid to top management by the Company for the year ended at 31 December 2007 is YTL 1,714,285 (31 December 2006: YTL 3,167,061).

10 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

As of 31 December, other short-term receivables comprised the following:

10.1 Other Short-Term Receivables (net)	2007	2006
Job advances	6,241	13,011
Receivables from employees	5,869	
Other	200	183
	12,310	13,194

As of 31 December, other short-term financial receivables comprised the following:

10.2 Other Financial Liabilities Short-Term	2007	2006
Witholding taxes and duties payables	848,783	633,580
Social security premium payables	440,333	682,359
Value addet taxes ("VAT") payables	211,852	
Other	8,165	17,625
	1,509,133	1,333,564

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11 - BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

None (31 December 2006: None).

12 - INVENTORIES

As of 31 December, inventories comprised the following:

	2007	2006
Raw materials and supplies	14,099,425	15,664,301
Finished goods	5,718,264	5,802,739
Merchandise	902,999	1,198,179
Advances given	440,419	405,037
	21,161,107	23,070,256

13 - DUE FROM CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK/DUE TO CUSTOMERS FOR CONTRACT WORK

None (31 December 2006: None).

14 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are provided, using the balance sheet liability method, on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized in the financial statements from the enacted or substantially enacted tax rates to the extent that the temporary differences in the subsequent periods will be reversed

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets in the financial statements by taking into consideration the factors such as the developments in the sector that the Company is operating, taxable income in the forthcoming years, Turkey's general economic and political situation, and/or global economic and political situations. The Company expects to generate taxable income in the forthcoming periods and considers Turkey's economic and political situation shows clear positive developments.

Deferred income taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realised or settled based on the taxable income in the forthcoming years under the liability method using a principal tax rate of 20% (31 December 2006: 20%).

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14 - DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities as of 31 December were attributable to the items detailed in the table below:

	20 Deferr	007 ed tax	Def	2006 ferred tax
	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities
Employee severance indemnity	620,223	-	648,499	-
Vacation pay liability	138,963	-	88,290	-
Deferred interest income	96,214	-	13,497	-
Pro-rata basis depreciation expense an borrowing costs for tangibles and intar	•	(3,225,050)	-	(3,242,483)
Reversal of discount charges in accord with tax regulations	ance –	(226,613)	-	-
Other	-	(728)	-	-
	855,400	(3,452,391)	750,286	(3,242,483)
Offsetting	(855,400)	855,400	(750,286)	750,286
		(2,596,991)	-	(2,492,197)

The movement of deferred tax liabilities is as follows:

	1 January 2006	Recognized in profit/(loss)	31 December 2006	Recognized in profit/(loss)	31 December 2007
Employee severance indemnity	1,082,271	(433,772)	648,499	(28,276)	620,223
Vacation pay liability	196,186	(107,896)	88,290	50,673	138,963
Deferred interest income	30,234	(16,737)	13,497	82,717	96,214
Pro-rata basis depreciation expense an costs for tangibles and intangibles	d capitalization of (5,377,409)	borrowing 2,134,926	(3,242,483)	17,433	(3,225,050)
Reversal of discount changes in accord with tax regulations	lance –	-	-	(226,613)	(226,613)
Other	-	-	_	(728)	(728)
	(4,068,718)	1,576,521	(2,492,197)	(104,794)	(2,596,991)

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15 - OTHER CURRENT/NON-CURRENT ASSETS AND SHORT/LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of 31 December, other current assets comprised the following:

15.1 Other Current Assets	2007	2006
VAT for export receivables	171,987	109,635
Taxes and funds to be offset	134,157	157,176
Prepaid expenses	37,731	36,833
VAT receivables		2,357,013
Other	2,788	5,989
	346,663	2,666,646

15.2 Other Non-Current Assets

None (31 December 2006: None).

15.3 Other Short-Term Liabilities	2007	2006
Payable to employees	6,692	457,045
	6,692	457,045

15.4 Other Long-Term Liabilities

None (31 December 2006: None).

16 - INVESTMENTS

None (31 December 2006: None).

17 - INVESTMENTS

None (31 December 2006: None).

18 - INVESTMENT PROPERTY

None (31 December 2006: None).

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19 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2007; movement in the property, plant and equipment is as follows:

Cost	1 January 2007	Additions	Transfer(*)	Disposal	31 December 2007
Land	715,231				715,231
Land improvements	3,615,396		908,702	(110,992)	4,413,106
Buildings	28,845,966		2,163,189	(244,938)	30,764,217
Machinery and equipment	135,115,998	929,495	39,123,578	(10,125,875)	165,043,196
Vehicles	72,932		481	(73,413)	
Furniture and fixtures	8,577,798	359,930	(418,786)	(1,123,391)	7,395,551
Leasehold improvements	58,176			(18,706)	39,470
Construction in progress	17,738,186	9,598,519	(25,010,500)		2,326,205
Advances given	8,679,726	10,096,658	(18,543,637)		232,747
	203,419,409	20 084 602	(1,776,973)	(11 607 315)	210,929,723
	203,419,409	20,304,002	(1,770,373)	(11,037,313)	210,323,723
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1 January	Curret Period Depreciation	Transfer(*)	Disposal	31 December 2007
	1 January	Curret Period	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	31 December
Accumulated Depreciation	1 January on 2007	Curret Period Depreciation	Transfer(*)	Disposal	31 December 2007
Accumulated Depreciation Land improvements	1 January 2007 (2,101,419) (15,613,047)	Curret Period Depreciation (161,254)	Transfer(*) (722)	Disposal 65,915	31 December 2007 (2,197,480)
Accumulated Depreciation Land improvements Buildings	1 January 2007 (2,101,419) (15,613,047)	Curret Period Depreciation (161,254) (1,063,727)	Transfer(*) (722) (784)	Disposal 65,915 104,821	31 December 2007 (2,197,480) (16,572,737)
Accumulated Depreciation Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment	1 January 2007 (2,101,419) (15,613,047) t(108,209,901)	Curret Period Depreciation (161,254) (1,063,727)	Transfer(*) (722) (784) 1,341,404	Disposal 65,915 104,821 7,173,207	31 December 2007 (2,197,480) (16,572,737)
Accumulated Depreciation Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles	1 January 2007 (2,101,419) (15,613,047) t(108,209,901) (72,931)	Curret Period Depreciation (161,254) (1,063,727) (9,623,075)	Transfer(*) (722) (784) 1,341,404 (481)	Disposal 65,915 104,821 7,173,207 73,412	31 December 2007 (2,197,480) (16,572,737) (109,318,365)
Accumulated Depreciation Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements Total accumulated	1 January 2007 (2,101,419) (15,613,047) t(108,209,901) (72,931) (7,917,885)	Curret Period Depreciation (161,254) (1,063,727) (9,623,075) (261,147)	Transfer(*) (722) (784) 1,341,404 (481)	Disposal 65,915 104,821 7,173,207 73,412 1,121,131	31 December 2007 (2,197,480) (16,572,737) (109,318,365) (6,620,345)

