

TİCARET VE SANAYİ A.Ş.

47th ORDINARY GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING Registered Capital: 60.000.000.-TL (Sixty Million Turkish Lira)

Issued Capital:
24.534.143,35 TL
(Twentyfour million five hundred thirtyfourthousand one hundred fourtythree Turkish Lira thirtyfive Turkish Kuruş)

THE ANNUAL REPORT OF 47^{th} ORDINARY GENERAL ASSEMBLY MEETING HELD ON 26TH MARCH 2012 AT 11:00 HOURS IN HOTEL DEDEMAN, YILDIZ POSTA CADDESI NO:50 ESENTEPE 34340 ISTANBUL, TÜRKİYE

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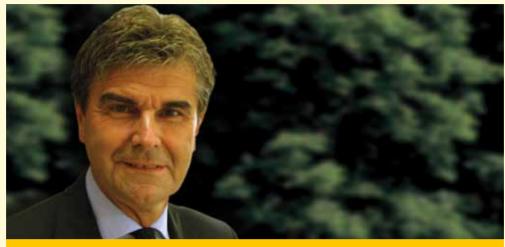
MEETING AGENDA

- 1. Opening ceremony and election of the Presidential Board,
- 2. Disclosure and discussion of the Board of Directors Report, Auditor's Report, and the Independent Audit Report of Akis Bagimsiz Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müsavirlik AS (KPMG) pertaining to the activities and accounts of the year 2011 approval, or approval upon amendment or disapproval statement of the proposal of the Board of Directors pertaining to Balance Sheet and Income Statement of the year 2011,
- 3. Seperately releasing of the members of the Board of Directors and auditors pertaining to their activities in the reporting year 2011,
- 4. Approval, approval upon amendment or disapproval of the distribution of the dividends out of the profit of 2011 reporting year and of the proposed date for dividend distribution,
- 5. Determination of the total number of Board Members, the election of the Independent Board Members who are determined by Audit Committee together with the selection amendments of other Board Members and determination of their duty periods of Board Members.



- 6. Re-election or amendment of the auditors, whose duty periods have expired,
- 7. Determination of remuneration to be paid to the Chairman and Board members and auditors,
- 8. Informing the General Assembly about the donations performed in the year 2011 to foundations and associations with social aid purposes.
- 9. Informing the shareholders about dividend distribution policy and Principles of Conduct and Actions of the Company in accordance with the Corporate Governance Principles.
- 10. Authorization of the Board members as per Articles 334 and 335 of the Turkish Commercial Code in order to enable them to perform activities that fall within the scope of the Company's business on their behalf or on behalf of third parties and to become shareholders to companies which perform such activities
- 11. Sign off the minutes of the General Assembly meeting by the Presidential Board.
- 12. Wishes

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



GIANNI SCOTTI • Chairman of the Board



SAMIR KASEM • Vice Chairman of the Board



PATRICE LAMBERT • Member



WILLIAM MARK SCHMITZ • Member



A. NURI BULUT • Member - General Manager

AUDIT BOARD





Ahmet Sezer Engin and Deniz Tekdemir were appointed for the March 25, 2011 - March 26, 2012 period.

INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL CONTROL ENTITY

2011 accounts were audited by Akis Bagimsiz Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müsavirlik AS (KPMG).

PRESENTED TO 47th ORDINARY GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF IZOCAM TICARET VE SANAYI A.S. HELD ON 26th MARCH 2012

ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Esteemed Shareholders.

Welcome to our Ordinary General Assembly held in order to analyze and finalize 2011 activity results of our Company. We would like to thank you for the attention you have shown and greet you respectfully.

We would like to give information about our 2011 works, to analyze our financial statements showing the activity results and to submit them to your approval in this meeting, which is the 47th of our Shareholders General Assembly.

AMENDMENTS ON ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

There has not been any amendment on the Articles of Association of our company in 2011.

CAPITAL

The registered capital ceiling of our Company is 60 Million TL while the issued capital is 24.534.143,35 TL. There has not been any change in the issued capital of our company within the period.

Within 2011, a performance convenient with the general development in IMKB (Istanbul Stock Exchange) 100 index has been observed in Company share prices.

Dividend amounts distributed within the last three years are as follows:

158,96 % over the paid capital in 2009

114,03 % over the paid capital in 2010

116,95 % over the paid capital in 2011

PARTNERSHIP ACTIVITY WITHIN THE SECTOR

Our Company has reserved its distinguished position within the insulation industry sector of our country where it acts as a leader since its establishment and improves its sector of activity even more with the new products it has added to the range of production.

Glass wool and stone wool, which are referred to as mineral wools forming an important part of the production subject and total sales amount of our Company, are produced in various types, shapes and mixtures and have a wide field of use as heat and sound insulation materials in industrial and agricultural facilities, energy investments and residential sector.

Other product groups we manufacture are Expanded and Extruded Polystyrenes. These products are widely used especially in wet and cold insulation applications.

Roof and side panels (with and without insulation), partition and suspended roof products are manufactured in our Tekiz Panel Production Facility within Dudullu Organized Industrial Zone in Istanbul.

Elastomeric rubbers produced in Eskisehir, on the other hand, are used predominantly in the insulation of pipes, tanks and similar cold installations.





INVESTMENTS

Various capacity, productivity and quality increasing investments have been made on the current facilities within the year.

Board of Directors decreed with its decision dated 11 August 2010 and numbered 658 that the stone wool oven in Gebze / Dilovasi is about to complete its technical life and that a series of investments should be made in 2011, 2012 and 2013 by taking into consideration the demand of market.

The construction of Extruded Polystyrene, Expanded Polystyrene and Tekiz Panel factories have been initiated respectively on the land having a surface area of 86.065,08 m2 purchased within Gebkim Organized Industrial Zone in 2010 and Extruded Polystyrene building has been completed, new machines have been mounted and commercial goods production has been initiated in June. One of the two current extruded polystyrene production lines in Gebze has been transferred to its new building constructed on the current land in Tarsus and has been put into use in November while the second line has been transferred to the building constructed in Gebkim Organized Industrial Zone and has been put into use in January 2012. Upon the completion of these investments, the extruded polystyrene production capacity has been increased up to 720.000 m3/year.

As previously decreed by the Board of Directors, revision and capacity increase investment operations of the stone wool facility have been initiated while the new line investment operations of Tekiz Panel facility are still in progress.

Values of our tangible assets as of the end of the year are provided below in comparison with the values of the previous year.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

(Calculated According to the Notifications of Capital Market Board)

(TL)	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Cost		
Lands and parcels	6.241.411	815.031
Land Improvements	4.627.353	4.586.428
Buildings	42.516.607	33.899.659
Plants, Machinery and Equipments	179.102.053	170.096.719
Vehicles	-	-
Fixtures, Special Costs	6.847.200	7.413.272
Construction in Progress	12.852.819	19.096.810
Advances Given	-	-
	252.187.443	235.907.919

TANGIBLE ASSETS (Continued)

(TL)	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Accumulated Depreciation		
Land Improvements	2.839.473	2.676.516
Buildings	20.781.730	19.717.115
Plants, Machinery and Equipments	147.988.790	138.581.282
Vehicles		
Fixtures, special costs	6.348.047	6.802.404
	177.958.040	167.777.317
Net book value	74.229.403	68.130.602

SECURITIES ISSUED

We do not have any issued securities.

FINANCIAL ASSETS

(Calculated According to the Notifications of Capital Market Board)

We do not have any financial asset.

PRODUCTION MOVEMENTS

2011 production amounts and capacity use rates in respect of goods are as follows:

(in a sum or in a sum of the 0010)	CAPACITY U	SE RATE %	PRODU	ICTION
(in comparison with 2010)	2011	2010	2011	2010
Mineral Wools (Ton)	71	69	74.715	72.932
Panel products (000 m ²)	83	76	1.867	1.705
Plastics (m³)	79	83	463.282	465.712

In 2011, the on-going economic crisis in the Euro zone has become even deeper; the efforts to overcome the crisis have always occupied the agenda of the world and EU countries especially Germany and France. The score deduction made by international scoring companies starting in USA has increased the borrowing costs of EU countries even more, which are already in a financial crisis, and has made it more difficult for them to find credits.

The economy of Turkey has maintained its growth despite the financial crisis continuing in Europe. GSMH (Gross National Expenditure) increased at a rate of 8,2% in the 3rd Quarter and the annual increase is estimated to be higher than 8%. The construction sector, in which our company takes place, has reached a growth of 10,6% in the 3rd Quarter.

Our total net turnover has increased at a rate of 14% and reached 286,4 million TL while our export revenues decreased at a rate of 5,5% and stayed at a level of 31 million US Dollars in comparison with the previous year. The intense competition, political and economic crisis in export markets played an important role in these results.

Quantities of our product sales included in our activity subject are given below in comparison with the year 2010.

(Calculated A	NET SALES coording to the Notifications of Capital M	arket Board)
(TL)	2011	2010
Domestic	250.929.843	215.732.846
Export	52.647.528	49.774.936
Other	151.551	140.072
Total Gross Sales	303.728.922	265.647.854
Discount and Returns	17.297.589	14.503.641
Net Sales	286.431.333	251.144.213

YIELD AND PRODUCTIVITY

Productivity rates have increased in all product groups except for plastics in parallel with the increases and decreases in the capacity use rates and used labor force hours.

Details about our yield coefficients are given below.

	YIELD COEFFICIENT %	
	2011	2010
Mineral Wools	93	93
Panel	96	87
Plastics	96	96

DETAILS OF FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Our balance sheet dated 31.12.2011 and statements about balance items prepared by our external auditing company in accordance with the Notifications of the Capital Market Board are submitted for your information in ANNEX-1. Similarly, our income statement is also submitted for your analysis in ANNEX-2 together with the comments.

Funds created in 2011 are allocated to investments, working capital increases, tax and dividend payments and short-term security purchases (Statement of Changes in Equity is shown in Annex-3, Cash Flow Statement is shown in Annex-4).

OTHER SUBJECTS

Our Company produces GLASS WOOL with the TEL process as of 1967 as the licensed company of Saint Gobain ISOVER (FRANCE); produces STONE WOOL with the SILLAN process as of 1993 as the licensed company of Saint Gobain ISOVER G+H (GERMANY); the EXTRUDED POLYSTYRENE facility, active since 1995, on the other hand, produces FOAMBOARD with the HYDROVAC process and the license of OWENS CORNING (AMERICA).

The ARMACELL GmbH (GERMANY) license has been obtained for ELASTOMERIC RUBBERS whose production was initiated in 2000.

Our Company is, at the same time, a member of "EURIMA" European Insulation Manufacturers Association and "EXIBA" European Extruded Polystyrene Insulation Board Association.

Our Tekiz facility is a member of Panama International Sandwich Panel Manufacturers Association.

OTHER SUBJECTS (Continued)

Our production is under continuous observation in the laboratories of our facilities; the results of these determinations are evaluated and necessary improvements are applied.

Our products are manufactured in our facilities carrying the Quality System, Environment System and Occupational Safety and Health System Certificates in line with the ISO 9001, ISO 14001 and OHSAS 18001 standards.

The Company has obtained the "CE" Conformity Certificates, which are made obligatory for insulation products in the European Union as of May 2003, for glass wool and stone wool products on 11 April 2003 and has obtained the right of free movement for its products in the European Union member countries. In 2007, EPS products were certified and the branding right has been obtained.

The conversion from HCFC gas, whose utilization will be banned in the near future, to HFC gas, which is environmentalist in the production of Foam board was successfully completed in 2008 and our Foam board product CE Certification works were completed within 2009.

Our stone wool and glass wool products have been entitled to receive EUCEB Certificate by passing the tests successfully in 2008 and 2009 respectively.

Our Stone wool products of various volumes have also obtained certificates (of non-flammability) and have been started to be used in ship building.

Within the framework of article 329 of the Turkish Commercial Code, it is not possible for our partnership to obtain its own shares. Our Company has made a total contribution of 65.595,40 TL in 2011 to foundations and similar social institutions.

The Competition Authority gave an administrative fine of 1.317.714,-TL to our Company due to the implementations contrary to the Law numbered 4054 and the justified decision regarding this decree was notified to the Company on 4 June 2010. The Company paid this fine at an amount of 988.286,-TL with a discount of twenty five per cent on 28 June 2010 by using its legal rights and a case was filed to the State Council on 19 August 2010 upon the demand to annual the mentioned decision and terminate its execution. There has not been any development about the case yet.

As per the policies of the Company, the total amount of guarantees given is 7.511.195,- TL (31 December 2010: 4.940.831,- TL) and these guarantees generally consist of letters of guarantee and notes submitted to customs houses, domestic suppliers, banks and tax offices.

ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIVITIES

Company's Director General Arif Nuri Bulut started his work life in Izocam in 1981, has taken charge in various administrative levels, worked as Deputy Director General (Technical) between 1996 and 2002 and was assigned as the Director General on 01.04.2002.

Hasan Basri Eroktem, working as the Company's Deputy Director General (Financial-Administrative) started his work life in Izocam in 1977, has taken charge in various administrative levels and was assigned as the Deputy Director General in 1993.

Fatih Oktem, working as the Company's Deputy Director General (Marketing), started his work life in Izocam in 1986, has taken charge in various administrative levels and was assigned as the Deputy Director General in 1997.

Our managers who are still in charge are listed below.

Our Company makes necessary works and arrangements to make the workers and representatives of the company to abide by the codes of conduct in their activities and to execute these rules.