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19 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

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Cost	1 January 2006	Additions	Transfer	Disposal	31 December 2006
Land	715,231				715,231
Land improvements 3	3,626,204 5,600	75,170	(91,578)	3,615,396	
Buildings	30,092,641	23,000	28,229	(1,297,904)	28,845,966
Machinery and equipm	nent 142,694,785	202,123	546,448	(8,327,358)	135,115,998
Vehicles	655,579	111,440		(694,087)	72,932
Furniture and fixtures	8,851,022	128,236	12,297	(355,581)	8,635,974
Construction in progre	ess 207,222	7,710,961	9,820,003		17,738,186
Advances given	65,986	19,095,887	(10,482,147)		8,679,726
	186,908,670	27,277,247		(10,766,508)	203,419,409
Less: Accumulated deprecia	1 January ation 2006	Current period depreciation	Transfer	Disposal	31 December 2006
	•		Transfer 	Disposal 28,515	
Accumulated deprecia	ation 2006	depreciation	Transfer 		2006
Accumulated deprecial Land improvements	(1,979,897) (14,953,682)	depreciation (150,037) (1,078,266)	Transfer 	28,515 418,901	2006 (2,101,419)
Accumulated depreciants Land improvements Buildings	(1,979,897) (14,953,682)	depreciation (150,037) (1,078,266)	Transfer	28,515 418,901	2006 (2,101,419) (15,613,047)
Accumulated depreciant Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipments	(1,979,897) (14,953,682) nent(107,526,653)	depreciation (150,037) (1,078,266) (6,890,421)	 	28,515 418,901 6,207,173	(2,101,419) (15,613,047) (108,209,901) (72,931)
Accumulated depreciant Land improvements Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles	(1,979,897) (14,953,682) nent(107,526,653) (539,922)	depreciation (150,037) (1,078,266) (6,890,421) (62,176)	 	28,515 418,901 6,207,173 529,167 265,828	(2,101,419) (15,613,047) (108,209,901) (72,931)

^(*) During 2007, the Company has reviewed the property, plant and equipment on a detailed item basis and reclassified the cost and accumulated depreciation appropriately.

For the year ended 31 December 2007 depreciation expenses amounting to YTL 10,515,648 (31 December 2006: YTL 8,095,997) has been included under cost of sales, YTL 397,304 (31 December 2006: YTL 412,006) has been included under general administrative expenses and YTL 200,980 has been capitalized on included under stocks.

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20 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

For the year ended 31 December 2007, movement in the intangible assets is as follows:

Cost	1 January 200	7 Additions	Transfer (*)	Disposal	31 December 2007
Rights	916,63	0 6,303	(230,055)	(81,772)	611,106
	916,63	0 6,303	(230,055)	(81,772)	611,106
Less: Accumulated amortization	1 January n 2007	Current period amortization	Transfer(*)	Disposal	31 December 2007
Rights	(796,924)	(65,453)	230,055	77,584	(554,738)
Total accumulated amortization	(796,924)	(65,453)	230,055	77,584	(554,738)
Net carrying value	119,706				56,368

For the year ended 31 December 2006, movement in intangible assets is as follows:

Cost	1 January 200	6 Additions	Transfer (*)	Disposal	31 December 2006
Rights	885,41	4 31,216			916,630
	885,414	31,216		-	916,630
Less: Accumulated amortization	1 January on 2007	Current period amortization	Transfer(*)	Disposal	31 December 2007
Rights	(673,311)	(123,613)			(796,924)
Total accumulated amortization	(673,311)	(123,613)	_	_	(796,924)
Net carrying value	212,103	(92,397)			119,706

^(*) During 2007, the Company has reviewed the intangible assets on a detailed item basis and reclassified the cost and accumulated amortization appropriately.

For the year ended 31 December 2007 amortization expenses amounting to YTL 65,453 (31 December 2006: YTL 5,986) has been included under general administrative expenses, for the year ended 31 December 2006 amortization expenses amounting to YTL 117,627 has been included under cost of sales.

21 - ADVANCES RECEIVED

None (31 December 2006: None).

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22 - DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

Except for the provision for employee severance indemnity explained in Note 23, there is no defined benefit plan.

23 - EXPENSE ACCRUALS

As of 31 December, short-term expense accruals comprised the following:

23.1 Short-Term Expense Accruals	2007	2006
Corporate taxes provision (Note 41)	13,129,951	9,607,600
Prepaid taxes	(9,449,641)	(7,215,189)
Other expense accruals	61,804	283,113
	3,742,114	2,675,524
23.2 Long-Term Expense Accruals	2007	2006
Provision for employee severance indemnity	3,101,115	3,242,495
Vacation pay liability	694,816	441,449
	3,795,931	3,683,944

Provision for employee severance indemnity has been set as follows:

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Company is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause, or who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men). Since the legislation was changed on 23 May 2002 there are certain transitional provisions relating to the length of service prior to retirement. The amount payable consists of one month's salary limited to a maximum of YTL 2.030,19 for each year of service as of 31 December 2007 (31 December 2006: YTL 1,857.44).

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees.

The Company's accounting policies requires the Company to use various statistical methods to determine the employee severance indemnity. The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of future probable obligation of the the Company arising from the retirement of the employees and reflected in the financial statements. Accordingly, the following statistical assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

	2007	2006
Discount rate	%5,71	%5,71
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement	%10	%2

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23 - EXPENSE ACCRUALS (Continued)

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. Company calculates reserve for employment termination benefits amount of YTL 2,030.19 which is effective from 1 January 2007 (2006: YTL 1,857.44).

The movement of employee severance indemnity is as follows:

	2007	2006
Balance at the beginning of the period	3,242,495	3,607,571
Provision for the period/year	193,684	1,292,205
Payments	(335,064)	(1,657,281)
Balance at the end of the period	3,101,115	3,242,495

24 - MINORITY INTEREST

Since the Company does not prepare consolidated financial statements, there is no minority interest.

25 - PAID-IN CAPITAL/TREASURY STOCK

As of 31 December 2007, the paid-in capital of the Company comprises 2,453,414,335 shares issued (31 December 2006: 2,453,414,335 shares of Ykr 1 each) of Ykr 1 each. There are no privileges given to different groups or shareholders.

The shareholder structure of the Company is as follows:

	Shares	2007 Ownership rate%	Shares	2006 Ownership rate%
İzocam İzolasyon	15,013,304	61.19	13,140,205	53.56
İzocam İzolasyon (Publicly traded)	8,311,173	33.88		
Koç Yapı (*)			647,899	2.64
Temel Ticaret (*)			1,225,200	4.99
Other	1,209,666	4.93	9,520,839	38.81
	24,534,143	100.00	24,534,143	100.00
inflamation adjusment to share capital	25,856,460		25,856,460	
	50,390,603		50,390,603	

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25 - PAID-IN CAPITAL/TREASURY STOCK (Continued)

According to the Share Purchase Agreement, 1,314,020,534 shares representing 53.5588% of the Company's paid-in capital has been transferred and alienated to İzocam İzolasyon Ticaret A.Ş. which is established by the Buyers, on the closing date of 29 November 2006.

(*)According to the usufruct agreement signed on 29 November 2006, usufruct right has been set for the 187,309,862 shares representing 7.6347% of Izocam paid-in capital belonging to Koç Yapı ve Temel Ticaret. These shares have been transferred to Izocam Izloasyon on 10 July 2007.

26 - CAPITAL RESERVES

26.1 Inflation Adjustments on Equity Items

As discussed in Note 2, the Company started to prepare its financial statements from the first quarter of 2006 in accordance with the alternative application of CMB and ceased applying IAS 29 in conformity with the decision taken by CMB on 17 March 2005

In accordance with Communiques No: XI-25, during the first time application of inflation accounting, "Paid-in Capital, Share Premiums, Legal Reserves, Status Reserves, Special Reserves and Extraordinary Reserves" of equity items has to be presented with their historic values. Inflation effects on those equity items are presented as "inflation adjustment on equity items" under equity.

Equity items are presented at their historic values in the financial statements. The inflaton effect on those equity items are as follows:

31 December 2007	Historic Cost	Inflamation adjustment	t Restated values
or beceniner 2007	mstoric dost	on equity items	nestateu values
Paid-in capital	24,534,143	25,856,460	50,390,603
Share premiums	1,092	223,408	224,500
Legal reserves	12,329,123	18,710,928	31,040,051
Extraordinary reserves	28,791,529	(1,496,872)	27,294,657
Special reserves	46	4,931,025	4,931,071
	65,655,933	48,224,949	113,880,882

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26 - CAPITAL RESERVES (Continued)

31 December 2006	Historic Cost	Inflamation adjustment on equity items	Restated values
Paid-in capital	24,534,143	25,856,460	50,390,603
Share premiums	1,092	223,408	224,500
Legal reserves	6,404,304	18,710,928	25,115,232
Extraordinary reserves	18,729,645	(1,496,872)	17,232,773
Special reserves	46	4,931,025	4,931,071
	49,669,230	48,224,949	97,894,179

As of 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2006, historical values of extraordinary reserves of the Company in accordance with Tax Laws are YTL 12,551,832 and YTL 24,564,515, respectively.

26.2 Share Premiums

Share premiums represent the cash inflows generated from the sale of shares at their market values. Those premiums are followed under equity and can not be distributed. However, those premiums can be used in share capital increases in the forthcoming periods.

27 - PROFIT RESERVES

According to the Turkish Commerical Code, legal reserves comprised of first and legal reserves. The first legal reserves are generated by annual appropriations amounting to 5% of income disclosed in the Company's statutory accounts until it reaches 20% of paid-in share capital. If the dividend distribution is made in accordance with CMB Communiques 25, a further 1/10 of dividend distributions, in excess of 5% of paid-in capital is to be appropriated to increase second legal reserves. If the dividend distribution is made in accordance with statutory records, a further 1/11 of dividend distributions, in excess of 5% of paid-in capital is to be appropriated to increase second legal reserves. Under the TCC, the legal reserves can be used only to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50% of paid-in capital. As of 31 December 2007, legal reserves in the financial statements amounted to YTL 12,329,123 (31 December 2006: YTL 6,404,304). According to the 7/242 numbered decision taken on 25 February 2005 by CMB, the dividend distribution for the quoted companies are amended as follows.

Net distributable profit determined in accordance with the CMB regulations, has to be distributed from the distributable profit of statutory records if it covers the net distributable profit. If there is a loss in the period in one of the financial statements prepared in accordance with CMB regulations or statutory records, no distribution can be made.

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27 - PROFIT RESERVES (Continued)

In accordance with the Communiqué No: XI-25 Section 15 paragraph 399, the accumulated deficit amounts arising from the first application of inflation adjustment, in line with CMB's profit distribution regulations, are considered to be deductive when computing the distributable profit. The accumulated deficit will first be netted-off from net income and retained earnings, and the remaining amount of deficit from extraordinary reserves, legal reserves and adjustment to share capital, respectively.