NAME - SURNAME	TITLE
NAME - SOUNAME	IIILL
ARIF NURI BULUT	GENERAL MANAGER
HASAN BASRÍ ERÖKTEM	ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, FINANCE-ADMINISTRATION
FATİH ÖKTEM	ASSISTANT GENERAL MANAGER, MARKETING
NABİ AKPINAROĞLU	PRODUCTION DIRECTOR
DORUK ÖZCAN	CORPORATE ACCOUNTING MANAGER
ÖNER TORUN	BUDGET AND FINANCING MANAGER
NEJDET AVCI	INFORMATION SYSTEM MANAGER
MUSTAFA SELÇUK	PRODUCTION PLANNING AND LOGISTIC MANAGER
HALİL SITKI ERGÜN	ENGINEERING MANAGER
KEMAL GANİ BAYRAKTAR	TECHNICAL MARKETING MANAGER
VUSLAT GÖKÇE	HUMAN RESOURCES AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS MANAGER
DEMİR AHMET DEMİRTAŞ	EXPORT MANAGER
SERDAR SALBAŞ	1. DISTRICT SALES MANAGER
BÜLENT YILDIZ	2. DISTRICT SALES MANAGER
MUSTAFA RÜŞTÜ UZ	3. DISTRICT SALES MANAGER
NIHAT KÖŞGER	4. DISTRICT SALES MANAGER
HAKAN ÖZŞANLI	5. DISTRICT SALES MANAGER
AHMET UYSAL	TEKIZ SALES MANAGER

GEBZE STONE WOOL, STYROPOR AND FOAMBOARD PRODUCTION FACILITIES

ÖMER MEHMET ARUNOPERATING MANAGER (STONE WOOL)MEHMET BEZZAZOĞLUOPERATINF MANAGER (PLASTICS/ TEKIZ)

GÖKHAN SERİN QUALITY ASSURANCE MANAGER

EŞREF BİNGÖL RESEARCH&DEVELOPMENT MANAGER

İLHAN KARAAĞAÇ FOAMBOARD PRODUCTION MANAGER

OLCAY YULTAY PRODUCTION MANAGER (STONE WOOL)

TARSUS GLASS WOOL PRODUCTION FACILITY

KORAY MAHMUT TEMUÇİN OPERATING MANAGER

TIMUR ARAS ACCOUNTING AND ADM. AFFAIRS MANAGER

TEFİK YILDIZ PRODUCTION MANAGER

RAMAZAN TOK MAINTENANCE AND UTILITY SERVICES MANAGER

EVRİM YILDIZ QUALITY ASSURANCE MANAGER

UMRANIYE TEKIZ PANEL PRODUCTION FACILITY

ALÍ GÖKÇE ALKAN PRODUCTION MANAGER

HAKAN İMREN HUMAN RESOURCES AND ADM. AFFAIRS TEAM LEADER

ESKISEHIR RUBBER AND POLYETHYLENE PRODUCTION FACILITY

MEHMET ENGIN AK PRODUCTION FACILITY

An increase of 1.235.383,-TL has occurred in our benefit obligation calculated according to the Notifications of Capital Market Board as of 31.12.2011 and this amount has been included to the long-term liabilities of our balance sheet.

Generally accepted salary supplements are made to the personnel and workers of our Company and there are no personnel in our company who are members of a union.

There are not any indemnity or tax penalties arising from wrongful acts in 2011.

Our Company does not have any substantial incompatibility with public or private institutions.

PROFIT DISTRIBUTION PROPOSAL AND CONCLUSION

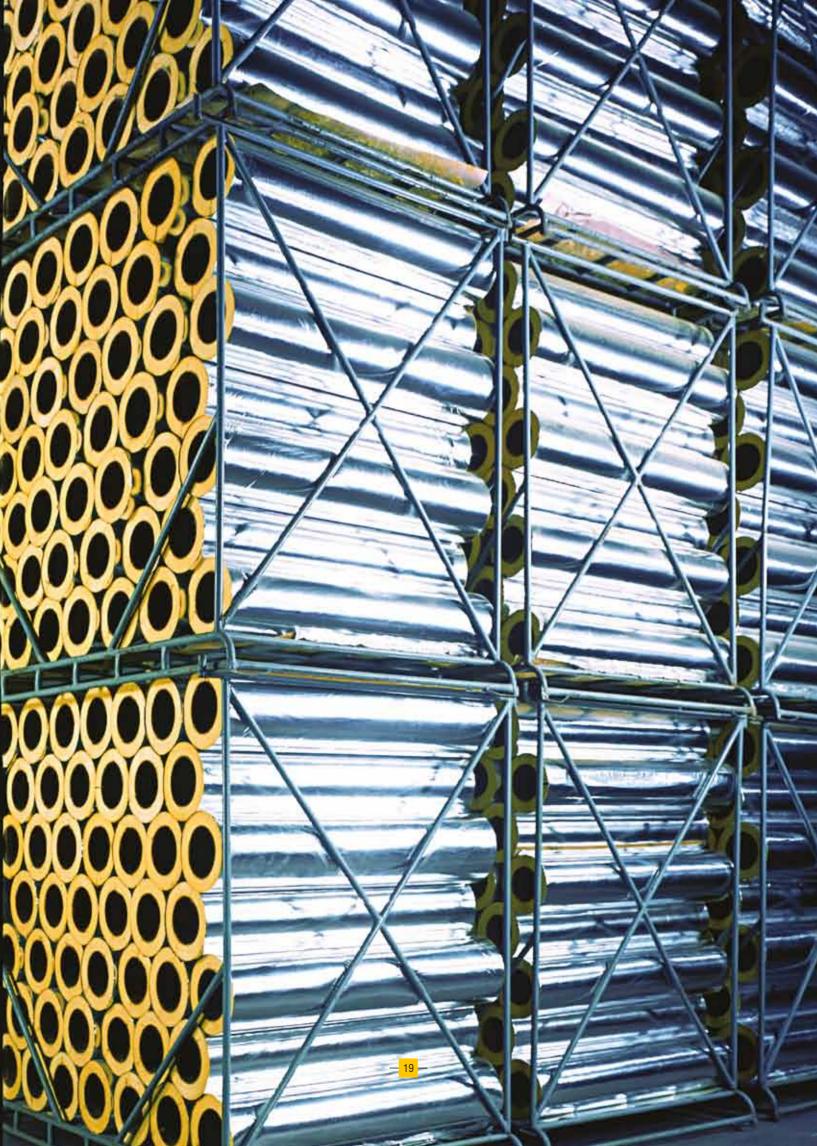
As set out in the financial statements and notes of these financial statements, issued as of December 31, 2011 pursuant the Capital Market Board's Communiqué under Serial: XI number 29, net profit of our Company has been declared as TL 34.624.441 in our income statement. In line with the Turkish Commercial Code, Capital Market Code and our Articles of Association, and based on the capital amounting to TL 24.534.143,35; out of this net profit TL 30.000.000 cash dividend distribution to share holders, allocation of TL 2.877.329,28 as 2. legal reserves additionally transferring TL 1.747.111,72 to extraordinary reserves is proposed,

Therefore to pay a gross=net cash dividend of TL 1,222785 per each share certificate with TL 1,00 par value to the full taxpayer entity and to narrow taxpayer entity partners which gain profit shares through a workplace or a resident representative in Turkey which correspond to 122,2785 % and to pay a gross cash dividend of TL 1,222785 and a net cash dividend of TL 1,039367 to other shareholders per each share certificate with TL 1,00 par value which corresponds to gross 122,2785 % and net 103,9367 % and to have the distribution process commenced on 28th March 2012.

I would like to greet you all on behalf of the Board of Directors with the hope to attain successful results in the years to come as has been the case up to date and to thank all our employees and executives for their valuable efforts in achieving our corporate targets.

The Chairman

GIANNI SCOTTI



İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ A.Ş. AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the General Assembly of Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

Results of the audits conducted by us in connection with the 2011 accounting year of the company are presented below to your consideration.

- 1. 2011 has become a successful year for the Company which performed its activities in accordance with the Capital Market Act and relevant legislation.
- 2. It has been seen that all the books and records set forth in Turkish Commercial Code and relevant legislation are kept and certifying documents are maintained properly and in full compliance with the said Act.
- 3. In our opinion, the financial statements issued in accordance with the Tax Procedures Law as well as those issued as of 31.12.2011 in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles published by the Capital Market Board reflect the actual financial situation of the Company on the said date and results of its activities performed in the same period correctly and truly.
- 4. It has been seen that decision on the Company's management are entered into the resolution book duly kent

As a result, we present the report issued by the Board of Directors and the financial statements prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles issued by the Capital Market Board as well as the Board's proposal on distribution of the profit to your consideration and approval.

Best Regards

İstanbul, 13th February 2012

DENIZ TEKDEMIR

AHMET SEZER ENGİN

CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

To the Board of Directors of İzocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Şirketi

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Şirketi, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2011, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Company Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting standards of Capital Market Board ("CMB"). This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards promulgated by CMB. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Şirketi as at 31 December 2011, and of its financial performance and it's cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the financial reporting standards (please see Note 2) promulgated by CMB.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in note 2.1, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and financial performance in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey.

Istanbul, 13 February 2012

Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

-H-j'S-

Hakkı Özgür Sıvacı

Partner,

İstanbul, Türkiye

MANAGEMENT



ARİF NURİ BULUT General Manager

FATİH ÖKTEM Assistant General Manager, Marketing

HASAN BASRİ ERÖKTEM Assistant General Manager, Financial - Administrative

IZOCAM TICARET VE SANAYI ANONIM ŞIRKETI
CONVENIENCE TRANSLATION INTO ENGLISH OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

Audited

	Note	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
ASSETS			
Current Assets		123,179,489	116.868.749
Cash and Cash Equivalents	4	30,167,968	37.713.219
Accounts Receivables	6	72,544,586	56.475.766
Due From Related Parties	25	1,175,654	661.141
Other Accounts Receivable		71,368,932	55.814.625
Inventory	8	19,957,988	17.712.498
Other Current Assets	14	508,947	4.967.266
Non-Current Assets		74,356,070	68.178.976
Other Receivables	7	3,955	2.868
Property, Plant and Equipment	9	74,229,403	68.130.602
Intangible Assets	10	86,762	45.035
Other Non-Current Assets	14	1,824	471
Deferred Tax Asset	23	34,126	
TOTAL ASSETS		197,535,559	185.047.725

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2011

Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

			ited
	Note	31 December 2011 31	December 2010
LIABILITIES			
Short-Term Liabilities		37,854,564	31.610.582
Loans and Borrowings	5	5,233,090	7.378.523
Trade Payable	6	22,827,894	18.213.399
Due To Related Parties	25	504,454	298.031
Other Trade Payable		22,323,440	17.915.368
Other Payables	7	1,597	13.908
Taxes on Income	23	2,851,061	1.571.566
Provisions	11	2,999,115	2.359.825
Other Short-Term Liabilities	14	3,861,922	1.975.499
Employee Benefits	13	79,885	97.862
Long-Term Liabilities		5,464,441	5.151.523
Employee Benefits	13	5,464,441	3.967.650
Deferred Tax Liability	23		1.183.873
EQUITY		154,216,554	148.285.620
Paid-in Capital	15	24,534,143	24.534.143
Inflation Adjustment on Capital	15	25,856,460	25.856.460
Share Premium	15	1,092	1.092
Restricted Reserves	15	27,105,565	24.358.885
Retained Earnings		42,094,853	41.972.182
Net Profit For The Period		34,624,441	31.562.858
TOTAL LIABILITIES		197,535,559	185.047.725

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2011**

Amounts expressed in Turkish Lira ("TL") unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise Audited

	Note	2011	2010
Revenues	16	286,431,333	251.144.213
Cost of Sales (-)	16	(204,988,643)	(173.547.543)
GROSS PROFIT		81,251,335	77.596.670
Selling, Marketing and Distribution Expenses (-)	17	(31,459,249)	(31.190.157)
Administrative Expenses (-)	18	(10,760,028)	(10.813.575)
Other Operating Income	20	203,345	990.737
Other Operating Expense (-)	20	(75,122)	(804.815)
OPERATING PROFIT		39,351,636	35.778.860
Finance Income	21	4,571,211	4.676.793
Finance Costs (-)	22	(605,162)	(1.044.209)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX		43,317,685	39.411.444
Current Tax Expense	23	(9,911,243)	(8.513.543)
Deferred Tax Credit	23	1,217,999	664.957
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		34,624,441	31.562.858
Earnings per share ("Kr")	24	0.01411	0,01286

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2011**

Amounts expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

					_	Restricted Reserves	serves			
	Notes	Rapid in Capital	Inflation Adjustment on Capital	Share Premium	Legal Reserves	Special Reserves	Total	Retained Earnings	Profit for the Year	Total Equity
Balances at 1 January 2010		24,534,143	25,856,460	1.092	21,683,781	46	21,683,827	41,972,182	30,652,349	144,700,053
Total comprehensive income										
Net profit for the year	15	:	;	1	!	1	;	:	31,562,858	31,562,858
Other comprehensive income		;	;	1	1	;	;	1	1	1
Total comprehensive income		:		:	2,675,058	:	2,675,058	27,977,291	31,562,858	31,562,858
Transfer to reserves	15	:	:	1	2,675,058	:	2,675,058	27,977,291	(30,652,349)	1
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		;	;	1	1	;	;	:	;	1
Contributions by and distributions to owners		:	:	1	1	:	i	1	;	1
Dividends to equity holder	15	:	:	1	1	1	:	(27,977,291)	:	(27,977,291)
Total transactions with owners		;	;	;	•	;	;	(27,977,291)	;	(27,977,291)
Balances at 31 December 2010		24,534,143	25.856.460	1.092	24,358,839	46	24,358,885	41,972,182	31,562,858	148,285,620
Balances at 1 January 2011		24,534,143	25.856.460	1.092	24,358,839	46	24,358,885	41.972.182	31,562,858	148,285,620
Total comprehensive income				:						
Net profit for the year	15	1	;	1	!	1	1	:	34,624,441	34,624,441
Other comprehensive income		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total comprehensive income				:	;	;	:	:	34,624,441	34,624,441
Transfer to reserves	15	1	1	1	2,746,680	1	2,746,680	28,816,178	(31,562,858)	1
Transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Contributions by and distributions to owners		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Dividends to equity holder	15	1	:	1	!	1	:	(28,693,507)	1	(28.693.507)
Total transactions with owners		:	;	;	:	;	;	(28,693,507)	;	(28.693.507)
Balances at 31 December 2011		24,534,143	25.856.460	1.092	27,105,519	46	27,105,565	42,094,853	34,624,441	154,216,554

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2011**

Amounts expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

Audited

		Au	artea
	Note	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net profit for the period		34,624,441	31.562.858
Adjustments to:			
Depreciation and amortization	9,10	11,918,539	11.630.470
Current tax expense	23	9,911,243	8.513.543
Deferred tax	23	(1,217,999)	(664.957)
Provision for employee severance indemnity	13	1,741,638	620.625
Provision for vacation pay liability	13	488,750	527.152
Finance income	21	(4,381,339)	(4.676.793)
Finance cost	22	605,162	719.464
Losses on sale of tangible assets	20	(27,670)	97.586
Allowance for bad debt receivables	6	24,020	409.698
Other non-monetary provisions		2,722,845	1.282.526
		56,409,630	50.022.172
Change in trade receivables	6	(15,578,327)	(7.837.823)
Change in due from related parties	25	(514,513)	(137.966)
Change in other receivables	7	(1,087)	
Change in restricted accounts	4	984,559	(2.233.901)
Change in inventories	8	(2,245,490)	(508.860)
Change in other current assets	14	4,458,319	441.851
Change in trade payable	6	4,408,072	2.390.888
Change in other noncurrent assets		(1,353)	(471)
Change in due to related parties	25	195,445	(894.164)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2011**

Amounts expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

Audited

	Note	31 December 2011	31 December 2010
Change in other payables		(12,311)	10.262
Change in other liabilities	14	1,886,423	826.180
Taxes paid		(8,631,748)	(8.950.685)
Interest paid		(473,315)	(154.507)
Employee severance indemnity paid	13	(638,102)	(820.629)
Provisions paid		(2,328,878)	(2.864.029)
Net cash from operating activities		37,917,234	29.288.318
Cash flows used in investing activities			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	9	(18,113,954)	(20.597.510)
Acquisition of intangible assets	10	(83,784)	(6.132)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		166,435	43.012
Advances given for tangible assets	14		(2.752.675)
Net cash used in investing activities		(18,031,303)	(23.313.305)
Financing activities			
Net change in loans and borrowings		(2,145,433)	7.021.309
Dividend paid	15	(28,682,529)	(27.966.189)
Interest received, net		4,433,577	4.723.654
Cash flows used in financing activities		(26,394,385)	(16.221.226)
Change in cash and cash equivalents, net		(6,508,454)	(10.246.213)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the per	riod	35,386,144	45.632.357
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	4	28,877,690	35.386.144

Organize San, Bölgesi 3, Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Amount expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

1 - ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi Anonim Şirketi ("Izocam" or the "Company") was established in 1965. The Company operates in production, importation and exportation of glasswool, stonewool, mineral wool, glass fiber, expanded and extruded polystyrenes, elastomeric rubber, polyethylene, insulated and noninsulated roof and front panels, partition and mezzanine.

As at 31 December 2011, Izocam Holding Anonim Şirketi has ownership intent of 95.07 percent within the Company through the shares acquired from Koç Group on 29 November 2006 and 10 July 2007 which represents non-quoted 1.501.330.396 shares with 61.19 percent ownership and the shares acquired from Istanbul Stock Exchange (ISE) which represents 831.117.304 shares with 33.88 percent ownership. Izocam Holding is a joint venture of Compagnie de Saint Gobain Group and Alghanim Group by 50 percent each.

The Company conducts some of its operations with its related parties namely Saint Gobain Group and Alghanim Group of companies. The Company has several related parties as their customers and suppliers (Note 25). The Company is registered at Capital Market Board ("CMB") and its shares are listed in ISE since 15 April 1981. As at 31 December 2011, 38.84 percent of the shares of Izocam are publicly traded at ISE.

As at 31 December 2011, the average number of employees of the Company is 434 (31 December 2010: 432) in which 189 (31 December 2010: 188) is comprised white collar employees and 245 (31 December 2010: 244) is comprised blue collar employees.

The address of the registered office of the Company is as follows:

Organize Sanayi Bölgesi

3. Cadde No.4 Yukarı Dudullu

34775 Ümraniye İSTANBUL

The head office address of the Company is as follows:

Dilovası Organize Sanayi Bölgesi

1. Kısım Dicle Caddesi No: 8

Dilovası / KOCAELİ

Organize San, Bölgesi 3, Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Amount expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Basis of Presentation

2.1.1 Statement of compliance

The Company maintains its book of accounts and prepares its statutory financial statements in Turkish Lira ("TL") in accordance with the Turkish Uniform Chart of Accounts, Turkish Commercial Code and Turkish Tax Code.

The accompanying financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting principles issued by CMB ("CMB Financial Reporting Standards"). CMB issued Communiqué No: XI-29 "Basis for Financial Reporting in the Capital Markets" ("Communiqué No: XI-29") published in the official gazette on 9 April 2008 with 26842 number. In Communiqué No: XI-29, CMB determines the principles, procedures and basis for preparing financial reports. Communiqué No: XI-29 is effective from the first interim period reporting after 1 January 2008 which supersedes Communiqué No: XI-25 "The Accounting Standards in Capital Markets" ("Communiqué No: XI-25"). In accordance with Communiqué No: XI-29, the companies are required to prepare their financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards as accepted by the European Union ("EU GAAP").

Accordingly, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with IFRS as at 31 December 2011.

With the governing decree law numbered 660 published in official gazette on 2 November 2011, the establishment article of TASB stated in the 2499 numbered law with an additional article number one has been superseded and the Council of Ministers decided to establish Public Oversight Accounting and Auditing Standards Agency ("Oversight Agency"). In accordance with the transitional article number one of the governing decree law, until the date of the issuing of standards and regulations by Oversight Agency, the existing regulations will be applied. Accordingly, as of reporting date, the Basis of Presentation has not been changed.

The financial position as of 31 December 2011 and its comprehensive income for the year then ended has been approved by the Board of Directors on 13 February 2012. The legal authorities of the General Assembly of the Company have the right to modify the issued financial statements.

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English:

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and its financial performance in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey.

2.1.2 Basis of presentation of financial statements

With the resolution taken on 17 March 2005, the CMB announced that, effective from 1 January 2005, the application of IAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" issued by IASB is no longer required for companies operating in Turkey and preparing their financial statements in accordance with CMB Accounting Standards.

The equity items including paid-in capital, share premium, legal reserves and special reserves are presented in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code basis amounts and the effects of inflation over those equity items as at 31 December 2004 were reflected in retained earnings.

The financial statements are prepared in TL based on the historical cost basis.

IZOCAM TICARET VE SANAYI ANONIM SIRKETI

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Amount expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.1.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in TL, which is the Company's functional currency. All financial information presented in TL unless otherwise stated. All other currencies are stated full unless otherwise stated.

2.1.4 Comparative information

The accompanying financial statements are prepared comparatively to present the tendency in the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company. If necessary, in order to meet the consistency with the presentation of the financial statements in the current period, comparative information is reclassed and related differences are explained in related notes (Note 11, and Note 14).

2.2 Changes in Accounting Policiess

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements. The Company consistently recognizes measures and presents the transactions, other events and situations with the same nature. Material changes in accounting policies or material accounting errors (if any) are corrected, retrospectively; restating the prior period financial statements.

2.3 Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

Effect of changes in accounting estimates affecting one period (if any) is recognized in the relevant period; effect of changes in accounting estimates affecting current and future periods is recognized prospectively.

2.4 Changes in IFRS

2.4.1 New standards and interpretations adopted in 2010 that have no effect on the Company's financials

As at 31 December 2011, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued two narrow amendments to IFRS 1.

The first amendment replaces references to a fixed transition date of '1 January 2004' with 'the date of transition to IFRSs', thus eliminating the need for companies adopting IFRSs for the first time to restate derecognition transactions that occurred before the date of transition to IFRSs. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 and it is not expected to have any impact on the financial statements. The second amendment has been explained in note 2.4.2.

IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments" is amended to add an explicit statement that the interaction between qualitative and quantitative disclosures better enables users to evaluate an entity's exposure to risks arising from financial instruments. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 and it does not have any impact on the financial statements.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IFRIC 13 "Customer Loyalty Programmes - Fair Value of Award Credit" amended to state that the fair value of award credits takes into account the amount of discounts or incentives that otherwise would be offered to customers that have not earned the award credits. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 and it does not have any impact on the financial statements.

IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting - Significant Events and Transactions" A number of examples have been added to the list of events or transactions that require disclosure under IAS 34. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 and it does not have any impact on the financial statements.

IASB issued interpretations about prepayments of a minimum funding (interpretations for IFRIC 14) on 26 November 2009. The amendments to IFRIC 14, which is itself an interpretation of IAS 19 applies in the limited circumstances when an entity is subject to minimum funding requirements and makes an early payment of contributions to cover those requirements. The amendment permits such an entity to treat the benefit of such an early payment as an asset. The amendment, Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement, has an effective date for mandatory adoption of 1 January 2011, with early adoption permitted.

The revised IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" amends the definition of a related party and modifies certain related party disclosure requirements government-related entities. The main changes to IAS 24 are:

A partial exemption from the disclosure requirements for transactions between a government-controlled reporting entity and that government or other entities controlled by that government; and

IASB agreed that the partial exemption from the disclosure requirements should be required to be made retrospectively, because this should result in a reduction of 'clutter' in the footnotes and an identification of better information about the nature and extent of significant transactions with the government.

In addition, IASB agreed that the definition of a related party should also be applied retrospectively from the effective date. In addition, the Board agreed that an entity should be permitted to adopt the partial exemption for government-controlled entities before the effective date even if it does not adopt the amended definition of related party until a later date.

IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements — Transition requirements for amendments made as a result of IAS 27 (2008) to IAS 21, IAS 28 and IAS 31" Consequential amendments to IAS 21 The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, IAS 28 Investments in Associates and IAS 31 Interests in Joint Ventures (as a result of prior amendments to IAS 27) to be applied prospectively, except for the amendments to IAS 28 and IAS 31 that solely are the result of renumbering in IAS 27 (2008). The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and it is not expected to have any impact on the financial statements.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.4.2 New Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Adopted as at 31 December 2011

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective as at 31 December 2011, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

As at 31 December 2011, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued two narrow amendments to IFRS 1. The first amendment is disclosed in note 2.4.1.

The second amendment provides guidance on how an entity should resume presenting financial statements in accordance with IFRSs after a period when the entity was unable to comply with IFRSs because its functional currency was subject to severe hyperinflation. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011 and it is not expected to have any impact on the financial statements.

IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments" is amended to will allow users of financial statements to improve their understanding of transfer transactions of financial assets (for example, securitizations), including understanding the possible effects of any risks that may remain with the entity that transferred the assets. The amendments also require additional disclosures if a disproportionate amount of transfer transactions are undertaken around the end of a reporting period. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011 and it is not expected to have any impact on the financial statements. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011 and it is not expected to have any impact on the financial statements.

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" has been issued on November 2009, by the IASB as the first step in its project to replace IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement". IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. The guidance in IAS 39 on impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting continues to apply. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 although entities are permitted to adopt them earlier prior periods need not be restated if an entity adopts the standard for reporting periods beginning before 1 January 2015.

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) has issued amendments to IAS 12 "Income Taxes" as at 31 December 2010. The amendments set out in Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets, result from proposals published for public comment in an exposure draft in September.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IAS 12 requires an entity to measure the deferred tax relating to an asset depending on whether the entity expects to recover the carrying amount of the asset through use or sale. It can be difficult and subjective to assess whether recovery will be through use or through sale when the asset is measured using the fair value model in IAS 40 "Investment Property". The amendment provides a practical solution to the problem by introducing a presumption that recovery of the carrying amount will, normally be through sale.

The amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax: Recovery of Underlying Assets introduce an exception to the general measurement requirements of IAS 12 Income Taxes in respect of investment properties measured at fair value. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012

As a result of the amendments, SIC-21 Income Taxes—Recovery of Revalued Non-Depreciable Assets would no longer apply to investment properties carried at fair value. The amendments also incorporate into IAS 12 the remaining guidance previously contained in SIC-21, which is accordingly withdrawn. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2012 and it is not expected to have any impact on the financial statements.

IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and are applied on a modified retrospective basis. This new Standard may be adopted early, but IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements and IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities should be also adopted early.

IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements" standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and are applied on a modified retrospective basis. This new Standard may be adopted early, but IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities" should be also adopted early. The standard describes the accounting for joint ventures and joint operations with joint control. Among other changes introduced, under the new standard, proportionate consolidation is not permitted for joint ventures. The amendment will have no effect on the financial statements.

IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities" standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and are applied on a modified retrospective basis. This new Standard may be adopted early, but IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements and IFRS. 11 Joint Arrangements should be also adopted early. The amendment will have no effect on the financial statements.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

IFRS 12 includes all of the disclosures that were previously in IAS 27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" related to consolidated financial statements, as well as all of the disclosures that were previously included in IAS 31 "Interests in Joint Ventures" and IAS 28 "Investment in Associates". These disclosures relate to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. Under the new standard it is expected that more comprehensive disclosures will be given for interests in other entities

Revised IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" provides guidance on how to measure fair value under IFRS but does not change when an entity is required to use fair value. It is a single source of guidance under IFRS for all fair value measurements. The new standard also brings new disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. IFRS 13 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013 and will be adopted prospectively. Early application is permitted. The new disclosures are only required for periods beginning after IFRS 13 is adopted that is, comparative disclosures for prior periods are not required. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Company.

IFRS 10 replaces the portion of IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements that addresses the accounting for consolidated financial statements. A new definition of control is introduced, which is used to determine which entities are consolidated. This is a principle based standard and require preparers of financial statements to exercise significant judgment. The Company does not expect that this standard will have a significant impact on the financial position or performance of the Company.

Amended IAS 19 "Employee Benefits" standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. With very few exceptions retrospective application is required. Numerous changes or clarifications are made under the amended standard. Among there numerous amendments, the most important changes are removing the corridor mechanism and making the distinction between short-term and other long-term employee benefits based on expected timing of settlement rather than employee entitlement. The Company is in the process of assessing the impact of the new standard on the financial position or performance of the Company.

The amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2012. The amendments to IAS 1 change only the grouping of items presented in other comprehensive income. Items that could be reclassified to profit or loss at a future point in time would be presented separately from items which will never be reclassified.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2011

Amount expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.5 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented. Significant accounting policies applied during the preparation of the financial statements are summarized as follows.

2.5.1 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies have been translated to TL at the exchange rates at the reporting date at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to TL at the exchange rates at that date.

Non-monetary items in foreign currency that are measured on historical cost are translated to TL with the exchange rates at date of the transaction. Foreign exchange gains or losses arising from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities are recognized in the profit or loss.

2.5.2 Financial instruments

Non-derivative financial assets

The Company initially recognizes loans and the receivables on the date they are originated. All other financial assets are recognized initially on the trade date at which the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Company is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The Group classifies non-derivative financial assets: loans and receivables.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are recognised initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

Loans and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents, and trade and other receivables, and due from related parties.

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash, deposits with maturity periods of less than three-months and highly liquid investments with maturity periods of less than three-months and having no conversion risk exposure other than the impact of foreign currency changes.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

The Company initially recognises financial liabilities on the trade date, which is the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

The Group classifies non-derivative financial liabilities into the other financial liabilities category. Such financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value less any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Other financial liabilities comprise loans and borrowings, due to related parties other short term liabilities.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.5.3 Property, plant and equipment

The costs of tangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are restated for the effects of inflation current at 31 December 2004 less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The costs of tangible assets purchased after 31 December 2004 are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (Note 9).

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. The cost includes the following items:

- The cost of materials and direct labor,
- Any other costs directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use:
- When the Company has an obligation to remove the asset or restore the site, an estimate of the costs
 of dismantling and removing the items and remaining the items and restoring the site on which they
 are located; and
- Capitalized borrowing costs if any.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss. Accordingly cost and calculated appreciation of the disposed items are derecognized.