Effective from 31 December 2004, the net income computed must be distributed in the ratio of a minimum of 30% of total distributable profit. This distribution, regarding decisions taken by the general assemblies, may be made either as cash, as pro-rata shares or as a combination of both 30% (2006:30%) of distributable profit. Inflation adjustments on equity items can only be netted-off against prior years' losses and used as an internal source in capital increase where extraordinary reserves can be netted-off against prior years' losses, used in distribution of bonus shares and distributions of dividends to shareholders.

In the ordinary general assembly held on 26 March 2007, it has been decided that, YTL 1,547,490 would be transferred to first legal reserves, YTL 4,377,329 would be transferred to second legal reserves form the profit for the year ended 31 December 2006 which amounts to YTL 60,986,703. Remaining YTL 22,074,567 would be transferred to extraordinary reserves. Remaining balances of YTL 32,987,317 and by transferring YTL 12,012,683 from extraordinary reserves, cash dividend amounting to YTL 45,000,000 would be distributed to shareholders from nominal amounts of previous years' extraordinary reserves. As of 31 December 2007, YTL 44,974,454 of YTL 45,000,000 dividend has been paid and the remaining portion amounting to YTL 25,546 has been credited to due to related parties.

In accordance with the Communiqué No: XI-25, at 31 December 2006, the shareholders' equity schedule, based on which the dividend were distributed, are as follows:

	31 December 2006
Paid-in capital	24,534,143
Share premiums	1,092
Legal reserves	6,404,304
Extraordinary reserves	18,729,645
Special reserves	46
Inflation adjustment on equity items	48,224,949
Net profit for the period	60,986,703
Retained earnings	209,996
	159,090,878

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28 - RETAINED EARNINGS/ACCUMULATED LOSSES

	2007	2006
Retained earnings	209,996	209,996
	209,996	209,996

29 - NET FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION

Foreign currency risk represents the risk that the value of the financial instrument changes according to the changes in the foreign currency exchange rates. USD and Euro are the foreign currencies that can generate foreign currency risk. As of 31 December 2007, the Company's net foreign currency position comprised the following foreign currency based assets and liabilities:

31 December 2007			
Assets	USD	Euro	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	11,403,319	2,893,155	14,296,474
Accounts receivable	8,116,634	2,459,671	10,576,305
	19,519,953	5,352,826	24,872,779
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	(658,354)	(408,295)	(1,066,649)
Bank borrowings-short-term		(962,035)	(962,035)
Bank borrowings-long-term		(2,043,043)	(2,043,043)
	(658,354)	(3,413,373)	(4,071,727)
	18,861,599	1,939,453	20,801,052
		December 2006	
Assets	USD	Euro	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	4,598,608	3,870,565	8,469,173
Accounts receivable	9,339,000	3,142,943	12,481,943
	13,937,608	7,013,508	20,951,116
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	(582,441)	(297,028)	(879,469)
Bank borrowings-long-term	-	(15,330,095)	(15,330,095)
	(582,441)	(15,627,123)	(16,209,564)
	13,355,167	(8,613,615)	4,741,552

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30 - GOVERNMENT GRANTS

As of 31 December 2007, the Company has no investment incentives (31 December 2006: None).

31 - PROVISIONS, COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At 31 December 2007, the Company has letter of guarantee in the amount of YTL 3,059,300 (31 December 2006: YTL 3,108,181), and collaterals from banks in the amount of YTL 457,169 (31 December 2006: YTL 478,718), given to customs offices and domestic/foreign vendors.

As of 31 December 2007, the Company has purchase commitments amounting to YTL 144,025 (Euro 84,215) to various suppliers for the renovation of Gebze and Tarsus facilities and the capital expenditures for Eski•'5fehir facility to be completed during 2007. On 7 January 2008, the related loan has been paid back.

According to the loan agreement between the Company and ABN Amro, the ratio of the Company's financial debts to income before taxation and financial expense should be below 1.0 and the ratio of financial debts to stockholders' equity should be below 0.50 at the end of the each fiscal year. On 7 January 2008, the related loan has been paid back.

32 - BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

None (31 December 2006: None).

33 - SEGMENT REPORTING

None (31 December 2006: None).

34 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with the regulations of CMB effective from 1 January 2008, for the corporations listed on the stock exchange, it is stated that the minimum dividend distribution shall be applied as 20 % of the rate defined in "communiqué on principals regarding distribution of dividend or interim dividend that Publicly Held Joint Stock Companies are Subject to Regarding the Dividend Distributions" Serial: IV No: 27.

- In accordance with the decision taken in the general shareholders' meeting, this distribution shall be in the form of distributing the shares to be issued to the shareholders free of charge by adding the cash or the dividend to the capital or in the form of distributing a certain amount of cash and a certain amount of shares free of charge,
- In case, the first dividend amount determined in accordance with the first clause of the communiqué is lower than 5 % of the current paid/issued capital, this amount may be added to the capital of the company rather than to be distributed,

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34 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (Continued)

- Terms related to the dividend distribution dates defined in the 6th clause of the communiqué serial: IV, No: 27; (i) If the whole dividend will be distributed in cash, the exercise to distribute the dividends till end of the 5th month of the following accounting period shall be continued,
- (ii) If the dividends will be distributed as shares, application to the CMB shall be filed till end of the 5th month of the following accounting period so long as shares to be issued shall be registered by CMB and share distribution shall be completed till end of the 6th month,
- (iii) In case the options in sub clauses (i) and (ii) will be applied together, transactions defined in related sub clauses shall be performed separately but in the terms defined in each sub clause,

In case a decision relating to a proposal of dividend distribution is taken to be submitted to the approval of general shareholders' meeting by the board of directors of incorporated companies listed on the stock exchange and/or dividend distribution is directly settled in the general shareholders' meetings of incorporations, in accordance with the "Communiqu_ on Principals regarding Public Disclosure of Material Events Serial: VIII No: 39" relating to mentioned decisions, these statements shall also be disclosed in the amendment of the disclosure of material events and one copy of the statements shall be submitted to the CMB.

The Company repaid the bank loan from ABN Amro on 7 January 2008.

35 - DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

None.