When parts of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent costs

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. All other expense items are recognized in the profit or loss on an accrual basis.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is recognized on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the property, plant and equipment from the date of acquisition or assembly. Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis over short period of the lease term or the useful life.

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated from the date that they are installed and are ready for use, or in respect of internally conducted assets from the date that the asset is completed and ready for use.

Leased assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives unless it is reasonably certain that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term. Land is not depreciated.

The expected useful lives of property plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and land improvements 5-50 years
Machinery and equipment 3-25 years
Leasehold improvements 5-6 years
Furniture and fixtures 3-15 years

Land is not depreciated as it is deemed to have an indefinite life.

Depreciation method, economic useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date end and adjusted if appropriate.

2.5.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are comprised acquired software rights. The costs of intangible assets purchased before 1 January 2005 are restated for the effects of inflation current at 31 December 2004 less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. The costs of intangible assets purchased after 31 December 2004 are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses. The carrying amount of an intangible asset is reduced to its recoverable amount if there is impairment (Note 10).

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group. Ongoing repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred.

Amortization

Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis in profit or loss over their estimated useful lives for a period between three and nine years from the date of acquisition.

Rights 3-6 years

Amortization method, economic useful lives and residual values of tangible assets are revised at each reporting date end and adjusted if appropriate.

2.5.5 Leases

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Upon initial recognition the leased asset is measured at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Finance lease payments are presented at amortized cost of the minimum lease payments.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

2.5.6 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost or net realizable value. The cost of inventory includes procurement costs, conversion costs and all other relevant costs in bringing the inventories into their current state of manufacture and location. In the case of manufactured inventories, cost includes an appropriate share of production overheads based on normal operating capacity. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses (Note 8). The cost of inventories is determined on the moving monthly average basis.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.5.7 Impairment of assets

Financial assets

A financial asset not classified as at fair value through profit or loss is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if objective evidence indicates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that the loss event had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset that can be estimated reliably.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes default or delinquency by a debtor, restructuring of an amount due to the Company on the terms that the Company would not consider otherwise, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy.

The Company considers evidence of impairment for loans and receivables at both a specific asset and collective level. All individually significant assets are assessed for specific impairment. Those found not to be specifically impaired are then collectively assessed for any impairment that has been incurred but not yet identified. Assets that are not individually significant are collectively assessed for impairment by grouping together loans and receivables and held-to-maturity investment assets with similar risk characteristics.

In assessing collective impairment the Company uses historical trends of the probability of default, the timing of recoveries and the amount of loss incurred, adjusted for management's judgment as to whether current economic and credit conditions are such that the actual losses are likely to be greater or less than suggested by historical trends. The Company sets an allowance for its trade receivables which are assessed as the collections from those are remote other than the ones estimated as bad debt. The Company sets an allowance for its receivables which are uncollectible at their maturity or in legal follow up or no response or collections was received for the ones which notices sent. Subsequent to recognition of allowance against receivables, if the receivable balance has been collected, the collected amount has been reversed through profit or loss.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortised cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. Losses are recognised in profit or loss and reflected in an allowance account against loans and receivables or held-to-maturity investment securities. When a subsequent event (e.g. repayment by a debtor) causes the amount of impairment loss to decrease, the decrease in impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset or Cash Generating Unit ("CGU") is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or CGU.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the profit or loss. A CGU is the smallest group of units that generates cash inflows from continuing issue that are legally independent of the cash inflows of other units or group of assets.

Impairment losses recognized in respect of the cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

2.5.8 Employee benefits

According to the enacted labor related laws, the Company is liable to pay lump sum payments to its employees in case of retirement or the termination of the employment contract of the employees except for the rules stated in the labor laws. Such payments are computed according to the severance indemnity ceiling valid at the balance sheet date. Employee severance indemnity recognized as the present value of the estimated total reserve of the future probable obligation of the Company.

The Company makes compulsory premium payments to the Social Security Institution and does not have any other liabilities. These premium payments are accrued as they incur.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.5.9 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A provision is recognized in the accompanying financial statements if as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are reviewed to determine if there is a possibility that the outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Except for the economic benefit outflow possibility is remote such contingent liabilities is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements (Note 11).

If the inflow of economic benefits is probable than contingent assets have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. If the inflow of the economic benefit is more than likely to occur than such assets and profit or loss effect has been recognized in the financial statements at the relevant period that income change effect occurs.

2.5.10 Revenue

Revenue based on the fair value of the consideration taken from the sale of goods and services is recognized on an accrual basis when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, the amount of revenue is measured reliably, and recovery of the consideration and the inflow of economic benefits related with the transaction are probable. Net revenues represent the invoiced value of goods shipped less sales returns and sales discounts in profit or loss. The revenue is recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis. The product is shipped together with the good dispatch note which is also the basis of issuing the invoice for the system.

When the sales arrangement effectively constitutes a financing cost, the fair value of the consideration is determined by discounting all future receipts using an imputed rate of interest. The difference between the fair value and the nominal amount of the consideration is recognized as interest income on accrual basis (Note 21).

2.5.11 Government grants

Government grants including the non-cash loans are recognized in the financial statements when there is a reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Company will comply with the conditions associated with the grants.

Government grants are presented on the financial statements even when they comprise cash or a deduction of liabilities to the government.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.5.12 Finance income and expenses

Finance income is comprised interest income on time deposit, interest income from credit sales and foreign currency gains. Foreign exchange gain and losses are presented on a net basis. Finance expenses are comprised interest expenses of loans, factoring expenses and letter of guarantee commissions.

2.5.13 Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax liability is recorded at the profit or loss disregarding the tax effects of accounts directly recorded in the equity or in the other comprehensive income.

Current tax liability includes the tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted at the reporting date (Note 23).

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates based on the laws that have enacted by the reporting date. Temporary differences mainly arise from the timing differences of income and expenses accounted for reporting purposes and taxation purposes and capitalization and depreciation method differences over tangible and intangible assets.

Deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognized in the financial statements from the enacted or substantially enacted tax rates to the extent that the temporary differences in the subsequent periods will be reversed. Deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets when they are related to the income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity that intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously (Note 23).

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2.5.14 Earning per share

Earnings per share disclosed in the profit or loss are determined by dividing net earnings by the weighted average number of shares that have been outstanding during the related period concerned (Note 24).

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capital by making a pro-rata distribution of shares ("bonus shares") to existing shareholders from retained earnings and inflation adjustments on equity items. Such kind of bonus shares are taken into consideration in the computation of earnings per share as issued share certificates. For the purpose of earnings per share computations, the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period has been adjusted in respect of bonus shares issues without a corresponding change in resources, by giving them retroactive effect for the year in which they were issued and each earlier year.

2.5.15 Subsequent events

Subsequent events represent the events that occur against or on behalf of the Company between the balance reporting date and the date when financial statements were authorized for the issue. As at the balance sheet date, if the evidence with respect to such events or such events has occurred after the reporting date and such events require restating the financial statements; accordingly the Company restates the financial statements appropriately. If such events do not require restating the financial statements, such events have been disclosed in the related notes.

2.5.16 Expenses

Expenses are accounted for on an accrual basis. Operating expenses are recognized as they incur.

2.5.17 Paid-in capital and dividends

Ordinary shares are classified as paid-in capital (Note 15). Additional costs directly attributable to common stock issued after deduction of the tax effect is recognized as a decrease in equity. Dividends distributed on ordinary shares are offset with retained earnings in the period in which they are declared.

2.5.18 Related Parties

Subsidiaries, shareholders of the Company and companies of the shareholders, and also other companies managed by these companies or related to these companies and managers and directors of these companies are referred to as related parties according to IAS 24 – Related party disclosures (Note 25).

2.5.19 Cash flow statement

In the cash flow statement, cash flows are classified as operating, investing and financing activities. Cash flows from operating activities represent the Company's cash flows generated from operating activities. The Company presents the cash flows from operating activities by using the indirect method such as adjusting the accruals for cash inflows and outflows from gross profit/loss, other non-cash transactions, prior and future transactions or deferrals.

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2 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Cash flows from investing activities represent the cash flows used in/provided from investing activities (capital expenditures).

Cash flows from financing activities represent the funds used in and repayment of the funds during the period.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, cheques in collection, bank deposits and other cash and cash equivalents less interest income accruals.

2.5.20 Lease payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised as an integral part of the total lease expense, over the term of the lease.

2.6 Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In preparation of the financial statements, the significant estimates and judgments used by the Company are included in the following notes:

Note 27 — Determination of fair values

Note 23 — Tax assets and liabilities

Note 13 — Employee benefits

Note 2.5.3 and 2.5.4 – Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Note 6.1 — Impairment losses on accounts receivable

Note 8 – Impairment losses on inventories

Note 11 – Expense accruals

3 - SEGMENT REPORTING

Since the Company is operating in Turkey and has operations only in isolation products, segment reporting has not been presented.

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4 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, cash and cash equivalents comprised the following:

Banks	2011	2010
Time deposit	27,950,966	35.197.173
Demand deposit	178,755	205.208
Cheques at collection*	787,398	76.484
Restriction on cash**	1,249,342	2.233.901
Other cash equivalents	1,507	453
	30,167,968	37.713.219

^{*}Cheques in collection are composed of the cheques collected which have not been deposited to the Company's accounts, with a maturity date 31 December.

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, demand deposits comprised the following currencies (TL equivalents);

	2011	2010
TL	112,627	205,208
European Currency Unit	66,128	
	178,755	205,208

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, time deposits comprised the following currencies:

	2011	2010
TL	15,740,936	32.104.749
USD("American Dollar")	7,933,380	3.092.424
EURO	4,276,650	
	27,950,966	35.197.173

^{**}As at 31 December 2011, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at blockage amounting to TL 1,249,342 (TL 2,233,901). 17 March 2010, the Company has started to use Direct Borrowing System ("DBS") which reduces the collection risk and guarantee letter expenses. In accordance with the arrangements made with various banks, instead of the Company, the relevant banks set a credit limit to customers and the collection is performed by the relevant bank. After the collection, the bank keeps the payments received at blockage per one day.

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At 31 December 2011, time deposits are denominated in TL, EURO and USD and weighted average interest rates are 10.73, 4.97 percent and 4.86 percent, respectively together with the maturities of 2 January 2012 and 5 January 2012. (31 December 2010, time deposits are denominated in TL and USD and weighted average interest rates are 8.52 percent, 2.50 percent respectively).

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include bank deposits and short-term investments that are easily convertible to cash with high liquidity and with a maturity of up to three months.

Cash and cash equivalents included in the statement of cash flows for the years ended 31 December are comprised the followings:

Banks	<i>2011</i>	2010
Time deposit	27,950,966	35,197,173
Demand deposit	178,755	205,208
Cheques at collection	787,398	76,484
Other cash equivalents	1,250,849	2,234,354
Less: Interest accruals	(40,936)	(93,174)
Less: Restricted Cash	(1,249,342)	(2,233,901)
	28,877,690	35,386,144

5 - LOANS AND BORROWINGS

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, loan and borrowings comprised the followings:

	2011	2010
Factoring loans	<i>5,233,090</i>	6.988.395
USD	3,573,091	5.554.892
Euro	1,659,999	1.433.503
Bank borrowings		390.128
TL		390.128
	5,233,090	7.378.523

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As at 31 December 2011, short term bank borrowings are comprised of factoring. As at 31 December 2011, the Company has made factoring transactions in order to eliminate foreign currency risk for its foreign currency receivables. The factoring loan agreements are performed as revocable by which the Company undertakes the collection risk. As a result, the receivables and related factoring loans are recognised at financial statements up to maturity.

6 - TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

6.1 Short-Term Trade Receivables

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, short-term trade receivables comprised the followings:

	2011	2010
Accounts receivable	61,192,477	47.044.072
Cheques receivable	11,352,109	9.310.924
Notes receivable		120.770
Doubtful receivables	1,126,452	1.104.337
Less: Allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,126,452)	(1.104.337)
	72,544,586	56.475.766

At 31 December 2011, TL 1,175,654 of accounts receivable comprised due from related parties (At 31 December 2010: TL 661,141) in which detailed presentation is disclosed in Note 25.

The average collection period of trade receivables is 88 days (31 December 2010: 94.3 days) which can change according to the seasonal effects and the type of the product and the provisions of the agreement with the customer.

At 31 December, maturity profiles cheques and notes receivables are as follows:

	Cheques	2011 Notes Receivable	Cheques	2010 Notes Receivable
0 - 30 days	5,338,047		3.865.239	79.500
31 - 60 days	2,843,633		2.914.454	30.000
61- 90 days	1,623,959		1.651.441	
91 days and over	1,546,470		879.790	11.270
Total	11,352,109		9.310.924	120.770

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6 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE (Continued)

For the period ended at 31 December, the movement of allowance for doubtful receivables comprised the followings:

	2011	2010
Beginning balance	1,104,337	1.325.530
Provision for the year	24,020	409.698
Recoveries	(1,905)	(17.845)
Write offs		(613.046)
Ending Balance	1,126,452	1.104.337

6.2 Short-Term Trade Payables

At 31 December 2011, short-term trade payable amounts to TL 22,827,894 (31 December 2010: TL 18,213,399) arising from payable to various suppliers and the average payment period of trade payables is 30.9 days (31 December 2010: 23.9 days).

At 31 December 2011, TL 504,454 of trade payable comprised due to related parties (31 December 2010: TL 298,031) in which detailed presentation is disclosed in Note 25.

7 - OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

7.1 Long-Term Other Receivables

At 31 December 2011, long-term receivables comprised deposits and collaterals amounting to TL 3,955 (31 December 2010: TL 2,868).

7.2 Short-Term Other Payables

At 31 December 2011, short-term other payables amounting to TL 1,597 (31 December 2010: TL 13,908) comprised other personnel payables.

8 - INVENTORIES

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, inventories comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Raw materials and supplies	13,485,796	12.117.958
Finished goods	5,926,183	4.921.636
Trading goods	546,009	672.904
	19,957,988	17.712.498

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, inventories are accounted of cost and none of the inventories recognized at its net realizable value.