36 - OPERATING INCOME

For the year ended 31 December, operating income comprised the following:

	2007	2006
Domestic sales	216,407,431	195,218,954
Export sales	52,230,916	47,697,714
Other	88,123	83,184
Gross sales	268,726,470	242,999,852
Less: Discounts and sales returns	(15,635,840)	(13,064,146)
Net sales	253,090,630	229,935,706
Less: Cost of sales	(157,272,781)	(152,569,473)
Gross profit	95,817,849	77,366,233

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37 - OPERATING EXPENSES

For the year ended 31 December, selling and marketing expenses comprised the following:

37.1 Selling and Marketing Expenses	2007	2006
Freight insurance expenses	10,630,566	9,712,303
Personnel expenses	4,661,280	4,864,271
Licence fee	2,092,268	1,523,742
Sales commissions	1,207,306	1,008,063
Advertisement expenses	1,201,183	1,636,804
Warehouse expenses	1,073,682	835,052
Agency service expenses	458,564	364,360
Exhibition and fair expenses	298,106	337,349
Other	1,096,013	998,204
	22,718,968	21,280,148

For the year ended 31 December, general administrative expenses comprised the following:

37.2 General Administrative Expenses	2007	2006
Personnel expenses	4,855,272	6,980,278
Transportation expenses	810,547	847,378
Depreciation and amortization (Note 19 and 20)	462,757	417,992
Travel expenses	254,852	409,327
Repair, maintenance and energy	333,621	322,426
Consultancy expenses	270,726	162,251
Telecommunication expenses	233,578	313,695
Membership fees	201,135	175,453
Rent expenses	110,106	127,519
Taxes other than on income	186,016	164,603
Representation expenses	126,796	130,935
Litigation expenses	87,988	156,443
Insurance expenses	44,418	51,238

İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

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37 - OPERATING EXPENSES (Continues)		
	2007	2006
Donations	3,510	206,910
Service expenses		725,483
Other	959,845	1,149,012
	8,941,167	12,340,943

For the year ended 31 December, operating expenses comprised the following:

	2007	2006
Selling and marketing expenses	22,718,968	21,280,148
General administrative expenses	8,941,167	12,340,943
	31,660,135	33,621,091

38 - INCOME /LOSS FROM OTHER OPERATIONS

For the year ended 31 December, income from other operations comprised the following:

38.1 Income From Other Operations	2007	2006
Reversals of bad debt allowance	69,249	212,505
Gain on sale of tangibles	51,977	1,034,555
Gain on sale of financial asset		23,024,165
Other	1,296,195	610,336
	1,417,421	24,881,561

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38 - INCOME FROM/LOSS FROM OTHER OPERATIONS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December, loss from other operations comprised the following:

38.2 Loss From Other Operations	2007	2006
Impairment on tangible assets*	2,953,015	
Idle capacity expenses **	1,874,360	
Loss on sale of tangible assets	132,872	394,218
Impairment on trade receivable	34,640	216,702
Other	311,117	1,855,479
	5,306,004	2,466,399

^(*) Since the glass and stone units of the Company have been renovated, the former units of the Company will not be used in the forthcoming periods. The Company reviewed the useful life of those units and has written off those units amounting to YTL 2,953,015. (**) Since the glass and stone wool production unit of the Company was subject to periodical general maintenance during the year 2007, expenses such as electricity, wages and salaries pertaining the maintenance period were classified to the expenses belonging to idle capacity.

39 - FINANCE INCOME/COST

For the year ended 31 December, net finance costs comprised the following:

	2007	2006
Interest income from credit sales	4,170,383	3,458,936
Currency gain	3,417,717	2,070,447
Interest income on time deposit	3,370,604	2,048,732
Interest expense on borrowings	(647,691)	(2,187,656)
Guarantee expenses	(664,111)	(423,319)
Currency loss	(4,990,128)	(2,109,662)
	4,656,774	2,857,478

40 - MONETARY GAIN/LOSS

By the resolution taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB has publicly announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of inflation accounting is no longer required (Note 2). Accordingly, the Company has not generated monetary gain or incurred loss for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006.

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41 - TAXES

In accordance with Article No. 32 of the new Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 published in the Official Gazette No. 26205 dated 21 June 2006, corporate tax rate is reduced from 30% to 20%. Accordingly, effective from 1 January 2006, statutory income is subject to corporate tax at 20%.

As per the decision no.2006/10731 of the Council of Ministers published in the Official Gazette no.26237 dated 23 July 2006, certain duty rates included in the articles no.15 and 30 of the new Corporate Tax Law no.5520 are revised. Accordingly, the withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the non-resident institutions generating income in Turkey through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions, increased from 10% to 15%.

The transfer pricing provisions have been stated under the Article 13 of Corporate Tax Law with the heading of "disguised profit distribution via transfer pricing". The General Communique' on disguised profit distribution via transfer pricing, dated 18 November 2008 sets about implementation.

If a tax payer enters into transactions regarding sale or purchase of goods and services with related parties, where the prices are not set in accordance with arms' length principle, then related profits are considered to be distributed in a disguised manner through transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions through transfer pricing are not accepted as a tax deductible for corporate income tax purposes. Corporations are required to pay advance corporation tax quarterly at the rate of 20% on their corporate income. Advance tax is declared by the 10th of the second month following each calendar quarter end and is payable by the 17th of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Tax payments that are made in advance during the year are being deducted from the total final tax liability of the fiscal year. The balance of the advance tax paid may be refunded or used to set off against other liabilities to the government. In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns on the fifteenth date of the four months following the close of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

As at 31 December, total tax liabilities comprised the following:

	2007	2006
Corporate tax provision (Note 23)	13,129,951	9,607,600
Taxes paid in advance (Note 23)	(9,449,641)	(7,215,189)
Deferred tax liability (Note 14)	2,596,991	2,492,197
	6,277,301	4,884,608

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41 - TAXES (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December, taxation expense in the income statement comprised the following:

	2007	2006
Current tax	(13,129,951)	(9,607,600)
Deferred tax income/(charge)	(104,794)	1,576,521
	(13,234,745)	(8,031,079)

The reported taxation charge for the period ended 31 December 2007 are different than the amounts computed by applying statutory tax rate to profit before tax as shown in the following reconciliation:

		2007
		%
Profit before tax	64,925,905	
Tax rate	20,00%	
Taxes on reported profit per statutory tax rate	(12,985,181)	(20.00)
Unrecognized deferred taxes from prior year temporary differences	(207,052)	(0.32)
Non-deductible expenses	(21,778)	(0.03)
Other	(20,734)	(0.03)
Taxation charge	(13,234,745)	(20.38)

42 - EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year ended 31 December 2007 amounting to YTL 51,691,169 (31 December 2006: YTL 60,986,703) to the weighted average of the shares during the period.