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9 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

For the period ended at 31 December 2011 movement in the property, plant and equipment comprised the following:

Cast	1 January 2011	Transfer	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2011
Land	815,031	5,526,180		(99,800)	6,241,411
Land improvements	4,586,428	40,925			4,627,353
Buildings	33,899,659	8,626,112		(9,164)	42,516,607
Machinery and equipment	170,096,719	9,789,334	216,986	(1,000,986)	179,102,053
Furniture and fixtures	7,356,732		132,713	(715,120)	6,774,325
Leasehold improvements	56,540		16,335		72,875
Construction in progress	19,096,810	(23,982,551)	17,747,920	(9,360)	12,852,819
	235,907,919		18,113,954	(1,834,430)	<i>252,187,443</i>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	1 January 20		ge for period Di	isposals 31 l	December 2011
Land improvements	(2,676,5	16) (162	2,957)		(2,839,473)
Buildings	(19,717,1	15) (1,069	9,041)	4,427	(20,781,729)
Machinery and equipment	(138,581,28	82) (10,399	9,061)	991,552	(147,988,791)
Furniture and fixtures	(6,757,20	04) (238	3,990)	699,776	(6,296,418)
Leasehold improvements	(45,20	00) (6	5,429)		(51,629)
Total accumulated depreciation	n (167.777.3	17) (11.876	5.478) 1,	<i>696,755</i>	(177,958,040)
Net book value	<i>68.130.6</i>	502			74,229,403

For the period ended 31 December 2011, depreciation expenses amounting to TL 10,179,723 (31 December 2010: TL 10,689,576) has been recognized under cost of sales, TL 171,994 (31 December 2010: TL 177,677) has been recognized under administrative expenses and TL 659,227 (31December 2010: TL 724,792) has been capitalized on stocks.

As at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, there has been no pledge on property, plant and equipment.

For the period ended 31 December 2011 and year ended 31 December 2010, the Company utilizes tangible assets which have nil net book value on its accounts. (31 December 2011 Cost: TL 109,235,405 Accumulated Depreciation: TL 109,235,405; 31 December 2010 Cost: TL 103,728,716 Accumulated Depreciation: TL 103,728,716).

For the period ended 31 December 2011, the items transferred from construction in progress to the relevant items of plant, property and equipment are made of completion costs and has an amortization expense of TL 610,323 in profit or loss.

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9 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

For the period ended at 31 December 2010, movement in the property, plant and equipment comprised the following:

Cost	1 January 2010	Additions	Disposals	31 December 2010
Land	815.031			815.031
Land improvements	4.413.106	173.322		4.586.428
Buildings	33.899.659			33.899.659
Machinery and equipment	169.301.344	1.293.874	(498.499)	170.096.719
Furniture and fixtures	7.832.373	33.504	(509.145)	7.356.732
Leasehold improvements	56.540			56.540
Construction in progress		19.096.810		19.096.810
	<i>216.318.053</i>	<i>20.597.510</i>	(1.007.644)	<i>235.907.919</i>
Less: Accumulated depreciation	1 January 2010	Charge for the period	Disposals	31 December 2010
Land improvements	(2.514.887)	(161.629)		(2.676.516)
Buildings	(18.669.580)	(1.047.535)		(19.717.115)
Machinery and equipment	(128.820.936)	(10.120.625)	360.279	(138.581.282)
Furniture and fixtures	(7.005.700)	(258.271)	506.767	(6.757.204)
Leasehold improvements	(41.225)	(3.975)		(45.200)
Total accumulated depreciation	(157.052.328)	(11.592.035)	867.046	(167.777.317)
Net book value	59.265.725			68.130.602

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10 - INTANGIBLE ASSETS

For the period ended at 31 December 2011, movement in the intangible assets comprised the following:

Cost	1 January 2011	Additions	31 December 2011
Software rights	708,673	83,784	792,457
	708,673	83,784	<i>792,457</i>
Less: Accumulated amortization	1 January 2011	Charge for the period	31 December 2011
Software rights	(663,638)	(42,057)	(705,695)
Total accumulated amortization	(663,638)	(42,057)	(705,695)

For the period ended 31 December 2010, movement in the intangible assets comprised the following:

Cost	1 January 2010	Additions	31 December 2010
Software rights	702.541	6.132	708.673
	702.541	<i>6.132</i>	708.673
Less: Accumulated amortization	1 January 2010	Charge for the period	31 December 2010
Software rights	(625.203)	(38.435)	(663.638)
Total accumulated amortization	(625.203)	(38.435)	(663.638)
Net book value	77.338		<i>45.035</i>

At 31 December 2011, amortization expenses amounting to TL 42,057 (31 December 2010: TL 38,435) have been recognised under administrative expenses.

At 31 December 2011 and year ended 31 December 2010, the Company utilizes intangible assets which have nil net book value on its accounts (31 December 2011 Cost: TL 610,865, Amortization: TL 610,865; 31 December 2010 Cost: TL 573,588, Amortization: TL 573,588).

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11 - PROVISIONS

At 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, short-term provisions are comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Bonuses	2,210,334	1,872,256
Accruals for invoices not yet received	645,099	456,622
DBS commission accruals	112,735	
Provisions for litigations	30,947	30,947
	2,999,115	2,359,825

For year ended 31 December 2011, the movement of provisions is as follows:

1 Ja	nuary 2011	Additions	Payments	Reversal	31 December 2011
Bonuses (*)	1,872,256	2,210,334	(1,872,256)		2,210,334
Accruals for invoices not yet received (**)	456,622	645,099	(456,622)		645,099
DBS commission accruals		112,735			112,735
Provisions for litigations	30,947				30,947
	2,359,825	2,968,168	(2,328,878)		<i>2,999,115</i>

For year ended 31 December 2010, the movement of provisions is as follows:

1	January 2010	Additions	Payments	Reversal	31 December 2010
Bonuses	1,441,655	1,872,256	(1,441,655)		1,872,256
Accruals for invoices not yet received	434,088	456,622	(434,088)		456,622
Provisions for litigations (***)	1,317,714	30,947	(988,286)	(329,428)	30,947
	3,193,457	2,359,825	(2,864,029)	(329,428)	2,359,825

- (*) Bonuses is calculated according to performance criteria which are determined by Board of Directors.
- (**) Accruals for invoices not yet received comprised natural gas expense accrual, provision for various general administrative expenses. As at 31 December 2010, other administrative expenses which were included in other assets and liabilities amounting to TL 456,622 are reclassified under provisions.
- (***) In accordance with the decision of "Turkish Competition Board" meeting held at 8 February 2010 numbered 10 14, the Company was fined on administrative basis amounting to TL 1,317,714 due to the investigation in respect of the 4054 numbered Protection of Competition law's article 6. The Company has the right to claim against the decision. The administrative fine which is equal to 0.5 percent of gross revenue of 31 December 2008 has been recorded as provision in the financial statements as at 31 December 2009. The Company preferred to pay the fine with a 25 percent discount and paid amounting to TL 988,286 in cash, which represents 75 percent of TL 1,317,714 on 28 September 2010. This payment does not restrict the right to claim against the decision. The Company, as a stay of execution of the Council of State and the trial court filed a lawsuit on the merits reversal.

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12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

According to the decision of CMB on 29 September 2009 related to the commitments of publicly owned companies given guarantee to 3rd party's debts,

The commitments given;

For companies other than publicly owned associations and financial institutions;

- i) For their own corporate identities
- ii) In favor of fully consolidated associations
- iii) In favor of 3rd parties to continue their operations will not be limited.

After the decision is published at the Platform of Public Enlightenment, publicly owned companies will not give commitments to real people or corporations other than mentioned at the bullets (i) and (ii) above or to third parties other than mentioned at the bullet (iii). If any commitments have already been given it will be reduced to nil until 31 December 2014.

At 31 December 2011 and 2010 commitments given are as follows:

	2011	2010
A Commitments given in the name of own legal Entity	7,511,195	4,940,831
B Commitments given in favor of full consolidated Subsidiaries		
C Commitments given to guarantee the debts of third parties to continue their operations		
D Other commitments given;		
- in favor of parent company		
- in favor of group companies other than mentioned in bullets B and C		
- in favor of group companies other than mentioned in bullets B and C		
Total	7,511,195	4,940,831

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, the Company has letter of guarantees obtained from banks and given to Custom Offices, foreign and domestic suppliers and to banks and notes given as collaterals.

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12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows:

	2011	2010
1. year	679,122	569.437
2. year	228,131	569.437
3. year		191.285
	<i>907,253</i>	1.330.159

As at 31 December 2011, credit limits and terms to maturities have been determined by relevant banks to the customers who have been included in DBS system.

The Company has accepted that it has right to recall the loans which have been granted to customers that who have not been performing regular loan repayment and customers who have been regularly making payment at a level of credit limit for the 30 days period.

The Company has accepted that if the credit in question are not closed within the specified period, the Company accepted that the Banks have right to engage legal proceedings for related customer.

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13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, employee benefits comprised the followings:

	2011	2010
Provision for employee severance indemnity	4,120,567	2.885.184
Long term portion of vacation pay liability	1,343,874	1.082.466
Long term portion of employee benefit	<i>5,464,441</i>	3.967.650
Short term portion of vacation pay liability	79,885	97.862
	5,544,326	4.065.512

Provision for employee severance indemnity has been set as follows:

Under the Turkish Labour Law, the Company is required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has completed one year of service and whose employment is terminated without due cause or who is called up for military service, dies or retires after completing 25 years of service (20 years for women) and achieves the retirement age (58 for women and 60 for men). Since the legislation was changed on 23 May 2002 there are certain transitional provisions relating to the length of service prior to retirement.

The severance pay is calculated as one month gross salary for every employment year and as at 31 December 2011 the ceiling amount has been limited to TL 2,731.85 (31 December 2010: TL 2,517.01).

The liability is not funded, as there is no funding requirement.

The provision has been calculated by estimating the present value of the future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees.

The Company's accounting policies requires the Company to use various statistical methods to determine the employee severance indemnity. The reserve has been calculated by estimating the present value of future probable obligation of the Company arising from the retirement of the employees and reflected in the financial statements. Accordingly, the following statistical assumptions were used in the calculation of the total liability:

	2011	2010
Discount rate %	3.91	4.66
Turnover rate to estimate the probability of retirement		
Age range 18 - 24	20	11
Age range 25 – 29	4	9
Age range 30 – 39	3	1
Age range 40 – 44	0	0
Age range 45 – 49	0	0
Age range 50 – 69	4	8

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13 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation.

Thus the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation.

The movement of employee severance indemnity is as follows:

	2011	2010
Opening balance	2,885,184	2.520.231
Interest cost	131,847	564.957
Service Cost	304,837	211.975
Payments made during the period	(638,102)	(820.629)
Actuarial difference	1,436,801	408.650
Ending balance	4,120,567	2.885.184

Actuarial difference arises from the changes in interest rates and changes in expectations about the salary increases. In addition to that, the number of employees that receive their indemnity before retirement increased the difference. Actuarial differences are recorded as incurred. For the period ended at 31 December 2011, TL 442,090 portion of actuarial difference is recognized under general administrative expenses (31 December 2010: TL 190,610), TL 1,299,548 portion is recognized under cost of sales (31 December 2010: TL 430,015).

The movement of vacation pay liability for the years as at 31 December is as follows:

	2011	2010
Opening balance	1,180,328	944.425
Additions during the period	488,750	527.152
Reversal	(245,319)	(291.249)
Ending balance	1,423,759	1.180.328

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14 - OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

14.1 - Other Current Assets

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, other current assets comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Advances given for inventory	172,030	1,398,909
VAT for export receivables	127,500	216,509
Prepaid expenses	110,406	89,745
Other receivables	73,348	192,896
Job advances	18,128	680
Employee advances	5,721	4,356
Deferred VAT	64	311,226
Advances given for fixed asset (*)		2,752,675
Other	1,750	270
	508,947	4.967.266

^(*) At 31 December 2010, advances given for fixed asset represents the advance amount that has been given for plant, property and equipment related with the new factory that was constructed in "Kocaeli-Gebze V (Kimya) Organize Sanayi Bölgesi" and for the new factory building that will be built in Tarsus.

14.2 Other Non-Current Assets

At 31 December 2011, non-current assets amounting to TL 1,824 (31 December 2010: TL 471) comprised long term portion of prepaid expenses.

14.3 Other Short-Term Liabilities

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, other short-term liabilities comprised the following:

	<i>2011</i>	<i>2010</i>
Withholding taxes and duties	1,603,653	1,310,577
VAT payable	1,357,386	204,087
Social security premium payable	808,210	371,711
Other	92,673	89,124
	<i>3,861,922</i>	1,975,499

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15 - EQUITY

15.1 Paid-in Capital / Inflation Adjustment on Capital

At 31 December 2011, the paid-in capital of the Company comprises of 2.453.414.335 shares issued (31 December 2010: 2.453.414.335 shares of kr 1 each) of kr 1 each. There are no privileges given to different groups or shareholders. The shareholder structure of the Company is as follows:

	2	2011		2010	
	Shares	Ownership interest %	Shares	Ownership interest %	
Izocam	15,004,304	61,16	15.004.304	61,16	
izocam (Publicly traded)	8,320,173	33,91	8.320.173	33,91	
Other (Publicly traded)	1,209,666	4,93	1.209.666	4,93	
	24,534,143	100,00	24.534.143	100,00	
Inflation Adjustment on Capital	25,856,460		25.856.460		
	<i>50,390,603</i>		50.390.603		

Inflation adjustment represents the impact of cash additions on paid-in capital due to the change in the purchasing power of TL compared to 31 December 2004.

15.2 Other Equity Items

In accordance with the Communiqué No: XI-29 issued on 9 April 2008 in the Official Gazette; equity items of paid-in capital, share premiums, and legal reserves and special reserves under restricted reserves should be presented at their nominal amounts. Accordingly the inflation adjustments provided for within the framework of TFRS, for paid-in capital has been presented under inflation adjustment on capital, where as for share premium and legal reserves and special reserves under restricted reserves inflation effects has been presented under retained earnings. Other equity items have been presented at TFRS values.

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15 - EQUITY (Continued)

Equity items are presented at their nominal values in the financial statements. The inflation effect on those equity items are as follows:

31 December 2011	Nominal value	Inflation adjustment	Restated values
Share premiums	1,092	223,408	224,500
Restricted reserves	27,105,565	23,641,953	50,747,518
Legal reserves	27,105,519	18,710,928	45,816,447
Special reserves(*)	46	4,931,025	4,931,071
Extraordinary reserves	19,516,370	(1,496,872)	18,019,498
	46,623,027	22,368,489	<i>68,991,516</i>
31 December 2010	Nominal value	Inflation adjustment	Restated values
31 December 2010 Share premiums			
	value	adjustment	values
Share premiums	1.092	adjustment 223.408	224.500
Share premiums Restricted reserves	1.092 24.358.885	223.408 23.641.953	224.500 48.000.838
Share premiums Restricted reserves Legal reserves	1.092 24.358.885 24.358.839	adjustment 223.408 23.641.953 18.710.928	224.500 48.000.838 43.069.767

^(*) The Company used investment allowance before the year 1980 and according to a legal obligation recorded this amount as special reserves.

Extraordinary reserves have been presented under retained earnings in accordance with Communiqué No: XI-29.