	2007	2006
Net profit	51,691,160	60,986,703
Number of weighted average of ordinary shares	2,453,414,335	2,453,414,335
Earnings per share (Ykr per share)	0.02107	0.02486

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43 - CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flow statement has been presented together with the financial statements.

44 - OTHER MATTERS THAT SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OR MAKE THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND UNDERSTANDABLE

44.1 Financial Risk Management

Due to its operations, the Company is subject to various financial risks including market prices and effects of changes in foreign currency and interest rates. The aggregate risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of the financial markets and aims at minimizing the potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

44.1.1 Interest rate risk

The Company is subject to the interest rate risk due to impact of changes in the interest rates on the interest rate sensitive asset and liabilities.

An increase of 100 basis points (1%) in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased net profit by YTL 302,260. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis in 2006.

	2007	2006
Net profit increase (per 1% increase in interest rates)		
Fair value sensivity for fixed rate instruments (time deposits)	332,310	547,858
Cash flow sensivity for variable rate instruments (borrowings)	(30,050)	(394,000)
	302,260	153,858

44.1.2 Credit risk

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Approximately 10% of the Company's revenue is attributable to sales transactions with a single customer.

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44 - OTHER MATTERS THAT SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OR MAKE THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND UNDERSTANDABLE(Continued)

The geographical concentration of receivables excluding related parties exposed to the credit risk as at 31 December 2007 is as follows:

	2007
1.District Office (Marmara, West Black Sea Regions)	27,607,051
2. District Office (Central Anatolia, Middle Black Sea Regions)	11,620,922
3. District Office (South East Anatolia, East Anatolia, East Black Sea Regions)	9,097,778
4. District Office (Aegean and Mediterranean Sea Regions)	8,401,569
Middle East, Balkans, Africa and Others	7,028,224
	63,755,544

31 Aralık 2007 tarihi itibariyle bayi ve müşterilerden alınan 40,515,690 YTL tutarında teminat mektubu, 4,918,960 YTL tutarında ipotek, 11,927,779 YTL tutarında eximbank teminatı ve 769,279 YTL tutarında teminat senedi bulunmaktadır

44.1 Financial Risk Management

As of 31 December 2007, the Company has a letter of guarantee amounting to YTL 40,515,690, mortgage amounting to YTL 4,918,960, eximbank guarantee amounting to YTL 11,927,779 and collaterals taken as notes amounting to YTL 769,279 that are taken from customers and agencies.

The ownership of the financial assets brings the risk of not meeting the obligations of the agreement of the counter party. The Company manages those risks by restricting the average exposure to a counter party (except for related parties) in each agreement and by obtaining collaterals where deemed as necessary. The Company operates most of its business through the agencies in the domestic market. The Company collects letter of guarantees, mortgages and notes collected before the sales from the agencies in order to minimize the risk. The Company reviews on an ongoing basis those collateral with the orders of the agencies that exceeds those collaterals. The provisions set for the bad debt receivables seems within the limits when taking into consideration of the past experiences of the collection of trade receivables. Therefore, the Company, except for the provision set for the bad and doubtful receivables, the Company does not foresee additional risks for the outstanding receivables of the Company.

Most of the Company's customers have been franchising with the Group since the establishment of the Company, and losses have occurred infrequently. The establishment has not been much loss due to receivables from these customers. In monitoring credit risk, customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics and customer types. Most of the trade receivables consist of the receivables from agencies. The Company makes provisions for its doubtful receivables after a problem arises in collection from the related customer and when the lawyer of the customer is informed for to take legal action.

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As of 31 December, aging of trade receivables exposed to credit risk according to customer type is as follows;

	Gross Receivables	Impairment
Not past due	58,221,598	
Past due 0-30 days	4,001,078	
Past due 31-120 days	1,532,868	4,639
More than one year	711,342	706,703
	64,466,886	711,342

44.1.3 Guarantees

In accordance of the Company policy, total guarantees given generally to custom houses, domestic suppliers and tax offices is amounting to TRY 3,516,469.

44.1.4 Currency Risk

The Company's net assets are exposed to currency risk on export sales, purchases from abroad and foreign currency denominated bank borrowings. The Company has been following a balancing policy in order to minimize the exposure from currency risk. The Company is exposed to the currency risk due to its net assets, export sales and borrowings in foreign currency. For the exchange rate risk, the management of the Company strictly follows up stabilizing foreign exchange position (Note 29).

Under the assumption that a 10 percent depreciation of the YTL against the other currencies as of 31 December 2007 would have increased the net profit of the Company by the amount TRY 2,080,105 (2006: TRY 474,155). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2006.

	2007	2006
Net profit increase/(decrease)		
Euro	193,945	(861,362)
USD	1,886,160	1,335,517
	2,080,105	474,155

44.1.5 Liquidity risk

By the cash inflows provided from the operating activities, the Company utilizes its requirements for current and future funding and the remaining portion of those cash inflows are utilized in time deposits with short-term maturities. The Company finances the capital expenditures by the long-term borrowings utilized from the financial institutions. The Company makes it's repayments of its borrowing from the cash inflows provided from operating activities through the productivity from those capital expenditures.

İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

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The below table shows the monetary assets and liabilities of the Company according to their remaining maturities as of 31 December 2007 and 31 December 2006.