Share premiums represent the cash inflows generated from the sale of shares at their market values. Those premiums are followed under equity and cannot be distributed. However, those premiums can be used in share capital increases in the forthcoming years.

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15 - EQUITY (Continued)

15.3 Dividend Distribution

According to the Turkish Commercial Code ("TCC"), legal reserves are comprised first and legal reserves. The first legal reserves are generated by annual appropriations amounting to 5 percent of income disclosed in the Company's statutory accounts until it reaches 20 percent of paid-in share capital. If the dividend distribution is made in accordance with Communiqué XI-29, a further 1/10 of dividend distributions, in excess of 5 percent of paid-in capital is to be appropriated to increase second legal reserves. If the dividend distribution is made in accordance with statutory records, a further 1/11 of dividend distributions, in excess of 5 percent of paid-in capitals are to be appropriated to increase second legal reserves. Under the TCC, the legal reserves can be used only to offset losses and are not available for any other usage unless they exceed 50 percent of paid-in capital. At 31 December 2011, legal reserves of the Company amount to TL 27,105,519 (31 December 2010: TL 24,358,839).

According to the decision of CMB on 25 February 2009 numbered 7/242 the net amount of distributable profit that is calculated per CMB's minimum profit distribution requirements will be wholly distributed if met by the net distributable profit of statutory records, if the amount per CMB is not met by statutory records, the amount to be distributed will be limited to the amount at the statutory records. If losses are incurred in either of CMB or statutory financial statements, no profit will be distributed.

In chapter 1 of 2010/4 weekly bulletin of CMB, to determine the principles of dividend obtained from 2008 operations of corporations coated to stock exchange market, it is stated that;

- * For corporations traded at stock exchange market, there is not a determined minimum portion of distribution; in this aspect the profit to be distributed will be determined in line with the announcements of CMB Serial IV, Number 27, and the articles of the incorporation and will be in accordance with the declarations made to public.
- * For corporations that is obliged to issue consolidated financial statements, as long as met from the statutory profit; it is permitted to calculate the net distributable profit in line with the CMB's Serial XI, Number 29 "Bases for Financial Reporting at Capital Markets" announcement which is also the profit declared at the consolidated financial statements.
- * For corporations traded at stock exchange market, when it is decided to distribute profits at the board of directors meeting and will be proposed to the general assembly of the company, or when profit distribution is decided at the general assembly of the direct partnerships; correspondent to that decision in accordance with the announcement of CMB's Serial VIII, Number 54 "Bases for the Declaration of Special Situations", in the appendix of special situation announcement, the profit distribution tables of the Profit Distribution Preparation Guideline will also be declared.

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15 - EQUITY (Continued)

As at 31 December 2011 and 2010, according to the matters described above the equity accounts of the Company per CMB's Communique XI-29 is:

	2011	2010
Paid-in capital	24,534,143	24.534.143
Inflation adjustment on capital	25,856,460	25.856.460
Restricted reserves		
Legal reserves	27,105,519	24.358.839
Special reserves	46	46
Inflation adjustment on legal reserves	18,710,928	18.710.928
Extraordinary reserves	18,019,498	17.896.827
Special reserves	4,931,025	4.931.025
Inflation adjustment on share premium	223,408	223.408
Retained earnings	209,994	209.994
Share premium	1,092	1.092
Profit for the year	34,624,441	31.562.858
	<i>154,216,554</i>	148.285.620

In the ordinary general assembly held on 24 March 2011, it is decided that TL 31,562,858 of the Company's net profit for the year ended 31 December 2010 amounting to TL 28,693,507 would be distributed as cash dividend. Additionally, TL 2,746,680 was decided to be transferred to second legal reserves. For the year ended at 31 December 2011, TL 28,682,529 of TL 28,693,507 total dividend has been paid and the remaining portion amounting to TL 10,978 at to due to related parties.

İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

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16 - SALES AND COST OF SALES

For the year ended 31 December, sales and cost of sales comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Domestic sales	250,929,843	215.732.846
Export sales	52,647,528	49.774.936
Other	151,551	140.072
Gross sales	303,728,922	265.647.854
Less: Sales returns and discounts	(17,297,589)	(14.503.641)
Net sales	286,431,333	251.144.213
Less: Cost of sales	(204,988,643)	(173.547.543)
Gross profit	81,442,690	<i>77. 596.670</i>

For the year ended 31 December, the nature of the cost of sales comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Raw materials and consumables used	180,527,982	148.852.324
Wages and salaries	15,237,629	12.824.740
Depreciation	10,100,683	10.689.576
Changes in inventories	(877,651)	1.180.903
Cost of Sales	204,988,643	173.547.543

İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

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17 - SELLING, MARKETING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

For the years ended 31 December, selling, marketing and distribution expenses comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Freight insurance expenses	15,669,684	14,594,051
Personnel expenses	5,621,676	6,086,465
License expenses	2,648,522	1,770,154
Storage expenses	1,440,712	1,262,708
Sales commissions	1,129,308	1,393,323
Advertisement expense	940,034	2,215,866
Dealer expenses	888,116	791,228
Transportation expenses	739,478	616,863
Guarantee letter expenses	608,245	521,998
Exhibition and fair expenses	423,923	274,132
Public relation expenses	268,566	128,250
Travel expenses	265,646	200,208
Rent expenses	149,896	120,598
Research and development expenses	2,235	381,650
Other	663,208	832,663
	31,459,249	31.190.157

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18 - ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the years ended 31 December, administrative expenses comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Personnel expenses	7,134,326	6,906,169
IT Expenses	504,857	496,233
Transportation expenses	358,024	298,629
Consultancy expenses	261,491	247,798
Communication expenses	240,942	227,811
Subscription fees	217,173	163,684
Depreciation and amortization (Note 9 and 10)	214,049	216,102
Repair, maintenance and energy	191,425	215,759
Duties, taxes and levies	178,923	461,990
Representation expenses	156,719	177,917
Litigation costs	133,431	229,652
Travel expenses	94,344	80,391
Donations (*)	65,595	35,691
Stationery expenses	50,764	50,847
Insurance expenses	44,331	46,041
General assembly expenses	23,366	21,010
Project expenses	2,620	15,933
Other	887,648	921,918
	10,760,028	10.813.575

^(*) For the years ended 31 December 2011, the amount of donations given to associations and charitable foundations is amounting to TL 65,595 and (31 December 2010: TL 35,691).

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19 - EXPENSES BY NATURE

For the years ended 31 December, nature of expenses are disclosed in Notes 9, 10, 16, 17, 18, 20, 22 and 23. For the years ended 31 December, personnel expenses comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Additional Salaries	15.385.106	14.106.125
Salaries	11.514.819	10.685.375
Severance pay indemnity	1.093.706	1.025.874
	27.993.631	25.817.374

20 - OTHER OPERATING INCOME/EXPENSE

20.1 Other Operating Income

For the years ended 31 December, other operating income comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Other operating income (*)	63,879	
Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment	57,181	20,644
Insurance contracts	54,229	234,195
Released Provisions	26,151	406,470
Reversal of provisions for Turkish Competition Board penalty		329,428
Recoveries from doubtful receivables	1,905	
	203,345	990.737

^(*) For the year ended 31 December 2011 other operating income mostly consists of compensation for participation to exhibitions.

20.2 Other Operating Expense

For the years ended 31 December, other operating expense comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	29,511	118,230
Provision for doubtful receivables		409,698
Other	45,611	276,887
	<i>75,122</i>	804.815

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21 - FINANCE INCOME

For the years ended 31 December, finance income comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Interest income on sales on credit terms	3,708,877	1,831,757
Interest income on time deposits	672,462	2,845,036
Foreign exchange gains	189,872	
	4,571,211	4.676.793

22 - FINANCE COSTS

For the years ended 31 December, finance expense comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Interest expense on borrowings	473,315	154,507
Actuarial interest cost	131,847	564,957
Foreign exchange losses		324,745
	<i>605,162</i>	1.044.209

23 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

In accordance with Article No. 32 of the new Corporate Tax Law No. 5520 published in the Official Gazette No. 26205 dated 21 September 2006, corporate tax rate is reduced from 30 percent to 20 percent. Accordingly, effective from 1 January 2006, statutory income is subject to corporate tax at 20 percent.

As per the decision no.2006/10731 of the Council of Ministers published in the Official Gazette no.26237 dated 23 July 2006, certain duty rates included in the articles no.15 and 30 of the new Corporate Tax Law no.5520 are revised. Accordingly, the withholding tax rate on the dividend payments other than the ones paid to the non-resident institutions generating income in Turkey through their operations or permanent representatives and the resident institutions, increased from 10 percent to 15 percent.

Transfer pricing is disclosed in the 13th clause of the Corporate Tax Law under the heading "veiled shifting of profit" via transfer pricing. The application details are stated in the "general communiqué regarding veiled shifting of profits via transfer pricing" published on 18 November 2007.

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23 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

If the tax payer involves in transactions with related parties relating to trading of products or goods not performed within the framework of the principals regarding to pricing according to peers, then it will be considered that the related profits are shifted in a veiled way via transfer pricing. Such veiled shifting of profits via transfer pricing will not be deducted from tax assessment for the purposes of corporate tax.

Corporations are required to pay advance corporation tax quarterly at the rate of 20 percent on their corporate income. Advance tax is declared by the 10th of the second month following each calendar quarter end and is payable by the 17th of the second month following each calendar quarter end. Tax payments that are made in advance during the year are being deducted from the total final tax liability of the fiscal year. The balance of the advance tax paid may be refunded or used to set off against other liabilities to the government.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns on the fifteenth date of the four months following the close of the accounting year to which they relate. Tax returns are open for five years from the beginning of the year that follows the date of filing during which time the tax authorities have the right to audit tax returns, and the related accounting records on which they are based, and may issue re-assessments based on their findings.

Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward to be offset against future taxable income for up to five years. Tax losses cannot be carried back to offset profits from previous periods.

At 31 December, total tax liability comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Corporate tax provision	9,911,243	8.513.543
Prepaid tax	(7,060,182)	(6.941.977)
Total	2,851,061	1.571.566
Deferred tax (assets) / liability	(34,126)	1.183.873
	2,816,935	2.755.439

For the years ended 31 December, taxation charge in the profit or loss comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Current tax	(9,911,243)	(8.513.543)
Deferred tax credit	1,217,999	664.957
	(8,693,244)	(7.848.586)

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23 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

The reported taxation charge for the years ended 31 December is different than the amounts computed by applying statutory tax rate to profit before tax as shown in the following reconciliation:

	20	11 %	20	10 %
Profit before tax	43,317,685		39,411,444	
Tax rate	20.00		20.00	
Taxes on reported profit per statutory tax	rate (8,663,537)	(20.00)	(7,882,289)	(20.00)
Permanent difference		0.00	(6, 189)	0.02
Disallowable expenses	(39,745)	(0.09)	(55,321)	(0.14)
Tax effect of investment allowance			29,328	
Other	3,849	0.01	65,885	0,17
Tax provision	(8,693,244)	(20.07)	(7.848.586)	(19,99)

23.1 Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are provided, using the liability method on all taxable temporary differences arising between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized in the financial statements from the enacted or substantially enacted tax rates to the extent that the temporary differences in the subsequent years will be reversed.

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets in the financial statements by taking into consideration the factors such as the developments in the sector that the Company is operating, taxable income in the forthcoming years, Turkey's general economic and political situation, and/or global economic and political situations. The Company expects to generate taxable income in the forthcoming years and considers Turkey's economic and political situation shows clear positive developments. Deferred income taxes are calculated on temporary differences that are expected to be realized or settled based on the taxable income in the forthcoming years under the balance sheet method using a principal tax rate of 20 percent (2010: 20 percent).

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23 - TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 were attributable to the items detailed in the table below:

	2011 Deferred tax		2010 Deferred tax		
	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities	
Employee severance indemnity	824,113		577,037		
Vacation pay liability	284,752		236,066		
Unrecognized interest expense	96,110		37,456		
Provision for doubtful receivable					
Pro-rata basis depreciation expense		(1,039,004)		(1,889,474)	
Others		(131,845)		(144,958)	
	1,204,975	(1,170,849)	850,559	(2,034,432)	
Offsetting	(1,170,849)	1,170,849	(850,559)	850,559	
	34,126			(1.183.873)	

The movement of deferred tax liabilities is as follow:

	1 January 2010	Profit or (loss)	31 December 2010	Profit or (loss)	31 December 2011
Employee severance indemnity	504,046	72,991	577,037	247,076	824,113
Vacation pay liability	188,885	47,181	236,066	48,686	284,752
Unrecognized interest expense	28,634	8,822	37,456	58,654	96,110
Pro-rata basis depreciation expense and capitalization of borrowing costs for tangibles and intangibles	(2,568,429)	533,997	(2,034,432)	995,428	(1,039,004)
Reversal of calculated rediscount expenses according to tax regulations	(79,891)	79,891		(131,845)	(131,845)
Provisions for doubtful receivables	77,925	(77,925)			
	(1,848,830)	664,957	(1,183,873)	1,217,999	34,126

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24 - EARNING PER SHARE

Earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit for the year ended 31 December 2011 amounting to TL 34,624,441 (31 December 2010: TL 31,562,858) to the weighted average of the shares during these periods.

	2011	2010
Net Profit	34,624,441	31.562.858
Number of weighted average of ordinary shares	2,453,414,335	2,453,414,335
Earnings per share (Kr per share)	0.01411	0,01286

25 - RELATED PARTIES

25.1 Due from Related Parties

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, due from related parties comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Saint-Gobain Weber Yapı Kimyasalları Sanayi ve Ticaret Anonim Şirketi ("Saint-Gobain Weber")	1,091,960	559,376
Saint Gobain Recherche	33,313	
Saint-Gobain Gradevinski Proizvodi d.o.o.	33,004	
Saint Gobain Isover Italia S.P.A.	17,377	93,028
Rigips Hellas S.A (Saint Gobain)		8,737
	<i>1,175,654</i>	661.141

As at 31 December 2011 collaterals amounting to TL 25,574 are taken from related parties (31 December 2010: TL 13,038).