31 December 2007						
	0-30 Days	30-90 Days	90-180 Days	180-365 Days	More then 365 days	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	34,578,198					34,578,198
Trade Receivables, net		63,755,545				63,755,545
Due from Related Parties,net	117,274					117,274
Short-term Other Receivables	12,310					12,310
Other Current Assets	212,163	134,500				346,663
Total monetary assets	34,919,945	63,890,045				98,809,990
Short-term Financial Liabilities	3,005,078					3,005,078
Trade Payables	15,303,655					15,303,655
Due to Related Parties (net)		478,606				478,606
Expense Accruals	756,621	2,985,493			3,795,931	7,538,045
Other Liabilities	6,692					6,692
Total monetary liabilities	19,072,046	3,464,099			6,392,922	28,929,067

İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

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31 December 2006	0-30 Days	30-90 Days	90-180 Days	180-365 Days	More then 365 days	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	55,752,338					55,752,338
Trade Receivables,net		52,631,019				52,631,019
Due from Related Parties,net	516,351					516,351
Short-term Other Receivables	13,194					13,194
Other Current Assets	2,509,470	157,176				2,666,646
Total monatery assets	58,791,353	52,788,195				111,579,548
Trade Payables	18,787,522					18,787,522
Due to Related Parties (net)		380,971				380,971
Long-term Financial Liabilities				4,364,250	10,965,845	15,330,095
Expense Accruals	724,562	1,950,962			3,683,944	6,359,468
Other Liabilities	457,045					457,045
Total monetary liabilities	19,969,129	2,331,933		4,364,250	17,141,986	43,807,298

The application and realization of 'Institutional Administrative Principles', accepted by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey (SPK) with decision No. 35/835, dated 04.07.2003, and made public in July, 2003, is important especially in regard to the credibility and financing means of companies which are open to the public. These principles, displaying institutional administrative quality, have been adopted by our company, and are already being partially implemented. The other principles whose application is required alongside those already in effect will be implemented as soon as the necessary administrative and technical infrastructure is completed.

According to SPK's decision No. 48/1588 dated 10.12.2004, it was found relevant for companies whose shares are active in Istanbul Stock Market (IMKB) to publish their conformity to Institutional Administrative Principles, both as part of their activity reports starting with the year 2004, and on their websites, should they have one. Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş, has added the following information about conforming to the principles to Annual Reports since 2005

SECTION I - SHAREHOLDERS

Section about Relations with Shareholders

In Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. relations with shareholders are organized by a special unit formed by the Assistant General Manager responsible for Financial and Administrative Activities. The Unit is mainly responsible for the following activities:

- Introducing our company to individual and institutional investors; informing potential investors and shareholders of our activities.
- Meeting information requests from graduate and post-graduate students and faculty members doing research about our company and the sector.
- Organizing the Company's General Board Meeting, preparing relevant documentation for the shareholders, sending the minutes of the meeting to those who request it.
- Keeping our shareholders informed.
- Informing IMKB and SPK of Special Condition Declarations according to SPK's VIII Series, No. 39, announcement.
- Making the necessary preparations before a General Board Meeting, preparing the documentation, and obtaining and presenting for the General Board's approval preliminary permissions pertaining to the main contract.
- Following any and all changes in the legislation pertaining to the Capital Markets Law, and informing the relevant departments of the company.

Assistant General Manager, Financial – Administrative: Hasan Basri Eröktem

Tel: 0262 754 63 90 Fax: 0262 754 61 62

E- mail : eroktem@izocam.com.tr

Personnel responsible for relations with shareholders:

Doruk Özcan ozcan@izocam.com.tr

Müyesser Çıngay cingay@izocam.com.tr

İpek Gürbey gurbey@izocam.com.tr

During the year 2007, meetings were held for the purpose of giving detailed information to present and potential shareholders about the company, with 2 different investors from Turkey.

Usage of the Shareholders' Right to Knowledge

No discrimination is made at Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. among shareholders in respect to the usage of the right to receive and analyze information.

In order to extend the rights of shareholders to relevant information, any and all information pertaining to this right are made available freely through electronic media. The following information can be reached through the company's website (www.izocam.com.tr), as well as financial reports:

- Company's Main Protocol
- The date of the General Board Meeting, in which newspapers it was announced, the agenda, commentary on the items on the agenda.
- General Board Meeting minutes and list of attendees.
- SPK Special Condition explanations
- Power of Attorney sample
- Shareholder structure of the company
- Information about the Executive Board members and the upper echelon executives
- Frequently asked questions
- Investor reports.

Our Company Protocol does not consider the appointment of a special auditor as an individual right. There has never been any request from our shareholders in this respect, either. Company activities are analyzed periodically by an Independent External Auditor (KPMG) and the auditors chosen by the General Board.

Information about the General Board

During 2007, the Executive Board had one Ordinary meeting. A majority participation was achieved for it. Shareholders (through proxy) and media attended the meeting.

Invitation to the Board meeting is extended by the Executive Board according to Turkish Commerce Law, Capital Markets Law and company protocol. As soon as the Executive Board reaches a decision to hold a General Board meeting, IMKB and SPK, as well as the Central Registry Agency (MKK) are notified, and the public informed.

At least 21 days before the General Board Meeting, the address where the meeting will be held, drafts of proposed changes to company protocol, if any, and a proxy sample are published in the Turkish Commerce Register and on our website, according to the Capital Markets Communiqué. These announcements also contain the address where independently audited financial information pertaining to the period under discussion can be viewed.

Every shareholder taking the floor during a General Board meeting can express his views about company activities, ask questions of the administration, request information and receive answers. Our Board meeting is conducted under the observation of a Government Commissar from the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

In the Board Meeting of 2007, suggestions from the major shareholders of the company were taken into consideration.

The Minutes of the General Board Meeting can be viewed on our website. They are also available at our headquarters for our shareholders on request.

Voting Rights and Minority Rights

There is no concession in our company protocol about the casting of votes. There are no companies among our shareholders of which we are shareholders.

Profit Sharing Policies and Profit Sharing Times

The profit sharing policy of our company is not to pay less than distributable profit calculated according to SPK notifications, as dividend to its shareholders, keeping in mind long term strategies, investment and financing plans and profiting conditions. The dividends to be paid can be all cash, all assets (from the company), or part cash and part assets.