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25 - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

25.2 Due to Related Parties

At 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, due to related parties comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Grunzweig Hartman AG ("Grunzweig")	263,533	143.758
Saint Gobain-Isover (Royalite)	148,084	74.570
Saint Gobain Glass Italia S.P.A.	2,874	
Other	89,963	79.703
	<i>504,454</i>	298.031

25.3 Sales to Related Parties

For the years ended 31 December, significant sales to related parties comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Saint Gobain Weber Markem	7,453,547	5,291,705
Saint Gobain Isover Italya S.P.A.	108,632	1,037,714
Saint-Gobain Gradevinski Proizvodi D.O.O.	33,004	
Saint Gobain Recherche	32,856	3,008
Kuwait Insulating Material Mfg. Co.	24,945	
Saint Gobain Hellas Abee	15,428	
Saint Gobain Isover (Fransa)	1,004	
Saint Gobain Rigips Alçi Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.Ş.	233	
Saint-Gobain Construction Products - Hellas Abee		163,263
Saint Gobain Isover Almanya		2,725
Saint Gobain Rigips Hellas S.A		53,279
	7,669,649	6.551.694

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25 - RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

25.4 Purchases from Related Parties

For the years ended 31 December, purchases from related parties comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Saint Gobain Weber Markem	4,924,062	3,811,940
Saint Gobain Isover (Royalite)	1,108,487	651,734
Grunzweig (Royalite)	852,480	564,394
Saint Gobain - İsover (Almanya)	17,419	
Saint-Gobain Glass İtalia	7,028	14,088
Saint Gobain Isover France	5,727	5,666
Saint Gobain Rigips Alçi Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.Ş.	3,003	
Saint Gobain Isover Austria GmbH	527	
	6,918,733	5.047.822

25.5 Other Transaction with Related Parties

At 31 December 2011 and 2010, other transactions with related parties comprised the following:

Dividends paid	2011	2010
Izocam Holding	27,278,769	26.632.280
Central Record Institution	1,403,744	1.331.042
Other	16	2.867
	28,682,529	27.966.189

25.6 Remuneration to Top Management

For the years ended 31 December remunerations to the top management are comprised the following:

Short term benefits:	2011	2010
(Salaries, premiums, housing, company cars, social securities, health insurance, vacation payments and etc.)	2,811,729	2.634.930
Other long term benefits:		
(Indemnity provisions, long term portion of vacation pay liability, long term premium plans and etc.)	187,797	141.784
TOTAL	<i>2,999,526</i>	2.776.714

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

26.1 Financial Risk Management

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its operations:

- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk
- Market Risk

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks, the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework.

The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss arising from a wide variety of causes associated with the Company's processes, personnel, technology and infrastructure, and from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risks such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of corporate behavior. Operational risks arise from all of the Company's operations.

The Company's objective is to manage operational risk so as to balance the avoidance of financial losses.

In this context, the Company has identified the following company procedures and internal control issues:

- requirements for appropriate segregation of duties, including the independent authorization of transactions
- requirements for the reconciliation and monitoring of transactions compliance with regulatory and other legal requirements
- documentation of controls and procedures
- requirements for the periodic assessment of operational risks faced, and the adequacy of controls and procedures to address the risks identified
- requirements for the reporting of operational losses and proposed remedial action
- development of contingency plans
- training and professional development
- ethical and business standards
- risk mitigation, including insurance where this is effective.

26.1.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loan to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The ownership of the financial assets brings the risk of not meeting the obligations of the agreement of the counter party. These risks are controlled by credit evaluations and restricting the maximum exposure to a counter party.

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The management of the Company covers these risks by limiting the average risk for counter party (except for related parties) in all contracts and receiving guarantees if necessary. The Company works thorough agency system within Turkey domestic market to a great extent. The Company minimizes the collection risk by the guarantee letters taken from agencies, liens and commitment notes received before the sale and controls the orders of agencies out of guarantee by comparing these guarantees received from the agencies with their receivables. Additionally, the Company guarantees its receivables through DBS by the agreements of various banks. The Company is exposed to credit risk amounting to TL 8,889,931 which is not covered by collaterals and DBS guarantees.

Provisions set for doubtful receivables are within reasonable borders based on the past experiences of the Company in collection of accounts receivable. Therefore, the management does not foresee any additional risk relating to accounts receivable more than provisions made.

26.1.2 Liquidity risk

The ability to fund the existing and prospective debt requirements is managed by obtaining adequate funding lines from high quality lenders.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivery of cash on other financial assets. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

At 31 December 2011 the Company has guaranteed the receivables amounting to TL 94,093,000 via DBS aiming to avoid liquidity risk. The Company has also obtained factoring loans amounting to TL 5,233,090 which increases the liquidity position and avoids foreign exchange loss risk.

26.1.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is subject to the risk of interest rate fluctuations to the extent that interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities mature or reprise at different times or in differing amounts. The Company manages this risk by means of balancing the interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities as natural precautions. The Company places those interest earning assets at short-term investments.

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk due to its import transactions. These transactions are held in USD, Euro and United Kingdom Sterling.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk due to effects of changes in the interest rates to the assets and liabilities.

26.2 Risk Management Disclosures

Due to its operations, the Company is subject to various financial risks including capital market prices and effects of changes in foreign currency and interest rates. The aggregate risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of the financial markets and aims at minimizing the potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Company.

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

26.2.1 Interest rate risk

The Company is subject to the interest rate risk due to impact of changes in the interest rates on the interest rate sensitive asset and liabilities.

Fixed interest rate financial instruments		2011	2010
Cash and cash equivalents	Note 4	27,950,966	35.197.173
Bank borrowings	Note 5	5,233,090	6.988.395

26.2.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is diversified since there are many counterparties in the customer database. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. Approximately 9 percent of the Company's revenue is attributable to sales transactions with a single customer.

The geographical concentration of receivables excluding related parties exposed to the credit risk at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 are as follow:

	2011	2010
1. and 5. District Office (Marmara, West Black Sea Regions)	29,404,185	25.347.840
2. District Office (Central Anatolia, Middle Black Sea Regions)	19,910,702	10.600.472
4. District Office (Aegean and Mediterranean Sea Regions)	9,825,938	6.963.933
3. District Office (South East Anatolia, East Anatolia. East Black Sea Regions)	7,447,001	6.686.203
Middle East, Balkans. Africa and Others	4,781,107	6.216.177
	71,368,933	<i>55.814.625</i>

At 31 December 2011, the Company has a letter of guarantee amounting to TL 16,555,596 (31 December 2010: TL 16,699,227), mortgage amounting to TL 2,254,000 (31 December 2010: TL 2,349,000), Eximbank guarantee amounting to TL 10,479,168 (31 December 2010: TL 18,674,706), collaterals received as notes amounting to TL 800,384 (31 December 2010: TL 883,527) and direct borrowing system guarantees amounting to TL 94,093,000 (31 December 2010: TL 70,411,500). The Company does not have collaterals received as cash at 31 December 2011 (31 December 2010: TL 8,300).

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

		vables ceivables		Other
31 December 2011	Related Party	Others	Deposits (Con Banks	ommitments given)
Exposure to maximum credit risk as at reporting date (A+B+C+D+E)	1,175,654	71,368,932	28,129,721	7,511,195
A) Net carrying value of financial assets which are neither impaired nor overdue	1,175,654	64,186,711	28,129,721	
B) Net carrying value of financial assets that are restructured, otherwise which will be regarded as overdue or impaired				
C) Net carrying value of financial assets which are overdue but not impaired -The portion covered by any guarantee		7,182,221 6,221,575		
D) Net carrying value of impaired assets				
- Past due (gross book value)- Impairment (-)- Covered portion of net book value (with letter of guarantee etc.)	 	1,126,452 (1,126,452) 	 	
E) Off balance sheet items with credit risks				7,511,195

^{*} In determination of the amount, the elements like obtained credits of guarantees that increase the reliability of the credit were not considered.

The Company works with most of its customers since its foundation and there has not been any loss due to receivables from these customers. In order to monitor credit risks, customers are regrouped according to their credit character and customer types. Most of the accounts receivable consist of the receivables from agencies.

The Company sets up provisions for its doubtful receivables after a problem arises in collection from the related customer and when the lawyer of the customer is informed for the legal action.

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

At 31 December 2011 past due but not impaired accounts receivables (except due from related parties) are as follows:

31 December 2011	Reco Trade Receivables	eivables <i>Trade</i> <i>Receivables</i>
Past due 1-30 days	2,799,773	
Past due 1-3 months	2,312,102	
Past due 3-12 months	1,451,479	
Past due 1-5 years	618,867	
More than 5 years		
The portion secured by guarantee*	6,221,575	

^{*} In determination of the amount, the items like guarantees that increase the reliability of the credit were not considered.

	Trade Re	vables ceivables	Damasita (6	Other
31 December 2010	Related Party	Others	on Banks	commitments given)
Exposure to maximum credit risk as at reporting date (A+B+C+D+E)	661.141	55.814.625	35.402.381	4.940.831
A) Net carrying value of financial assets which are neither impaired nor overdue	661.141	49.062.807	35.402.381	
B) Net carrying value of financial assets that are restructured, otherwise which will be regarded as overdue or impaired				
C) Net carrying value of financial assets which are overdue but not impaired -The portion covered by any guarantee	 	6.751.818 5.579.322		
D) Net carrying value of impaired assets				
- Past due (gross book value)- Impairment (-)- Covered portion of net book value (with letter of guarantee etc.)	 	1.104.337 (1.104.337) 	 	
E) Off balance sheet items with credit risks				4.940.831

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

For the year ended 31 December 2010, past due but not impaired accounts receivables (except due from related parties) are as follows:

31 December 2010	Trade	Receivables Trade Trade Receivables Receivables		
Past due 1-30 days	2.585.378			
Past due 1-3 months	3.792.070			
Past due 3-12 months	226.910			
Past due 1-5 years	147.460			
More than 5 years				
The portion secured by guarantee*	5.579.322			

^{*} At 31 December 2011, the Company has guaranteed its receivables by letter of guarantee amounting to TL 802,086 (31 December 2010: TL 1,720,287), direct debit system guarantees amounting to TL 4,234,994 (31 December 2010: TL 3,511,829), mortgage amounting to TL 83,740 (31 December 2010: TL 56,806), Eximbank guarantee amounting to TL 1,100,755 (31 December 2010: TL 282,285). As at 31 December 2011, the Company does not have any cheque for guarantee (31 December 2010: TL 8,115). As at 31 December 2011, the Company does not have notes for guarantee (31 December 2010: None). For the year ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010 the Company has not utilized all these guarantees by means of collecting its receivable balances in cash terms.

26.2.3 Guarantees

In accordance with the Company policy, total guarantees given amounting to TL 7,511,195 (31 December 2010: TL 4,940,831) are letters of guarantees and promissory notes which are given to custom offices, domestic suppliers, banks and tax offices.

26.2.4 Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk arisen from the value change of any financial instrument based on currency. The Company is exposed to the currency risk due to its export sales and borrowings in foreign currency. For the exchange rate risk, the management of the Company strictly follows up stabilizing foreign exchange position. The main currencies used are USD, Euro and United Kingdom Sterling.

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

As at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010, net position of the Company is resulted from foreign currency assets and liabilities are as follows:

		FOREIGN	FOREIGN CURRENCY POSITION	LION				
			2011			2010	10	
	TL (Functional Currency)	OSD	Euro	GBP	TL (Functional Currency)	OSD	Euro	GBP
1.Trade receivables	10,354,515	4,277,183	931,068	ı	11.501.302	6.171.202	954.840	1.700
2. Monetary financial assets	12,276,159	4,200,000	1,777,060	1	3.092.424	2.000.274	٠	1
3.Current Assets	22,630,674	8,477,183	2,708,128	1	14.593.726	8.171.476	954.840	1.700
4. Total Assets	22,630,674	8,477,183	2,708,128	1	14.593.726	8.171.476	954.840	1.700
5. Trade payables	(2,548,616)	(900,896)	(346,556)	1	(2.211.270)	(833.976)	(449.926)	1
6.Financial liabilities	(5,233,089)	(1,891,625)	(679,270)	1	(6.988.395)	(3.593.074)	(699.577)	1
7.Short-term Liabilities	(7,781,705)	(2,792,521)	(1,025,826)	1	(9.199.665)	(9.199.665) (4.427.050)	(1.149.503)	1
8. Total Liabilities	(7,781,705)	(2,792,521)	(1,025,826)	1	(9.199.665)	(4.427.050) (1.149.503)	(1.149.503)	1
Total	14,848,969	5,684,662	1,682,302	1	5.394.061	3.744.426	(194.663)	1.700

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Currency Sensitivity Analysis 2011					
USD: 1.8889					
Euro: 2.4428		t/Loss			
	Appreciation of foreign currency	Appreciation of foreign currency			
Assumption of devaluation/appreciation by 10% of	USD against TL				
1-Net USD asset/liability	1,073,776	(1,073,776)			
2-USD risk averse portion (-)					
3-Net USD Effect (1+2)	1,073,776	(1,073,776)			
Assumption of devaluation/appreciation by 10% of	Euro against TL				
4-Net Euro asset/liability	411,121	(411,121)			
5-Euro risk averse portion (-)					
6- Net Euro Effect (4+5)	411,121	(411,121)			
Assumption of devaluation/appreciation by 10% of	other currencies against TL				
7-Other currency net asset/liability					
8-Other currency risk averse portion (-)					
9-Net other currency effect (7+8)					
Total(3+6+9)	1,484,897	(1,484,897)			
Currency Sensitivity Analysis 2010					
USD: 1,5460					
Euro: 2,0491	Profit Appreciation of	L/Loss			
GBP: 2,3886	foreign currency	foreign currency			
Assumption of devaluation/appreciation by 10% of USD against TL					
1-Net USD asset/liability	578.888	(578.888)			
2-USD risk averse portion (-)					
3-Net USD Effect (1+2)	578.888	(578.888)			
Assumption of devaluation/appreciation by 10% of	Euro against TL				
4-Net Euro asset/liability	(39.888)	39.888			
5-Euro risk averse portion (-)					
6- Net Euro Effect (4+5)	(39.888)	39.888			
Assumption of devaluation/appreciation by 10% of	other currencies against TL				
7-Other currency net asset/liability	406	(406)			
8-Other currency risk averse portion (-)					
9-Net other currency effect (7+8)	406	(406)			
Total(3+6+9)	539.406	(539.406)			

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

For the years ended 31 December 2011 and 2010, total import and export of the Company comprised the following:

	2011	2010
Total export	52,647,528	49.774.957
Total import	68,871,315	62.520.093

26.2.5 Liquidity risk

Prudential liquidity risk management means keeping adequate cash and marketable securities, utilization of fund sources by means of adequate borrowing transactions and the power to close out the market positions. By the cash inflows provided from the operating activities, the Company utilizes its requirements for current and future funding and the remaining portion of those cash inflows are utilized in time deposits with short-term maturities. The Company finances the capital expenditures by the long-term borrowings utilized from the financial institutions, therefore the company makes it's repayments of its borrowing from the cash inflows provided from operating activities through the productivity from those capital expenditures.

The below tables show the monetary liabilities of the Company according to their remaining maturities at 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2010:

			2011			
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	Book Value	Total contractual cash outflows	0-3 Months	3-12 Months	1-5 years	5 years And more
Short term financial payables	5,233,090	5,233,090	5,233,090			
Trade and other payables	22,323,440	22,323,440	22,323,440			
Due to related parties	504,454	504,454		504,454		
Expense accruals	2,999,115	2,999,115	2,999,115			
Other liabilities	92,673	92,673	92,673			
Total accounts payable	31,152,772	31,152,772	30,648,318	<i>504,454</i>		
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE			2010			
Short term financial payables	7.378.523	7.378.523	7.378.523			
Trade and other payables	17.915.368	17.915.368	17.915.368			
Due to related parties	298.031	298.031		298.031		
Expense accruals	2.359.825	2.359.825	2.359.825			
Other liabilities	89.124	89.124	89.124			
Total accounts payable	<i>28.040.871</i>	<i>28.040.871</i>	27.742.840	<i>298.031</i>		

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26 - NATURE AND LEVEL OF RISK ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

26.2.6 Capital Management

Profit Distribution Policy and Profit Distribution Time (Timing of Profit Distribution)

The Company's profit distribution policy is to pay dividends to shareholders not lower than the profit available for distribution calculated with respect to the SPK communiqués considering the long term strategies, investment and finance plans and profitability conditions. Dividend payable can be both fully cash and fully bonus share (provided from the Company's own resources) or partially cash and partially bonus share. There is no privilege in the principal agreement of the Company related to the profit distribution.

Profit distribution is made within the legal terms, according to TTK and SPK.

27 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Determination of Fair Values

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities.

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Accounts receivable and payables

Accounts receivable that are originated by the Company by way of providing goods directly to a debtor are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount unless the effect of the imputed interest is significant. Accounts receivable assessed as they reflect their fair values because of their short-term nature.

The Company provided reserve for all receivables which are under legal follow-up. Exchange rate difference resulted from foreign currency denominated bad and doubtful receivables is included in the bad debt provision and same amount of foreign exchange difference is also accounted as foreign exchange gain.

Trade payables are stated at cost net of interest on credit purchases. Trade payables, net of deferred finance cost are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method by taking into consideration the future cash flows of the original invoices recognized in the financial statements. Accounts payable assessed as they reflect their fair values because of their short-term nature.

Fair values of financial liabilities

Fair value is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the reporting date.

Other

Other financial assets and liabilities assessed as they reflect their fair value because of their short-term nature.

İZOCAM TİCARET VE SANAYİ ANONİM ŞİRKETİ Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED **31 DECEMBER 2011**

Amount expressed in TL unless otherwise stated. Other currencies other than TL ("Turkish Lira") are expressed in full unless otherwise stated.

28 - OTHER MATTERS THAT SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OR MAKE THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLEAR, INTERPRETABLE AND UNDERSTANDABLE

None.

The application and realization of 'Institutional Administrative Principles', accepted by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey (SPK) with decision No. 35/835, dated 04.07.2003, and made public in July, 2003, is important especially in regard to the credibility and financing means of companies which are open to the public. These principles, displaying institutional administrative quality, have been adopted by our company, and are already being partially implemented. The other principles whose application is required alongside those already in effect will be implemented as soon as the necessary administrative and technical infrastructure is completed.

According to SPK's decision No. 48/1588 dated 10.12.2004, it was found relevant for companies whose shares are active in Istanbul Stock Market (IMKB) to publish their conformity to Institutional Administrative Principles, both as part of their activity reports starting with the year 2004, and on their websites, should they have one. Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş, has added the following information about conforming to the principles to Annual Reports since 2005.

SECTION I - SHAREHOLDERS

Section about Relations with Shareholders

In Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. relations with shareholders are organized by a special unit formed by the Assistant General Manager responsible for Financial and Administrative Activities. The Unit is mainly responsible for the following activities:

- Introducing our company to individual and institutional investors; informing potential investors and shareholders of our activities.
- Meeting information requests from graduate and post-graduate students and faculty members doing research about our company and the sector.
- Organizing the Company's General Board Meeting, preparing relevant documentation for the shareholders, sending the minutes of the meeting to those who request it.
- Keeping our shareholders informed.
- Informing IMKB and SPK of Special Condition Declarations according to SPK's VIII Series, No. 54, announcement.
- Making the necessary preparations before a General Board Meeting, preparing the documentation, and obtaining and presenting for the General Board's approval preliminary permissions pertaining to the main contract.
- Following any and all changes in the legislation pertaining to the Capital Markets Law, and informing the relevant departments of the company.

Assistant General Manager, Financial – Administrative: Hasan Basri Eröktem

Phone : 0262 754 6390 Faks : 0262 754 6162

E- mail : eroktem@izocam.com.tr

Personnel responsible for relations with shareholders:

Doruk Özcan ozcan@izocam.com.tr Tel : 0262 754 6390
Müyesser Çıngay cingay@izocam.com.tr Faks: 0262 754 6162

İpek Gürbey gurbey@izocam.com.tr

Usage of the Shareholders' Right to Knowledge

No discrimination is made at Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. among shareholders in respect to the usage of the right to receive and analyze information.

In order to extend the rights of shareholders to relevant information, any and all information pertaining to this right are made available freely through electronic media. The following information can be reached through the company's website (www.izocam.com.tr), as well as financial reports:

- Trade Registry Information
- Company's Article of Association
- The date of the General Board Meeting, in which newspapers it was announced, the agenda, commentary on the items on the agenda.
- General Board Meeting minutes and list of attendees.
- SPK Special Condition explanations
- Power of Attorney sample
- Shareholder structure of the company
- Information about the Executive Board members and the upper echelon executives
- Disclosure policy
- Frequently asked questions
- Investor reports.

Our Company Protocol does not consider the appointment of a special auditor as an individual right. There has never been any request from our shareholders in this respect, either. Company activities are analyzed periodically by an Independent External Auditor (KPMG) and the auditors chosen by the General Board.

Information about the General Board

During 2011, the Executive Board had one Ordinary meeting. A majority participation was achieved for it. Shareholders (through proxy) and media attended the meeting.

Invitation to the Board meeting is extended by the Executive Board according to Turkish Commerce Law, Capital Markets Law and company protocol. As soon as the Executive Board reaches a decision to hold a General Board meeting, IMKB and SPK, as well as the Central Registry Agency (MKK) are notified, and the public informed.

At least 21 days before the General Board Meeting, the address where the meeting will be held, drafts of proposed changes to company protocol, if any, and a proxy sample are published in the Turkish Commerce Register and on our website, according to the Capital Markets Communiqué. These announcements also contain the address where independently audited financial information pertaining to the period under discussion can be viewed.

Every shareholder taking the floor during a General Board meeting can express his views about company activities, ask questions of the administration, request information and receive answers. Our Board meeting is conducted under the observation of a Government Commissar from the Ministry of Industry and Commerce.

In the Board Meeting of 2011, suggestions from the major shareholders of the company were taken into consideration.

The Minutes of the General Board Meeting can be viewed on our website. They are also available at our headquarters for our shareholders on request.

Voting Rights and Minority Rights

There is no concession in our company protocol about the casting of votes. There are no companies among our shareholders of which we are shareholders.

Profit Sharing Policies and Profit Sharing Times

The profit sharing policy of our company is not to pay less than distributable profit calculated according to SPK notifications, as dividend to its shareholders, keeping in mind long term strategies, investment and financing plans and profiting conditions. The dividends to be paid can be all cash, all assets (from the company), or part cash and part assets.

There are no priorities in the sharing of profits in our company protocol.

Dividend payments take place according to TTK and SPK and within the legal time periods.

Transferring Shares

Our company protocol has no applications or legislature to complicate or inhibit the free transfer of shares by our shareholders.

SECTION II – INFORMING THE PUBLIC AND TRANSPARENCY

Company Information Policy

In our company, the department responsible for keeping the public informed is the Assistant Managership for Finance and Administration. They inform the public of relevant facts at regular intervals.

Special Condition Announcements

Our company has made 10 special condition announcements during 2011. As our company is not quoted in foreign stock markets, it is not necessary to make any Special Condition Announcements to any institution other than SPK and IMKB. As the Special Condition Announcements were made within the time limit stipulated by law, no sanctions were applied by SPK.

Company Website and Content

Our company, with the aim of conducting investor relations more effectively and speedily, and being in constant communication with its shareholders, publishes its financial reports prepared for SPK on its official website, www.izocam.com.tr in both Turkish and English.

Divulging the Real Person Controlling Shareholder/Shareholders

There is no special condition effecting investors in divulging the real persons and owners of the company.

Announcing the Persons With Internal Information to the Public

In order to protect the balance between transparency and company expediency, it is very important that all company personnel are careful about conforming to the rules about the usage of internally acquired knowledge.

Any information gained during working hours about the company that is not desirable for those outside the company to know, or information that can be classified as trade secrets, are considered to be "Company Information". All personnel, while they are employed by Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş, and afterwards, are expected to protect and not use, either directly or indirectly, company information.

No Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. employee can use information gained as a result of his employment for monetary gain through buying or selling shares in Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş.

SECTION III - BENEFICIARIES

Informing Beneficiaries

Beneficiaries of the company are kept informed in issues pertaining to themselves through invitations to relevant meetings or through telecommunications.

Human Resources Policy

According to the human resources policy of our company, the criteria for employment and advancement are set in writing. Our Human Resources process aims to provide:

- The right person for the right job
- Equal pay for equal work
- Merit based on success
- Equal opportunity for all,

And based on this, continually develop the abilities of our manpower and protect our superiority in a global environment of rivalry. The operation of human resources systems established to this end is defined by procedures and announced to all employees.

Codes of Conduct

Our Company makes necessary works and arrangements to make the workers and representatives of the company to abide by the codes of conduct in their activities and to execute these rules. In this regard, generally accepted codes of conduct are observed in the light of legislation and arrangements. Besides, "Principles of Work and Behavior creating the Codes of Conduct of Izocam" as of 14 February 2012 within the scope of Corporate Governance Principles have been converted to written form, published on the website of the Company and opened to public. Training has been given to our personnel by the senior management about our principles. They have also received education on-line by means of the "e-learning" method about the subject and the trainings have been registered. Within this scope, an Ethical Committee has been created for the implementation and protection of these values within the company.

Information About Relations with Customers and Suppliers

Customer satisfaction in the marketing of products and services is our first and foremost aim. Customer satisfaction is always checked and reported on.

SECTION IV - EXECUTIVE BOARD

The Structure and Formation of the Executive Board

There is no discrimination between executive and non-executive members on the Executive Board of our company. After the General Board meeting where the Executive Board members are chosen, Executive Board Chairman and Deputy Chairman are chosen by a decision about duty assignments. If a chair on the Board becomes vacant during a term, the Article No. 315 of the Turkish Trade Law is applied.

It is necessary for the Executive Board Chairman and members to get the approval of the General Board according to Articles 334 and 335 of the Turkish Trade Law if they are occupied with activities within the scope of the company either in their own name or under the name of others, or to become partners in companies with similar fields of activity.



Principles of Action and Conduct

Principles of Work

Respect for the Law
Caring for Environment
Worker Health and Safety
Employee Rights

Principles of Conduct

Professional Commitment Respect for Others Integrity Honesty Solidarity



The Mission, Vision and Strategic Aims of the Company

The strategic aims set in conjunction with the vision and mission of our company are evaluated by the Executive Board.

The Authority and Responsibilities of the Executive Board Members and Executives

The authorities and responsibilities of the Executive Board members are clearly defined in the Company protocol. The authorities are also defined in detail in the signature circular of the company.

Working Principles of the Executive Board

The agenda for Executive Board meeting is set by notification of the upper echelon executives and Executive Board members by the relevant departments of matters that, according to the company protocol, must be settled by Executive Board decision. The agenda can also be defined by any Executive Board member passing on a request to the company executives for a decision that needs to be reached on a specific matter.

The subjects that are required to be discussed at an Executive Board meeting is collected and consolidated by the Deputy General Management for Finance and Administration, and the agenda is set.

The Deputy General Manager Responsible for Finance and Administration of Izocam Ticaret ve Sanayi A.Ş. has been charged with setting the agenda for Executive Board meetings, preparing Executive Board decisions taken according to Article 330/II of the Turkish Trade Law, informing the Executive Board members and facilitating communications.

The Executive Board votes on decisions as necessary, but with the minimum members stipulated by the company protocol.

Any and all opposition and opposing votes declared during Executive Board meetings are taken down in the minutes of the meeting. On the other hand, no such announcement has been made to the public recently as there has not been any opposition of the sort.

Number, Structure and Independency of Committees formed by the Executive Board

Our company has one committee with two members responsible for the supervision of the Executive Board to ensure the proper execution of their duties and responsibilities.

Financial Renumeration for the Executive Board

Financial renumeration for the members of the Executive Board is decided at the General Board Meeting.

CHAIRMAN OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

GIANNI SCOTTI

MAIN OFFICE, GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND PRODUCTION PLANTS

MAIN OFFICE, TEKİZ PANEL PRODUCTION PLANT AND EXPORT MANAGEMENT

Organize San. Bölgesi 3. Cadde No: 4 Yukarı Dudullu 34775 Ümraniye - İSTANBUL - TÜRKİYE

Phone: +90 216 364 10 09 (PBX)

Fax: +90 216 420 81 49

Export Dep. Fax: +90 216 365 67 44 District Office Fax: +90 216 364 45 31

GENERAL MANAGEMENT, STONEWOOL - EPS PRODUCTION PLANTS

Dilovası Organize Sanayi Bölgesi 1. Kısım Dicle Cad. No: 8

41455 Dilovası - KOCAELİ - TÜRKİYE

Phone: +90 262 754 63 90/6 line -754 81 65/6 line

Fax: +90 262 754 61 82 - 754 61 62

Stonewool Plants

Fax: +90 262 754 51 57

EPS Plants

Fax: +90 262 754 66 87

E - mail: izoposta@izocam.com.tr

GEBKIM XPS PRODUCTION PLANTS

Gebze V (Kimya) Organize Sanayi Bölgesi Kocabayır Mevkii Demirciler Köyü

Dilovası / Kocaeli - TÜRKİYE Phone: +90 262 754 6380

TARSUS GLASSWOOL and XPS PRODUCTION PLANTS

Adana Mersin Karayolu Üzeri Konaklar Köyü Keli Mevkii P.K.69 33401 Tarsus - İÇEL - TÜRKİYE Phone: +90 324 616 25 80 / 8 line

Fax: +90 324 616 25 90

ESKİŞEHİR RUBBER AND POLYETHYLENE PRODUCTION PLANTS

Eskişehir Organize Sanayi Bölgesi, 15.Cadde Şehitler Bulvarı, 26110 Eskişehir - TÜRKİYE

Phone: +90 222 236 14 80 Fax: +90 222 236 14 79