There are no priorities in the sharing of profits in our company protocol.

Dividend payments take place according to TTK and SPK and within the legal time periods.

Transferring Shares

Our company protocol has no applications or legislature to complicate or inhibit the free transfer of shares by our shareholders.

SECTION II – INFORMING THE PUBLIC AND TRANSPARENCY

Company Information Policy

In our company, the department responsible for keeping the public informed is the Assistant Managership for Finance and Administration. They inform the public of relevant facts at regular intervals.

Special Condition Announcements

Our company has made 6 special condition announcements during 2007. There have not been any additional announcements made on the request of SPK or IMKB. As our company is not quoted in foreign stock markets, it is not necessary to make any Special Condition Announcements to any institution other than SPK and IMKB. As the Special Condition Announcements were made within the time limit stipulated by law, no sanctions were applied by SPK.

Company Website and Content

Our company, with the aim of conducting investor relations more effectively and speedily, and being in constant communication with its shareholders, publishes its financial reports prepared for SPK on its official website, in both Turkish and English.

Divulging the Real Person Controlling Shareholder/Shareholders

There is no special condition effecting investors in divulging the real persons and owners of the company.

Announcing the Persons With Internal Information to the Public

In order to protect the balance between transparency and company expediency, it is very important that all company personnel are careful about conforming to the rules about the usage of internally acquired knowledge. Any information gained during working hours about the company that is not desirable for those outside the company to know, or information that can be classified as trade secrets, are considered to be "Company Information". All personnel, while they are employed by Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş, and afterwards, are expected to protect and not use, either directly or indirectly, company information.

No Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. employee can use information gained as a result of his employment for monetary gain through buying or selling shares in Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

SECTION III – BENEFICIARIES

Informing Beneficiaries

Beneficiaries of the company are kept informed in issues pertaining to themselves through invitations to relevant meetings or through telecommunications.

Human Resources Policy

According to the human resources policy of our company, the criteria for employment and advancement are set in writing. Our Human Resources process aims to provide:

- The right person for the right job
- Equal pay for equal work
- Merit based on success
- Equal opportunity for all,

And based on this, continually develop the abilities of our manpower and protect our superiority in a global environment of rivalry. The operation of human resources systems established to this end is defined by procedures and announced to all employees.

Information About Relations with Customers and Suppliers

Customer satisfaction in the marketing of products and services is our first and foremost aim. Customer satisfaction is always checked and reported on.

SECTION IV – EXECUTIVE BOARD

The Structure and Formation of the Executive Board

There is no discrimination between executive and non-executive members on the Executive Board of our company. After the General Board meeting where the Executive Board members are chosen, Executive Board Chairman and Deputy Chairman are chosen by a decision about duty assignments. If a chair on the Board becomes vacant during a term, the Article No. 315 of the Turkish Trade Law is applied.

It is necessary for the Executive Board Chairman and members to get the approval of the General Board according to Articles 334 and 335 of the Turkish Trade Law if they are occupied with activities within the scope of the company either in their own name or under the name of others, or to become partners in companies with similar fields of activity.

The Mission, Vision and Strategic Aims of the Company

The strategic aims set in conjunction with the vision and mission of our company are evaluated by the Executive Board.

The Authority and Responsibilities of the Executive Board Members and Executives

The authorities and responsibilities of the Executive Board members are clearly defined in the Company protocol. The authorities are also defined in detail in the signature circular of the company.

Working Principles of the Executive Board

The agenda for Executive Board meeting is set by notification of the upper echelon executives and Executive Board members by the relevant departments of matters that, according to the company protocol, must be settled by Executive Board decision. The agenda can also be defined by any Executive Board member passing on a request to the company executives for a decision that needs to be reached on a specific matter.

The subjects that are required to be discussed at an Executive Board meeting is collected and consolidated by the Deputy General Management for Finance and Administration, and the agenda is set.

The Deputy General Manager Responsible for Finance and Administration of İzocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. has been charged with setting the agenda for Executive Board meetings, preparing Executive Board decisions taken according to Article 330/II of the Turkish Trade Law, informing the Executive Board members and facilitating communications.

The Executive Board votes on decisions as necessary, but with the minimum members stipulated by the company protocol.

Any and all opposition and opposing votes declared during Executive Board meetings are taken down in the minutes of the meeting. On the other hand, no such announcement has been made to the public recently as there has not been any opposition of the sort.

Number, Structure and Independency of Committees formed by the Executive BoardOur company has one committee with two members responsible for the supervision of the Executive Board to ensure the proper execution of their duties and responsibilities.

Financial Renumeration for the Executive Board

Jun

Financial renumeration for the members of the Executive Board is decided at the General Board Meeting.

CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

KENT DOUGLAS JENSEN

MAIN OFFICE.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND PRODUCTION PLANTS

MAIN OFFICE, TEKIZ PANEL PRODUCTION PLANT AND EXPORT MANAGEMENT

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Export Dep. Fax: +90 216 365 67 44 District Office Fax: +90 216 364 45 31

GENERAL MANAGEMENT,

GEBZE STONEWOOL, IZOPOR AND FOAMBOARD (PLASTICS) PRODUCTION PLANTS

Dilovası Mevkii

41455 Gebze-KOCAELİ

Tel: +90 262 754 63 90/6 hat-754 81 65/6 hat

Fax: +90 262 754 61 82 - 754 61 62

Stonewool Plants

Fax: +90 262 754 51 57

Plastics Plants

Fax: +90 262 754 66 87

E - mail: izoposta@izocam.com.tr

TARSUS GLASWOOL PRODUCTION PLANT

Adana Mersin Karayolu Üzeri Konaklar Köyü Kelli Mevkii P.K. 69 33401 Tarsus - İÇEL

Tel: +90 324 616 25 80/8 hat Fax: +90 324 616 25 90

ESKİŞEHİR RUBBER AND POLYETHYLENE PRODUCTION PLANT

Eskişehir Organize Sanayi Bölgesi 15. Cadde Şehitler Bulvarı 26110 ESKİŞEHİR

Tel: +90 222 236 14 80 Fax: +90 222 236 14 79